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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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NO. 31

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1948

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National Fund For Mahatma Memorial

Congress Cabinet's Appeal To Public

EVERY INDIAN TO GIVE TEN DAYS' INCOME

Plea Against Retaliation: Ban On All Private Armies Urged

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6, (A. P. I.): The Congress Working Committee resumed sitting at 4 p.m. today.

The Congress Working Committee released today two resolutions. The first resolution which is a memoriam to Mahatma Gandhi calls upon all Congressmen to make a supreme effort for establishing communal harmony and thus achieve as a result of his death what was not fully achieved during his life time.

The resolutions urges that all private armies or like formations should be forbidden and organisations based on religion for political ends discouraged.

The second resolution deals with the creation of a National Memorial Fund with the object of carrying on constructive activities on an all-India basis. The fund is also to be used "to collect, preserve and publish Mahatma Gandhi's writings and teachings in various languages and to maintain a museum where articles connected with Gandhiji may be preserved".

The Working Committee appeals to the people of India to contribute to this National Memorial Fund and suggests that each individual should give at least ten days' income to it. The Committee has authorised the Congress President to take all preliminary steps, including the appointment of a provisional Committee, in order to launch this Fund.

NO RETALIATION

The Congress President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad in a brief statement accompanying the resolutions has appealed to the public not to resort to any retaliation of Mahatma Gandhi's, assassination, as such methods had always been condemned by Mahatma Gandhi. The Government were taking all necessary steps and they would be hampered in their work if such occurrences continued.

The Working Committee held a three-hour session this evening and will meet here on February 18 and the following days.

Besides the members of the Committee the Labour Minister Mr. Jagjivan Ram, the Food Minister Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Acharya J. B. Kripalani, Mr. Devadas Gandhi and the Presidents of all the Provincial Congress Committees except Assam and Central Provinces, attended by special invitation.

LOOSE ENDS TO BE TIED

Besides these two resolutions, it is understood, the Working Committee also had a general discussion on the report of the Economic-Sub-Committee, matters relating to the new Constitution of the Congress and the general political situation, with particular reference to the stand of the Congress. The concensus of opinion was that loose ends had to be tied within the organisation itself and a general declaration of policy of the Congress was considered essential. It is generally recognised that the need of the hour was unity within the rank and file and it is possible that during the forthcoming A.-I.C.C session well-considered statement on this subject may be adopted.

TEXT OF RESOLUTIONS

Following is the text of the first resolution:

The Working Committee place on record their sense of profound sorrow and shame at the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi. The foul deed is indicative of the communal poison which has been sedulously propagated for years in this country and has recently caused reactions and gained adherents even in circles which were immune before. It was against the spread of this poison and to establish peace and harmony that Gandhiji pitched the whole might of his great personality and risked his life by undertaking an unlimited fast shortly before his tragic murder. That fast was terminated on the sixth day when pledges were given to ensure that Muslims could live with honour and security in India.

The Working Committee feel that the communal poison must be eradicated if the nation has to live, grow and prosper. The worldwide reaction to Mahatma Gandhi's death places on India a special responsibility of fulfilling his last wish. It is, therefore, necessary to make a supreme effort for establishing communal harmony and thus achieve as a result of his death what was not fully achieved during his life time.

DRIVE AGAINST COMMUNALISM

The Working Committee call upon all Congressmen and organisations to initiate and carry on an intensive drive against communalism by

(Continued on Page 10)

Latest R.S.S. News

150 ARRESTED IN INDIA'S CAPITAL

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6 (AP.I.): One hundred and fifty workers of the R.S.S., including two lawyers of the Delhi District Bar and about two dozen Government servants had been arrested till this evening. The police today searched the houses of some members of the Sangh and recovered some documents and photographs.

Some members of the sangh have gone into hiding.

579 R.S.S. OFFICES SEALED

NAGPUR, Feb. 6 (A.P.I.): Five hundred and seventy-nine offices of the R.S.S. in 26 districts of the C. P. and Berar have been sealed. Fifty nine offices were in Bilaspur.

REFUGEES WITH REVOLVERS

Forty-seven R.S.S. members, including local sangh Chalak Dayashanker Bhargava, have been arrested. Two Mirpurkhas refugees, believed to be R.S.S. members, were arrested on Wednesday possessing five country-made revolvers and several live cartridges.

AGRA, Feb. 6 (A.P.I.): About 100 prominent Sabha and R.S.S. workers are reported to have been arrested, including two vakils.

Some R.S.S. volunteers attempted to organise a protest procession shouting slogans and carrying placards disassociating from Mahatma Gandhi's murder and from the Hindu Mahasabha and protesting against R.S.S. arrests. The police arrested the organisers of the procession.

AMRAOTI, Feb. 6 (A.P.I.): The local police have arrested seventeen workers of the R.S.S. in the town.

MUNITIONS DEPOT OFFICERS ARRESTED

NAGPUR, Feb. 6 (U.P.I.): Some officers belonging to the Central Ammunition Depot, Pulgaon, have been arrested for being connected with the Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh.

(SEE PAGE 7

NET WORK OF POLICE TO UNEARTH CONSPIRACY

NEW DELHI, Feb 6 (UPI): A countrywide network of representative staff of the police and Intelligence Department has been spread to unearth the minutest details of the conspiracy to assassinate Gandhiji, it is learnt.

The United Press of India gathers that investigations which are already in progress throughout the country are being controlled and co-ordinated by keymen from New Delhi. It is reported that responsible police officers in charge of these investigations have been given "open licence" to arrest or detain anybody, irrespective of position or status. This drastic step, it is learnt, has been taken with a view to totally destroying the team of gangsters responsible for the irreparable loss and terrible shock to humanity.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH.
NEW YORK, Feb. 6

Previous Closing	33.43
Today's Opening	33.56
Difference	+.8
Today's Closing	33.48
Difference	Nil

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
NEW YORK, Feb. 6.
New York opening prices:—
Anaconda Copper Mining $32-7/8.
General Motors $54-1/2.
United States Steel Common $71-3/4.
Preference $133-1/2.—(Reuter).

LAST QUOTATIONS.
BOMBAY, Feb. 6.

	Rs.	as.
Cotton Jarila March	532	0
Silver Bullion Ready	159	4
Gold Ready	105	15
Sovereign	68	8

All Karachi turned up to pay homage to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi. Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Pakistan Minister is seen addressing the audience.

"GANDHIJI'S PROPHETIC WORDS CAME TRUE"

Sardar On Police 'Bundobust' For Mahatma's Protection At Birla House

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6. A. P. I.): The Home Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, in reply to a short notice question put by Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar in the Constituent Assembly (Legislative) today, detailed the precautions taken by Government to protect Mahatma Gandhi prior to and after the bomb explosion at Mahatma Gandhi's prayer meeting.

Sardar Patel said that prior to the bomb explosion, the guard at the Birla House where Gandhiji was staying consisted of one head constable and four foot constables. After the bomb outrage the guard placed at the House in their respective duties and functions were: one Assistant Sub-Inspector of Police, two Head Constables and 16 foot Constables at the entrance and other various important points near the main building and at the place, where the meeting was held. They had instructions to stop all persons who appeared to be doubtful characters.

FOR PERSONAL PROTECTION

A plain clothes staff of one Sub-Inspector, four Head Constables, and two Constables, all armed with revolvers, were deputed for personal protection. Their duty was to watch suspicious characters at the prayer meeting and act promptly in the event of any indication of trouble or threat to life. They were posted mixed with the crowd at the prayer meeting.

Three plain clothes men were stationed on the path leading from the main building to the place where the prayer meeting was held. They were to deal with suspicious characters and to prevent any of the crowd from attacking Gandhiji while he was on his way to the platform at the prayer meeting and back.

A small detachment of troops consisting of one N.C.O. and about 20 men were placed on duty for patrolling the compound and preventing ingress of visitors from over the boundary walls.

GANDHIJI'S "NO"

The police considered that to make these precautions more effective, they should search every stranger going into the compound for attending the prayer meeting

(Continued on Page 7)

MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AND SERVICES

Declared Essential Services

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay has under the provisions of the Bombay Public Security Measures Act, 1947, notified employment under each of the following services as essential for the maintenance of supplies or services essential to the life of the community:

MUNICIPALITIES AND SERVICES

Under the Bombay Municipality:

(a) Electric Supply, bus and tram services,

(b) Fire-fighting services,

(c) Street cleansing and halalkhore services.

(d) Water supply service.

Under the Ahmedabad City Borough Municipality:

(a) Street cleansing and conservancy services,

(b) Water supply service,

(c) Transport service.

Under the Municipal Boroughs of (1) Nadiad, (2) Broach, (3) Godhra, (4) Surat, (5) Thana, (6) Kalyan, (7) Bandra, (8) Kurla, (9) Parle-Andheri, (10) Ahmednagar (11) Jalgaon (12) Bhusaval (13) Amalner, (14) Chalisgaon (15) Dhulia (16) Nasik (17) Malegaon (18) Poona City (19) Poona Suburban (20) Lonavla (21) Karad (22) Satara City (23) Sholapur (24) Barsi (25) Belgaum (26) Nipani (27) Bijapur (28) Dharwar (29) Hubli (30) Badag-Betgeri and (31) Ratnagiri.

(a) Street cleansing and conservancy services,

(b) Water supply services.

PENALTY

Every person engaged in these services who disobeys any lawful order given to him in the course of his employment in such services or abandons such employment or absents himself from the work without justifiable excuse is liable to punishment with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or fine or both.

Also every employer in these essential services who discontinues the employment of any person engaged in such services or causes such discontinuance of employment by closing an establishment in which such person is engaged is also liable to be punished similarly.

CONTRACT TERMS

The abandonment of employment or absence from duty by any person merely through fear of molestation, intimidation or assault does not constitute a justifiable excuse. No person employed in an essential service can, without the previous consent of the Commissioner of Police, or the District Magistrate or the Additional District Magistrate as the case may be, abandon or absent himself from work, even if there were express or implied provision in his terms of contract of employment that he may terminate his employment on giving notice to his employer of his intention to do so.

CORPORATE BODIES

If the person involved in the contravention of any of the provisions mentioned above were a company or any other corporate body, every director, manager, secretary or other officers or agent of such a company or body would be considered as guilty of such contravention unless he proved that the contravention took place without his knowledge or that he exercised all due deligence to prevent it.

JUSTIFIABLE EXCUSE

Where any person is prosecuted for abandoning employment or absenting himself or for discontinuance of employment engaged in essential services or closing down an establishment, the burden of proving that he had had justifiable excuse will be his.

CITY DOCK STRIKE CALLED OFF

See Page 2

No Raids On Pakistan By Indian Forces

ALLEGATIONS AT U. N. O. COUNCIL DENIED

Ayyangar Questions Tribesmen's Right To Demand Plebiscite

Lake Success Feb. 7, (Reuter): Speaking on behalf of India in the United Nations Security Council this afternoon, Mr. N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar denied the Pakistan allegation that Indian forces made raids into Pakistan territory.

HE ALSO MADE THE POINT THAT QUESTIONS RAISED BY THE PAKISTAN DELEGATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE DYNASTY OF THE KASHMIR MAHARAJAH WERE ENTIRELY IRRELEVANT TO THE DISCUSSION IN THE COUNCIL.

REPLY TO WARREN AUSTIN

Coming to the statement made in the Council by Mr. Warren Austin (United States), Mr. Ayyangar said Mr. Austin had asked how it was possible to persuade the tribesmen to withdraw without assuring them that the Interim Government would hold an impartial plebiscite.

"What is the status of these tribesmen which gives them the right to demand that a plebiscite should be satisfactory to them?" he asked." I as unable to see the strength behind such a position. These tribesmen are separated from Jammu and Kashmir by Pakistan territory. They invaded Kashmir for certain purposes. They have come to fight and to retire to their own country with loot. Are people of this kind to be given a right to demand that the Kashmir authorities should do something that is acceptable to them?"

QUESTION OF ACCESSION

Answering Mr. Austin on the constitutional question of the accession, Mr. Ayyangar emphasised that a matter such as the plebiscite was one of internal sovereignty and not external sovereignty. Therefore, he argued, the Maharaja and his Government, within whose jurisdiction this matter lay, had sole authority for implementing any plebiscite.

Mr. Ayyangar said Sheikh Abdullah's statement yesterday should have indicated clearly whether the Maharaja and his Government were prepared to call for an Interim Government from outside. "We have maintained that the question of the future Government of Kashmir and the question of accession are matters for decision by the people of Karshmir".

Mr. Ayyangar said that the Chinese delegate had made questions which he thought deserved serious consideration by the Council. The French delegate made one question "which tried to steer a middle course between establishing an outside Interim administration and leaving the present administration in power"

A SATISFACTORY COURSE

His suggestion was that perhaps the most satisfactory course was for representatives of both National and Muslim Conferences to be included in that Interim Government".

"In our proposals we have suggested that before a plebiscite is taken, the National Government should be established. A National Government formed under those circumstances must be a Government acceptable to the people as a whole. And if in the

(Continued on Page 7)

STOP PRESS

MOVE FOR WORLD GOVERNMENT

LONDON, Feb. 6, (U.P.A.): Seven Members of Parliament asked the Government today to offer to join other nations in a World Government. They filed a motion in the Commons entitled, "International Federation"

RUSSIA NTERVENES IN BR. COLONIAL AFFAIRS

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 6, (U.P.A.): Russia intervened today in British Colonial affairs by forwarding to the United Nations Trusteeship Council, for the natives of East Africa, a demand for an investigation of British exploitation and discrimination in the Territories of Uganda, Kenya and Tanganyika.

ARAB WARNING TO U.N.

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 6, (U.P.A.): Palestine's Arabs warned the United Nations today that they would fight to the last man against any United Nations force organized to carry out the partition of Palestine.

GEN. STULPNAGEL COMMITS SUICIDE

PARIS, Feb. 6, (U.P.A.): Gen. Otto Von Stulpnagel, 70, former German Military Governor of Paris, hanged himself in his prison cell early today to avoid appearing on war crimes charges before the Paris Military Tribunal tomorrow.

STALIN HONOUR TO RUMANIAN DELEGATION

MOSCOW, Feb. 6, (Reuter): Marshal Stalin tonight gave a dinner in honour of the Rumanian Delegation, headed by Dr. Petru Groza, the Prime Minister, which yesterday signed the Soviet-Rumanian Treaty of friendship and mutual aid.

ROUND TABLE TALKS ON KASHMIR

LAKE SUCCESS, February 6, (Reuter): The Round Table Conference between the India and Pakistan Delegations is being resumed in the Canadian Delegation Offices in New York at 23.00 hours (G.M.T.) today (4-30 a.m. I.S.T. Saturday).

SIAMESE ELECTIONS

Absolute Majority For Democratic Party

BANGKOK, Feb. 6 (Reuter): Final returns of last week's Siamese General Election gave the Democratic Party of Premier Kuan Abhaiwong an absolute majority with 4 out of 100 seats.

Since the Premier already holds a overwhelming majority in the Upper House, he will be able to form a Government without needing the support of any other group none of whom obtained more than 13 seats.

Last week's election was the first since Marhsal Pibul Songkram seized control of the Government last November.

Mukden Rocked By Artillery Fire

NANKING, Feb. 6, (Reuter): Mukden capital of Manchuria, was rocked all night by the artillery of Communist forces who have been closing in on the city for several days. Bypassing the Mukden-Dairen Railway town of Liaoyang, the Communists launched a sudden attack on two Government outposts seven miles south of Mukden and reports received here said that severe, "no-quarter" fighting was going on.

At Mukden the American trained First and Third Armies stood massed for battle today on the southern perimeter.

U. K. GOLD LOAN BILL PASSED

CAPETOWN, Feb. 6, (Reuter:) The United Kingdom £80,000,000 Gold Loan Bill passed through all stages without amendment in the South African Senate today.

POPULAR GOVERNMENT FOR JODHPUR

Maharaja's Announcement

JODHPUR, Feb. 5.

The Maharaja of Jodhpur announced today his decision to establish a "fully popular Marwari Government" in the State and to form immediately an Interim Council of Ministers with a majority of popular ministers selected from among the members of the Legislative Assembly. To safeguard the interests of the agriculturists one minister will be from among the representatives of the agriculturists

When I ascended the gadi elections to the present Legislative Assembly were already over. These elections were held under the constitution promulgated by my beloved father. As it was, I had to begin within the framework of this constitution and I appointed to the Council of Ministers two popular Ministers from this Assembly. It was an All-Marwari Council too. Then as even now our country was facing problems bristling with serious difficulties.

ONE AGRICULTURIST

Moreover, ours being a border State it had, as it still has, problems all its own. I therefore, had to begin my task by including officials in the Council. Now I have decided that for the time being there shall be excluding the Prime Minister, a majority of popular Ministers from this Assembly in the Council of Ministers. Two more popular Ministers shall, therefore, be appointed very shortly.

Because I feel that the interests of agriculturists should be safeguarded, one of these Ministers shall be from amongst the representatives of agriculturists. As soon as members are elected to the four seats reserved in the Assembly for representative of agriculturists I shall appoint one of them as a Minister.

I am unable to rest content with this step forward. I have complete confidence in my people, and I am anxious to establish a fully popular Marwari Government in my State. In order to frame such a constitution there shall be set up an Assembly based on adult franchise and joint electorate with adequate reservation of seats for the minorities. Women will also be eligible for election to this Assembly.

NO RESTRICTIONS

There will be no restriction of any nature in the constitution-making powers of this body. As it will be composed entirely of my people, nothing would prevent me from accepting any constitution that this body will prepare for the governance of Marwar under my or my successor's aegis as a Ruler.

A Committee presided over by the Chief Justice and consisting of the following members shall be appointed forthwith: (1) Two Jagirdars nominated by the present Legislative Assembly. (2) Four non-official members other than the Jagirdars

H. H. THE MAHARAJA OF JODHPUR

to be nominated by the Legislative Assembly from amongst its members. One of these may be from outside the Assembly. One of these four members shall be a Muslim from the Assembly. (3) The Legal Remembrancer. (4) One woman to be nominated by the Assembly. She may be from outside the Assembly.

The Judicial Secretary shall be the Secretary of this Committee.

FRAMING RULES

This Committee shall proceed immediately to frame rules regarding the composition of this constitution-making Assembly and elections thereto in the light of this declaration.

The Prime Minister shall then arrange for the speedy preparation of the electoral rolls and a very early election.

I trust you will realise the tremendous responsibility that devolves on you and you will acquit yourselves creditably. I have every confidence that you will extend full co-operation regardless of caste and creed to the reconstituted Government till another Government begins to function under the new constitution. Times are very extraordinary and it is of primary importance that peace, internal security and discipline should be maintained. They must be and will be maintained at all costs.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MR. MURLI DHOLANDAS has contracted to sell to our clients his undivided three annas share and in all and singular the lands hereditaments and premises, situate at Kurla in Greater Bombay and more particularly described in the Schedule free from all encumbrances. All persons having any claim against or to the said undivided 3 annas share in the said properties by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lien, charge, maintenance, trust, easement or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Alli Chambers, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE

Description of the Properties:

ALL those pieces or parcels of land or ground, situate lying and being at Kurla formerly in Taluka Salsette, District Bombay Suburban now in Greater Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing the following area, and bearing the following New Survey Numbers, Old Survey Numbers, Hissa Numbers and having the following assessment:

New Survey Nos.	Old Survey Nos.	Hissa Nos.	Area Acre.	Gun.	Sq. Yds.	Assessment. Rs.	as.	ps.
315	235	1	2	28¼	13098	11	1	0
316	236	1	2	30	13310	8	11	0
308	242	1	3	24¾	17515	10	8	0
309	243	1	3	29	18029	11	5	0
310	245	1	3	1	14641	9	9	0
311	246	1	3	1¾	14732	8	12	0
198	244	1 Part	22	0	106480	44	0	0
319	236	1	0	1¼	151	0	2	0
195	254	1	3	19¼	16849	10	4	0
196	255	1	1	21¾	7471	5	13	0
199	248	1 & 2 Part	1	1¼	4991	3	15	6
199	248	,,	0	20¾	2511	2	5	6
3123	247	1	0	31	3751	3	12	0
312A	247	1	3	7½	15427	17	15	0
Not assigned.	172	1	2	33½	13703	7	0	0
Sur. No. 244	Falni No. 1		0	3		0	2	6
Entry No. 1950	Survey No. 198	1	3	0		0	2	6

Dated this 3rd day of February, 1948.

DABHOLKER & JESHTARAM,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.
(7240)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

Mr. V. T. MEHTA has ceased to be the Jt. Honorary Secretary of the Amateur Riders' Club, Bombay, from 8th July, 1947.

JT. HON. SECRETARY,
Amateur Riders' Club, Bombay.

7249

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES Bombay Municipality, (By Order of the Municipal Commissioner) invites tenders for the supply of the following material during the year 1948-49.

(1) Brooms, Goa; (2) Charcoal; (3) Enamelware and Chinaware for Hospitals; (4) Drills and Hand Taps; (5) Aluminiumware for Hospitals; (6) Foot-rules, Tapes Metallic, etc.; (7) Tools, Spanners and Wrenches; (8) Tools-Saws of sorts; (9) Tools-Augers and Bill-hooks; (10) Baboolwood logs; (11) Ferrules, cocks, taps and (12) Pitch.

Tender forms giving full particulars and conditions together with any other relevant information can be had from his Office at 566, DeLisle Road, Byculla, Bombay 11, on any working day, except Saturday between 10 a.m. (B.T.) and 4 p.m. (B.T.) and on Saturdays between 10 a.m. (B.T.) and 1 p.m. (B.T.), on payment of prescribed charges. Tender forms will not be sent by V.P.P.

Tenders shall be delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY THE 18TH FEBRUARY, 1948 NOT LATER THAN 1 P.M. (B.T.).

7256

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ISHWARBHAI BHULABHAI PATEL, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client, free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at the under-mentioned address within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that vacant piece or parcel of Khoti land or ground containing by admeasurement 1600 square yards or thereabouts forming part of a larger piece of land situated on the East side of the B.B. & C.I. Railway lines in the Village of Aksar Pahadi in Taluka South Salsette (former Bombay Suburban District) in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Survey No. 95, Hissa No. 1 part and bounded, on or towards the East and South by Roads and on or towards the North and West by the properties belonging to the vendor.

Dated this 4th day of February, 1948.

CHITRA & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Examiner Press Building,
35, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.
(7239)

AUCTION SALES

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT AGRA ROAD, NAHUR, NEAR MULUND.

M/s. Gandhi & Co. will under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of Dharamsey Tricumdas the Insolvent, sell by Public Auction on Friday, 13th Inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at their Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Fort, the right, title and interest of the abovenamed insolvent in the undermentioned immovable property:—

All that piece of land with buildings etc. at Agra Road, Nahur near Mulund admeasuring about 7 Acres and 17 Gunthas i.e. 36844½ Sq. Yds bearing Survey No. 92, 93, 162, Hissa No. 1 and total Assessment Rs. 41-5-0.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 348 AMERICAN RAYON PARACHUTES, green 28 panels on Monday, 9th Inst. at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) at our Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Fort under instructions from Mortgagees Sha Futarmal Himatmal and on account and at risk of Mortgagors M/s. Milkhiram Bros.

Samples on view.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF 17 CASES ITALIAN RAYON YARN

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will, pursuant to Consent order in Suit No. 1950 of 1947 (M/s. Vadilal Dolatram & Sons, Plaintiffs V/s. M/s. Manekji & Co., Defendants), sell by Public Auction on MONDAY 9-2-48 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at their Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Fort.

17 cases Italian Rayon yarn 100, 120, 150 Denier about 1500 Kilos (i.e About 3300 Lbs.)

Goods on view at plaintiffs' shop at Trambakanta, Pydhownie, and samples on view at Auctioneers' Office.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS at Lost Property Office, V. T. including articles said to be of gold and silver, carpets, Old and New clothes, blankets, brass copper and Alum. vessels, books shoes, boots, caps and hats, empty tins and trunks, medicines, cycles watches, biddis, cigars and cigarettes, etc. on TUESDAY 24th and WEDNESDAY 25th Inst. at 11 A.M. (S.T.) each day under instructions from the G.I.P. Rly., and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act 9 of 1890.

Terms: Full cash and immediate delivery, licence required for controlled goods, lots once sold will in no circumstances, be taken back, lots fetching not reasonable prices will be withdrawn from sale.

GANDHI & CO.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTORS.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LITHO PRESS, EMBOSSING WORKS & DYE STAMPING WORK.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court, Bombay as Receiver in Suit No. 2848 of 1947, (T.R. Parekh v/s Ramakant P. Bhatker and Others) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell on WEDNESDAY 25th February, 1948, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) by Public Auction, at Bellasis Road, opposite Alexandaa Cinema:—The Sinefelder Litho Works, the P. S. Bhatkar Embossing Works and P. S. Bhatkar Dyes Stamping Work. Terms 25 p.c. cash deposit.

On view from 18th instant.

For full inventory and conditions of Sale apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF THE QUEEN MARY RESTAURANT TOGETHER WITH ITS STOCK-IN-TRADE, NAME AND GOODWILL.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit No. 4236 of 1947 (Mahmood Hadi vs. Syed Hussein Syed Abul Kassim) M/s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY 11th February 1948 at 4 P.M (S.T.) at 50 Nesbit Road, Mazagaon. The Stock-in-trade, furniture, name and the good-will of the partnership, business carried on in the name of "Queen Mary Restaurant" as a going concern in one lot. Terms 25 p.c. cash deposit and balance within 15 days from the date of sale. Sales Tax will be payable on the stock-in-trade furniture etc. but not on the good-will amount.

BENNETT & CO.

BONAFIDE-SALE

AUCTION SALE (TOMORROW) SUNDAY at 10-30 a.m. Property of D. Robertson, Esqr., and others, at Chhowpatty Sea Face near Vianelli's Restaurant of complete household and Office Furniture, Austrian and other safe, steel almirah, Standard and Rem "Rand" port typewriter, Singer hand and foot machine, Elec. table fan, large partition, dining, writing and dressing table, chairs, side board, show case, Chesterfield almirah, bed, gramophone, glassware, etc. (S. Tax) T 40213, EASTERN AUCTION CO.

CAUSES OF LUSTRELESS SKIN AND HAIR

is bad liver function associated with chronic constipation and absorption of toxin from the intestine. It is a danger signal for serious illness in future. Occasional use of Livergen assuredly restores the normal liver function.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Summary Suit No. 2882 of 1947

YESHWANT VITHAL MAHALU ..... Plaintiff

Vs.

HARISHANKAR BHAU MANTRI & Ors. ..... Defendants.

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of sale of immoveable property, dated the 23rd day of January, 1948, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by Public Auction at the instance of plaintiff all the right title and interest of the 3rd defendant in the following property:—

All that piece of land situate at 1st Carpenter Street, Bombay, admeasuring 298 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Rent Roll No. 8812-8814 Laughtons Survey No. 5212-5213 and Cadastral Survey No. 3088-3087 of Bhuleshwar Division under C Ward No. 6554 and Street Nos. 37-39.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the abovenamed property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should, on or before the 8th day of March, 1948, lodge in my Office an affidavit verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.

Dated this 4th day of February, 1948.

(Sd.) A. KIRTIKAR.
Commissioner.
7255

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 168 BALES AND LOOSE KARACHI INDIAN COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 10th February, 1948, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Sewree Cotton Depot near (water tank) C. Godown No. 1 by order of the Insurance Office concerned the above mentioned cotton damaged by fire and water.

AUCTION SALE OF 118 BALES COTTON KALA GIN, (VERAWAL).

Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 10th February 1948 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Sewree Cotton Depot near (Water Tank) C Godown No. 1 by order of the Insurance office concerned the above mentioned cotton damaged by fire and water.

Under instructions from the Collector of Customs Bombay M/s. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 13th February, 1948, at 11 A.M. (S.T.) at the New Custom House Ballard Estate, confiscated miscellaneous goods consisting of Cotton piecegoods: Lungis: Counterpans: Cotton Headwear: Footwear: &c.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF CYCLES, CINEMA PROJECTORS, ETC.

Under instructions from M/s. Golden Era Trading Co. M/s. MISTRY & CO., (Auctioneers), will sell by Public Auction, Hind. Hercules, Humber, Hoper, "Airmail" and Phillips cycles, CINEMA PROJECTOR, Soda machines, Eng. toys, crockery, brassware, sanitary utensils, water colours, blankets, ladies dresses, fur coats, hats creams etc. TODAY (Saturday, 7th Feb. '48) at 3 P.M., at their Showrooms at 75, Apollo St., Fort. ON VIEW. Auctioneers: MISTRY & CO. Tel. 22801.

City Dock Strike Called Off

PORT TRUST UNION'S CALL TO WORKERS

Withdrawal Of Dismissal Orders And Acceptance Of Joint Committee Demand Are Real Gains

BOMBAY, Friday.

At a general meeting of the members of the Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union this afternoon, the decision was taken to call off the Dock Strike after 45 days of its duration. The strikers have been asked to resume duty from Monday.

The resolution passed at the meeting stated: "The withdrawal of dismissal orders that had been issued at the express command of Sardar Patel is no small victory of organised workers. The acceptance of the demand for Joint Committee opens new avenues of hope..... these gains, though intangible, are very real."

TEXT OF RESOLUTION

Following is the text of the resolution:—

"This meeting of the General Body of the Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union carefully reviews the various developments that have taken place since 24th December, 1947, when 8,000 workers of the Port Trust went on strike.

"On 23rd December the workers of the B.P.T. assembled in the hall of their union to discuss the situation arising out of the sudden reduction in the number of paid holidays. Police interfered with that meeting and dispersed it. Protest against the dispersal was launched with the Government without success.

"From 24th December to 2nd January the workers observed a sit down strike in the hope that such a strike would draw the attention of the Port Trust authorities to the long neglected demands of the workers. The Port Trust, however instead of starting negotiations with the Union invited the help of Police and military. To avoid conflict, the workers withdrew 'en masse', from the places of work and they have carried on till today the strike with exemplary discipline and absolute peace.

EFFORTS AT SETTLEMENT

"The Union made repeated efforts to arrive at a settlement, but the Port Trust rebuffed all overtures and even prevented the Regional Labour Commissioner from intervening.

"Dr. Mathai, Minister in charge of Railways and Transport, washed his hands of the strike by declaring the Port Trust an autonomous body.

"The strike situation was greatly complicated by the unfortunate intervention of Sardar Patel. Instead tervention of Sardar Patel. Instead of bringing about an amicable settlement of the dispute, Sardar Patel ordered the Port Trust to dismiss the strikers.

"The autonomous body had no hesitation in carrying out this order. On 23rd January the strikers were dismissed by a stroke of pen.

DELHI MISSION

"The strikers had hoped to appeal against the Sardar's fiat to Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Nehru and the public of Bombay. Santi Patel, the General Secretary of the Union, went to Delhi. He was promised a long interview by Gandhiji for the 30th evening:—Asoka Mehta, President of the Union, had requisitioned a special meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation to discuss the strike in the Port Trust. That meeting too came off on the helpless evening of 30th January. The fatal shot that Godse fired entombed, with our great leader, our hopes of justice from Delhi.

"In the aftermath of grief, the strikers refrained from pushing to the fore their demand for fairplay.

"As a result of Shanti Patel's meeting with Dr. Mathai, the Central Labour Commissioner came to Bombay on 30th. His efforts at mediation has resulted in the lapsing of the dismissal orders. He has also promised early setting of the Joint Committee to consider the demands of the strikers.

"Other employees of the Port Trust not represented by the B.P.T. Employees' Union, and hence not on strike, had promised to join the strike on and from 7th February. The altered circumstances have led them to change that decision.

"The 8,000 strikers realise that they are confronted with the combined might of Sardar's anti-labourism and the entrenched strength of Bombay's capitalism. The composition of the Board of Trustees of the Port Trust weighs it heavily in favour of the capitalists. They have treated this strike in the spirit of a challenge. This attitude of theirs has been strengthened by the bellicose support Sardar has given them. The Port Trust strike has thus become the focal point of class antagonisms unfolding in free India.

STRIKE CALLED OFF

"In the face of the adverse factors stated above, the strikers have shown epic heroism in continuing their strike for over forty-five days.

"The withdrawal of dismissal orders that had been issued at the express command of Sardar Patel is no small victory of organised workers. The acceptance of the demand for joint Committee opens new avenues of hope if the Committee is permitted to function in a proper spirit. Against the heavy odds, these gains, though intangible are very real.

The rest of the fight cannot be completed on the trade union level; it will have to be, and it will be, fought on the political plane.

"This meeting of the General Body of the B.P.T. Employees' Union calls off the strike and asks the strikers to resume work from Monday. The meeting is fully conscious of the big stride that organised workers have taken through the lessons learnt and experience encounted in this strike. These lessons and experience are an imperishable heritage."

B. P. T. STRIKE AND HANDLING OF CARGO

BOMBAY, Feb. 6 (A. P. I.)—Although the operatives of the Engineering Department of the Bombay Port Trust have been on strike since December 24, the authorities have been able to handle more than normal tonnage of cargo during the months of December 1947, and January 1948, it was learned this morning.

During this two-month period, a total of 715,617 tons of cargo and merchandise comprising imports and exports were handled by the authorities. In this work they were assisted by technical personnel provided by the military authorities.

Corresponding monthly figures during the years 1946-47 and 1947-48 show progressive increase in the tonnage handled.

Industrial Disputes Go To Tribunal

The Government of Bombay has referred the industries dispute between the (1) Kirloskar Weaving Mills, Sholapur (2) Sanga Handloom Factory, Sholapur (3) Chillal Handloom Factory, Sholapur, and the workmen employed under them regarding bonus for the year 1946 for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal consisting of Mr. Mukund Khanderao Trilokekar, Judge, Labour Court, Sholapur.

The Government of Bombay has referred the industries dispute between Messrs. L. M. Chhabda & Sons, Bombay and the workmen employed under them in the City Light Cinema, Bombay, for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal consisting of Mr. M. C. Shah.

The Government of Bombay, has referred the industrial dispute between the General Motors India Limited, Bombay, and the workmen employed under it for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal consisting of Dewan Bahadur D. G. Kamerkar.

The Government of Bombay, has referred the dispute between the Sholapur Spinning & Weaving Mills Ltd., Sholapur, the Jam Shri Ranajitsinghji Spinning & Weaving Mills, Sholapur, the Laxmi Cotton Manufacturing Company Limited, Sholapur, the Vishnu Cotton Mills Limited, Sholapur, the Narsinggirji Manufacturing Company Limited, Sholapur, and their employees to the arbitration of the Industrial Court.

FREE INDIA'S CONSTITUTION

Two Important Modifications Announced

Two important modifications have been made in the provisional constitution of India by an Order of the Governor-General under the Indian Independence Act published today. They further emphasise the independent status of India even under the present Constitution. The power to constitute, reconstitute or amalgamate High Courts, which until now was vested in the King under section 229 of the Government of India Act, 1935, has been made exerciseable by the Governor-General. Then, under section 220 of the same Act as originally adapted, the removal of any High Court judge on the ground of misbehaviour or infirmity required a reference to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. This section has been further adapted substituting the Federal Court for the Judicial Committee as the authority to which such references should be made.

2. The Indian Provisional Constitution Amendment Order also makes one or two minor changes in the provisions of the Government of India Act relating to the former Secretary of State's services.

LAND RENTALS INQUIRY COMMITTEE

The Government has appointed a Committee consisting of the Commissioner, Central Division, as Chairman, Mr. Lalchand Hirachand as representative of the Sugar factories, and Rao Bahadur G. G. Shembekar as representative of the agriculturists, to ascertain the adequacy of the rentals and the suitability of other conditions of the leases of lands held by the sugar factories and big bagayatdars holding leased lands exceeding 25 acres and to advise whether Government should amend section 25 of the Bombay Tenancy Act so as to have power to apply any of the provisions of this Act to such leases.

All persons who wish to give evidence before the Committee or to put forward suggestions for the consideration of the Committee are requested to send their statements in writing to the Secretary of the Committee c/o the Commissioner, Central Division, Poona 1, not later than 23rd February 1948.

BAN ON RUSSIANS TO MARRY FOREIGNERS

MOSCOW, Feb. 5 (UPA): The Supreme Soviet today approved the interim decree of its Presidium which prohibits Russians to marry foreigners.

The decree, issued last autumn has been subject to major diplomatic conflicts between the Soviet Union and several countries including Britain and Chile. The Russians refused to allow Soviet women who married foreigners, to leave the country.)

Other decrees approved by the Supreme Soviet were those abolishing the death penalty and increasing state secrets.

"Second Front In Middle East"

New Statesman's Comment On Russia's Note To Persia

Russia's note to Persia demanding a cessation of United States military activity there is "a clear enough indication that the Russians intend to open up the Middle East as a second front in the cold war" the leftwing weekly New Statesman declares in its current issue.

"A Russian victory in the Middle East could make nonsense of the Marshall plan and, by depriving the western powers of essential oil supplies, swing the balance of military strength once again in favour of the Soviet Union" the paper added.

"In Western Europe the fortified positions of democracy are strong. The defenders can be sure that Russian ideology has little appeal in their countries, and they can reckon on extensive American aid.

New Statesman added: "What more natural therefore than that M. Stalin should launch an outflanking movement in an area where imperialism, in the strictly Leninist sense, is the dominant factor, where social revolution is the precondition of any real liberty for the masses."

The New Statesman said that British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin, in face of this threat "has gone back on his first famous directive, which laid down a policy of economic reconstruction designed to free the fellow being from their fearsome exploitation.

"He has accepted the advice of those who contend that the only way to keep the Russians out is to collaborate with those cliques in the Arab world which are so frightened for social revolution that they will do a deal with any westerner who will buy their oil and sell them arms.

"Is the Middle East today able to withstand the combination of party politics and political warfare which the Russians will bring against it? Has the policy of appeasing the Arab League paid any better when practised by a Labour Foreign Secretary than it did when Lord Halifax was at the foreign office?

"Recent events in Iraq give the answer, even more passionately that in the case of Egypt last year, the small politically conscious class which composes public opinion in Baghdad has repudiated as a sellout a treaty which would involve Iraq in any conflict between Britain and Russia.

NINE-NATION EAST EUROPEAN COMINFORM

Finnish Communist Party Decides To Join

HELSINKI, Feb. 5 (Reuter)): The Finnish Communist Party decided today to join the Nine-Nation East European Cominform, it was learned. An announcement is expected within the next few days.

The Cominform was set up in Belgrade early last October to co-ordinate the activities of the Communist Parties of the member nations. The nine nations are: Russia, Poland, Rumania, Hungary, Bulgaria, Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, France and Italy.

Moscow radio, announcing the formation of the cominform, urged the Communist Parties to work out a plan of action against "American imperialism, its British and French allies, and Rightwing Socialists."

RUSSIAN GRAIN FOR BRITAIN

First Ship To Arrive In London On 11th

LONDON, Feb. 5. (Reuter): The first ship bringing Russian grain to Britain under the terms of the Anglo-Russian trade agreement signed on December 27 is expected to reach London on Wednesday.

She is the Baku, 7176 tons which left the Black Sea port of Constanza on January 26 and passed Gibraltar today, carrying a cargo of approximately 8,000 tons of maize.

The trade agreement provided for the delivery to Britain of 200,000 tons of maize among other cereals from the Russian 1947 harvest, to be delivered between the beginning of February and the end of September.

FR. INDIA BAN ON OUTSIDERS SPEAKING AT MEETINGS

CHANDERNAGORE, Feb. 5 (UPI): It is reliably learnt that the French Government have banned all public meetings in Pondicherry to be addressed by persons not belonging to French India. The holding of such meetings will require previous permission from the authorities concerned

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Watch for morning mucus on your handkerchief. If it's there, buy a tin of Santé Pastilles. Santé Pastilles will stop that cough once and for all.

Pop a Santé Pastille into your mouth first thing. At once your mouth and throat will feel comforted. You won't want to cough.

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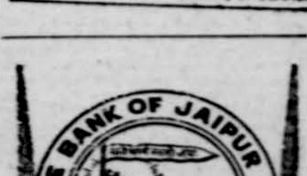

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"SYMBOL OF LIBERTY OF OPPRESSED PEOPLES"

World Condoles Mahatma's Death: Special Prayer In Tibet

NEW DELHI, Feb 6 (API): The Prime Minister of India has received the following messages, among others:

PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES:—

"The Philippino people are shocked and grieved to hear of the dastardly assassination of India's immortal son and acknowledged architect of her freedom, Mahatma Gandhi. In this hour of your personal and national bereavement I convey to Your Excellency and to the Indian people the deepest sympathies of my people and my own for this irreparable loss".

MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS LUXEMBOURG:—

"Profoundly shocked by the news of the odious crime against Mahatma Gandhi. I wish to convey on this said occasion to the Government of India the profound sympathy of the people and the Government of Luxembourg. May the message of peace and liberty for which the Mahatma lived and died remain alive among the nations of the world."

CHIEF SCOUT OF BRITISH COMMONWEALTH:—

"The scouts of the Commonwealth have heard with heartfelt sorrow the death of Mr. Gandhi whose life was devoted to the cause of peace and goodwill. Our sympathy goes to the people of India at this time. May his spirit live on beyond the grave."

MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, IRAQ:—

"On behalf of the Iraq Government I offer to you and to the Indian people our deepest sympathy and sincerest condolences for this tragic and universal loss".

SULTAN ABDILLAHI SULTAN DERIA HARGEISA. BRITISH SOMALILAND:—

"The Somali nation submit their homage to Mahatmaji. Your message heard with deepest feelings and will be followed with all earnestness"

FOREIGN MINISTER, POLAND:-

"Please accept our mose sincere condolences on the occasion of the death of Mahatma Gandhi whose high virtues acquired during the fight for democracy and against tyranny have been recognised by the entire world".

GOVERNOR OF UGANDA: "On my behalf and on behalf of the Government and the people of Uganda I convey to Your Excellency profound sympathy in the tragic and untimely death of Mahatma Gandhi."

MAHARAJA OF NEPAL: "We pray to Almighty Nama to grant peace to his sacred departed soul."

MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, SAN MARINO: "The Government and the people of San Marino offer their condolences on the tragic death of Mahatma Gandhi whose memory will live."

MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, GAUTEMALA: "Offer our sincere condolences on behalf of the Government and people of Gautemala on the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi, THE GREATEST MAN OF THE TIMES."

CHAIRMAN OF THE SYRIAN DELEGATION TO THE U. N. O.: "The Syrian delegation to the U.N.O. deeply feel the severe shock of the irreparable and tragic loss of the great peace apostle, Mahatma Gandhi meeting a similar fate to that met by the first apostle of peace."

M. TSALDARAS, DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, GREECE: "His loss is as great for mankind as it is for India. The Greek people have always appreciated and admired Gandhiji's greatness."

PRIME MINISTER OF SOUTHERN RHODESIA: "On behalf of myself and my colleagues I send our condolences on the great loss sustained by you and your people with the tragic passing of great Gandhi."

DALAI LAMA: "I am extremely sorry to hear the tragic death of Mahatma Gandhi the great apostle of peace. I have prayed to God for his soul and I wish you to accept my heartfelt sympathy to India"

REGENT OF TIBET: I pray to God for the soul of Gandhi and I am holding special religious service. I wish to express my sincere sympathy and condolence. Hope you will continue to fulfil his noble cause for world peace".

HIS EXCELLENCY HAKIMI PRIME MINISTER OF IRAN: 'It is with profound affliction that I learn of the assassination of of Mahatma Gandhi, national leader and father of Indian liberty which has struck the nation so cruelly"

SECRETARY-GENERAL AHMED BALAFREI RABAT (MOROCCO): 'The people of Morocco have learnt with consternation of the tragic end of the great Mahatma, symbol of liberty of all oppressed peoples and apostle of concord and human fraternity".

JULLIAN HUXLEY, DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF U.N.E.S.C.O.: "He will survive as an immortal symbol of understanding between men in the world torn with misunderstanding".

PRESIDENT OF THE NATIONAL BOARD OF Y. W. C. A. OF U. S. A.: "Extends its deep sympathy to your country and the world in the tragis loss of a great leader, Mahatma Gandhi, who laboured so valiantly for the brotherhood of man".

SCHOOLMASTER AT HARROW SCHOOL; MR. DOUGLAS REED. "There are indeed few men of the standard of the late Mr. Gandhi in the world today and he could ill be spared."

PRESIDENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE AGAINST VIVISECTION:—

"His memory will for ever remain to inspire the struggles of justice to all living creatures."

PRESIDENT OF THE GENERAL COUNCIL OF THE VAADELUMI JEWISH COMMUNITY:

"The entire Jewish community in Palestine mourns with the peoples of India and untimely death of Mahatma Gandhi THE WORLD'S NOBLE GUARDIAN OF HUMANITY AND UNIVERSAL RIGHTEOUSNESS."

RECTOR, AL AZHAR UNIVERSITY:

"Deeply touched by the sad news of Mahatma Gandhi's assassination. His death is a great loss to humanity and peace."

GENERAL ALBERT ORSBORN, INTERNATIONAL LEADER OF THE SALVATION ARMY:—

"The salvation army throughout the world expresses its deep sympathy with yourself and India in your inexpressible loss of one of the world's greatest men, Mahatma Gandhi honoured by all creeds and races."

TRICHY: The managing Committee of the Trichy District Chambers of Commerce has passed a resolution condoling the death of Mahatma Gandhi

The resolution was conveyed to Mr. Devadas Gandhi and the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

KARWAR: The Karwar District Local Board at a general meeting here today, passed a condolence resolution expressing deep grief at the passing of Mahatma Gandhi and strong condemnation of his assassination.

It was also unanimously decided to to put up an oil-portrait of Mahatma Gandhi in the Board's hall.

RAJKOT: King's Road, the main thoroughfare of Rajkot is to be renamed "Mahatma Gandhi Road" and "Circle Chawk" the main business quarters will be renamed Mahatma Gandhi Chawk to commemorate the memory of Mahatma Gandhi.

CITY OF GOA, (I.P.A.): Goa, like the rest of India, mourned Gandhiji's death with profound gloom and sorrow. The Portuguese Government too for the first time showed a sense of reality (condolence meetings when Lala Lajpatrai and Pandit Motilal Nehru died were prohibited) and through the Commerical Association of Portuguese India authorised the business to close their establishments as a mark of respect to Gandhiji. But much before this order the hartal was complete even deep in the villages. The Governor-General also ordered the cancellation of all illuminations on the night of 31st January, which is a National holiday throughout the Portuguese Empire. He also sent a telegram of condolences to the Government of India.

The pre-censored Press of Goa brought out black bordered editions dedicated to Gandhiji. Dr. Adolfo de Costa, leader of the 3000 strong MESTIZOS (equivalent of Anglo-Indians) community and a pillar of Salazar's Fascist regime in a message to daily 'HERALDO" said that the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi was unjust, "but things will always be like this as long as Democracy remains uncontrolled."

The Famous Astrologer

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas Judges and notables Annual life reading monthly details Rs 5 3 questions Re 1 (Horoscope of writing time required) Pandit Kalipur M SRINIVASA ACHARIAR Chandrika 2-B Eldams Road, Pevnampet P O Madras

HE BACKED 'LINGUISTIC PROVINCES' IDEA

What Karnatak Owes To Gandhiji

Shri S. R. Mangalweedu, Honorary Secretary, Karnatak Unification Mahasamiti, Hubli, has issued a statement on Karnatak's debt to Bapuji. He says:

"Bapuji's demise is a world loss but Karnatak has special personal reasons for mourning it.

Though the 'Linguistic Provinces movement was started in about the last decade of the last century, it was given to Mahatma Gandhi to give it practical impetus in 1920 by giving the Congress administration a linguistic basis. Thus politicians for the first time began to think and act in terms of their respective linguistic units. Karntak, Maharashtra, Andhra etc. Gandhiji had a particularly soft corner for Karnatak and claimed it as his own province; it responded splendidly in the various movements launched by him. Recently (on 10-1-1948) he wrote to Gangadharraoji Deshpande. "I entirely agree to the Unification of Karnatak, nay I cherish it."

While Gandhiji supported wholeheartedly the linguistic provinces idea, he strongly felt that the boundaries question be solved not by a commission superimposed by Government but by mutual agreement by the provinces.

Taking this cue the Karntak Unification Mahasamiti, Hubli, initiated correspondence with the Presidents of five Provincial Congress Committees—Maharashtra, Andhra, Tamilnad, Kerala and Karnatak, inviting them along with Secretaries and leaders of linguistic provinces movements for an informal conference to arrive at tentative decisions in this regard and appoint a committee of influential Congress leaders for implementing them in a peaceful atmosphere. This, if achieved, would be the fittest memorial to Gandhiji whose heart bled for Indian unity and harmonious development of provincial cultures."

GANDHIJI'S SPECTACLES

NEW DELHI Feb 5, (API): Mr. Kalyanam, Mahatma Gandhi's Personal Assistant in a statement says:

Mahatma Gandhi's spectacles have been missing from the day he was assassinated. If anybody has got them he is requested to hand them over to me at Birla House."

GANDHI CHAIR IN CALCUTTA 'VARSITY

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5 (UPI): The Calcutta University is considering the question of creating a Chair to be known as the Gandhi Chair to commemorate Gandhiji's memory.

"HERALD TRIBUNE'S" COMMENT ON GANDHI'S ASSASSINATION

NEW YORK, Feb. 5, (U.P.A.): The HERALD TRIBUNE in its editorial today said: "It might have been hoped when the Security Council met again this week some influence of the sad day (Gandhi's assassination) would persist to temper the differences between the Hindu and Muslim representatives. Unfortunately the same arguments were repeated in substance. Evidently, the mystery of goodwill of pious memories of departed Gandhi could not solve the problem posed by deep rivalries and conflicts of interest involved in Kashmir's future."

Jaipur Premier's Tribute To Gandhiji

JAIPUR, February 4. (A.P.I.): Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Prime Minister of Jaipur paid a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi while opening the sixth session of the Jaipur Representative Assembly. The Prime Minister said that Mahatma Gandhi embodied in his person the highest ideals of the Indian race and his teachings were a perpetual source of inspiration to us. "It has pleased God to call him from our midst at a time when we needed his guidance most in the task of consolidating our newly won independence. But his teachings will always be with us and the memory he has left behind him of a life of devoted service to his fellow-men without any distinction of caste or creed".

CELLER TO CAMPAIGN FOR GANDHI MEMORIAL FUND

Introduces Resolution Authorising India League To Raise Contributions

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5, (U.P.A.): Democratic representative Emanuel Celler of New York introduced a resolution today authorizing the India League in America to raise contributions for a Washington memorial to the late Mohandas K. Gandhi.

Celler said that he would start the campaign which would be conducted both in India and the United States with a dol. 100 personal contribution.

The resolution said: "India's greatest leader met a martyr's death. Beloved Gandhi throughout his life has brought the Indian people and the peoples everywhere the meaning of selfless devotion to peace and with it the gift of his own unbounded spiritual wealth. Mahatma Gandhi's uncompromisable strength led India to independence for which it sorely struggled and the impact of his personality upon history is undeniable.

In consideration of the cordial relations existing between the people of the United States and India and in the hope that a monument to his memory in the United States may further those between these two countries and in the further hope that such a memorial will awaken and keep alive in people everywhere a sense of individual dignity and independence as well as abborrence for civil religious and communal strife anywhere be it resolved that authority be granted to erect a monument testifying to the wisdom and leadership of Gandhi as a philosopher and statesman.

Chairman J. J. Singh of the India League told reporters at a press conference given by Celler that he wholeheartedly agreed that such a gesture by the United States Government do much create even more the friendly relations between the people of India and the United States. He said it would "form a link between the two countries and bring the two peoples closer together."

Singh added that the "Indian people will be deeply appreciative of the gesture to commemorate the life and work of their great leader."

Celler said that he would ask for hearings before the House Administration Committee but felt it would be "undoubtedly approved." He said "I can't see why anyone would object to it."

Move For Statue Of Mahatma In U.S.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (Reuter).—A resolution calling upon the United States Congress to authorise the erection of a statute of Mr. Gandhi in Washington, "as a monument testifying to his wisdom and leadership" was introduced today by Democratic representative Mr. Emanuel Celler of New York.

Mr. Celler, for long an admirer of Mr. Gandhi, asked the House of Representatives and the Senate to permit "the India League of America, or any other body organised for the purpose, to erect the statute within two years." Money for the monument would be raised by Indian societies in the United States.

The resolution, before the Lower Chamber for Action, says: 'India's greatest leader, Mohandas Gandhi, has met the martyr's death. The beloved Gandhi throughout his life had brought to the people of India and peoples everywhere the gift of his own unbounded spiritual wealth.

"His uncompromising strength led India to the independence for which it had sorely struggled and the impact of his personality upon history is undeniable. "In consideration of the cordial relations existing between the people of the United States and the people of India, and in the hope that a monument to his memory in the United States may further those cordial, cultural and spiritual relations and in the further hope that the monument will awaken and keep alive in people everywhere the sense of their individual dignity and independence as well as of abhorrence of civil, religious and communal strife everywhere—thus be it resolved by the Senate and House of Congress assembled that the statute be erected in the nation's capital."

'APOSTLE OF PEACE AND NON-VIOLENCE'

City Stock Exchange Mourns Gandhiji's Death

The following resolution was passed at the solemn meeting of the Stock Exchange Bombay, to mourn the death of Mahatma Gandhi:

"The Stock Exchange, Bombay, its members and their staff assembled in solemn meeting to mourn the passing away of Mahatma Gandhi. Throughout his life an apostle of peace and non-violence, out of the fulness of his heart he gathered to himself in the hour of his death all the anger and violence abroad today, so that the country might be purged of an evil force and live again. Mahatma Gandhi was a heroic soul: he was the master of compassion; the unfailing friend and refuge of the weary, the outcast and the oppressed; the last sanctuary of innumerable lost causes and lost souls. Gifted with the vision of the prophets of old and speaking in accents of immortality, he stood before mankind, a humble heir to India's glorious traditions of the past, a martyr to its sorrow and suffering of the present, a beaconnight of its hopes and aspirations of the future; and always as the mighty Prometheus kindling and holding aloft the torch of freedom and liberty to a world more bond than free. Truly, the Mahatma was the miracle of a warring century, the revolutionary masterbuilder in a politically, socially and economically destructive age. In his presence lay the lion with the lamb, and who but could not think of him as the embodiment of India old and young, the custodian of its ancient spirit, the voice of its conscience in times of doubt and contusion, its guardian angel in moments of peril and despair? Great as a patriot, greater still as a servant of humanity, as in life so in death, Mahatma Gandhi kept his goodness and his faith: such a one can never die. The splendour of his life and living, the effulgence of the truth and love he shed in daily word and deed, will shine forth on the scroll of time burning bright as the noonday sun. His ideals will endure and his work must continue. To these ends this meeting pledges itself anew and assures Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and the Central and Provincial Governments of its unswerving loyalty and co-operation in this dark and dangerous hour."

TRAINING SOCIAL WELFARE WORKERS

Educational Films Being Produced In India Under U. N. O. Auspices

Production has now been started, in a village in the Satara district of Bombay Presidency, of the three educational films for training Indian social welfare workers, which are being financed by the United Nations.

The three films are being produced at the request of the Indian Government, through the Indian delegation to the United Nations, as a part of the organization's advisory social welfare programme which provides for assistance in this line to member countries at their request.

Subjects of the three films, as requested, are maternity welfare, infant care and environmental welfare. Details for the films were supplied by Dr. K. S. Mhaskar, technical advisor appointed by the Indian delegation to the United Nations.

The films are being produced by "Documentary Unit India", a Bombay film company specializing in production of educational and documentary films. Mr. Paul Zils is Producer and Director and Dr. P V. Pathy is cameraman.

Miss Marion Dix, who has been engaged in film production work for twenty years, in the USA, England and France, was sent to India from United Nations Headquarters to supervise the project and supply the specialist's knowledge and educational film making. Up until she arrived in India on this United Nations mission, Miss Dix was Chief of the Film Section in the Department of Public Information at United Nations Headquarters ever since its inception more than two years ago.

In view of the dearth of trained social welfare workers in India and the enormity of the problems to be met, it was felt that these educational films could form a basic training programme which could send into the field more workers, more quickly and more efficiently trained through this powerful visual medium of education than could otherwise be turned out under the existing methods.

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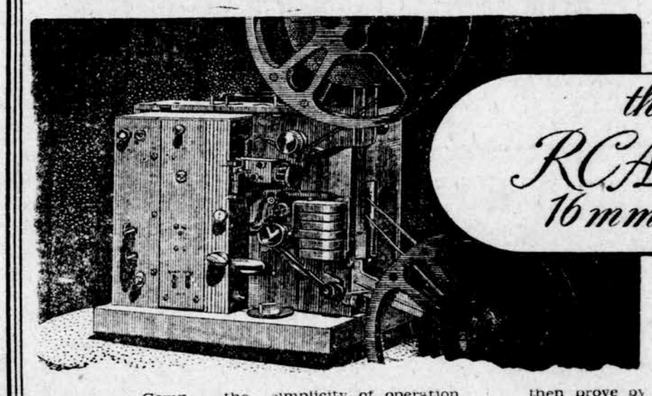

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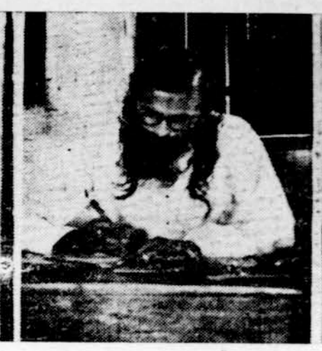
Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, the present R.S.S. Chief.

Vir Savarkar, ex-President of Mahasabha who is under detention.

Madanlal Identifies Alleged Accomplices?

POLICE SEIZE CARTLOAD OF R.S.S. DOCUMENTS IN CITY

Sifting Out Evidence, Big Job Before Investigating Officers

BOMBAY, Friday.

AFTER A SPELL OF HECTIC ACTIVITY, YESTERDAY, THE BOMBAY C.I.D., INVESTIGATING INTO THE CONSPIRACY TO ASSASSINATE MAHATMA GANDHI, HAVE SETTLED DOWN TO THE JOB OF SIFTING THE HEAP OF EVIDENCE THAT HAS COME INTO THEIR POSSESSION.

In yesterday's city wide searches and raids on R.S.S. strongholds, which the Police sealed after hours of patient search, it is said, they were able to recover a cartload of documents and literature, which may lead to the unravelling of the sinister plot.

A dozen picked officers of the Bombay C.I.D., assisted by specially selected colleagues from the other provinces and the Centre, places where the R.S.S.'s activities are suspected are now trying to fit the various pieces of the baffling jig-saw puzzle, to get a comprehensive picture from the multiple and intricate details, they have so far been able to secure.

Out of nearly 300 persons arrested the authorities first released all 160. It is now learnt more persons are being released and there may be only 40 left. Most of the unwanted men reached home by midnight yesterday. Notable among those released were Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and Raja Bahadur Narayanlal Bansilal Pittie.

Included in 40 still detained, it is understood are V. D. Savarkar, his Secretary Dr. V. J. Bhide and Messrs Damle, Nagarkar, Gordhandas Dayal and Advocate Hedekar, the last two being the secretaries of the local R.S.S. organisation.

Madanlal, the refugee youth who was brought to Bombay from Delhi by air on Tuesday evening, has, it is learnt, identified certain accomplices who were arrested earlier and kept in custody for complicity in the conspiracy.

In the interest of the investigations the Police have thrown a thick cloak of secrecy on further developments.

Bombay Council Member's Telegram To Morarji Desai

PEN (Colaba) February 5. (A.P.I.): Mr. R. N. Mandalik, a member of the Bombay Legislative Council, in a telegram to the Home Minister of Bombay on Thursday said that there was grave unrest in Pen since January 31 and that mob rule practically prevails there. After narrating instances of mob violence, Mr. Mandalik said "prominent Hindu Sabhaites are practically in their houses. Violent anti-Brahmin propaganda is spreading to the villages and unless preventive action is taken under Section 144 Cr. P. C. and adequate armed police force is despatched, a grave situation may arise and loss of life and property may take place".

MORARJI DESAI RECEIVES THREAT 'SLIP'

But Refuses Special Police Protection

BOMBAY, Friday:—No large-scale threats to the lives of Bombay Ministers had been received by them, an official of the Home Department told a "Chronicle" reporter today.

It was, however, stated that Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, was in receipt of an "anonymous slip" which held out threats to his person. On the orders of the Minister no investigations were launched as a sequel to what the official described as an "inconsequential" threat.

The "slip" gave no indication that it originated from the Rashtriya Swayam Sewak Sangh.

The same source told the "Chronicle" that no extraordinary security measures to protect the lives of the Prime Minister, the Home Minister and other Cabinet Members had been taken, though more policemen were seen at the Secretariat premises today.

It is learnt that at Wednesday night's top-secret conference between high police and Home Department officials this question was raised and the Police Commissioner, Mr. J. F. Bharucha, suggested certain measures in this direction.

But after consultations between the Prime Minister, Mr. Kher, and the Home Minister it was decided to take no spectacular protective action so far as the Ministers were concerned.

5 DETONATORS AND 300 SWORDS SEIZED IN JUBBULPORE

Katni R.S.S. Men Make Startling Disclosures; More Arrests All Over Country

JUBBULPORE, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.)—Five detonators, nearly 300 swords, stacks of lathis and a large quantity of literature were seized by the Jubbulpore police when they searched scores of houses in a dawn-to-dusk round up of active R.S.S. workers, patrons and organisers here.

Eighty-six among the arrested persons were sent to jail custody where they will be detained as security prisoners under the Public Safety Act. Among those arrested are prominent doctors and educationists Kristo Bannerjee, G.-O.-C. of the R.S.S., Devraj, manager of a local bank, as well as businessmen and government employees.

The large-scale police operation went off without any untoward incident mainly as a result of the very thorough police arrangements.

A report from Katni says that 21 R.S.S. workers were arrested there and that one of the persons detained made certain startling disclosures to the police regarding the movements of the alleged conspirators behind the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi.

LUCKNOW: The total number of arrests of members of the R.S.S. & Hindu Mahasabha in Lucknow has exceeded 40. Among those taken into custody are Mr. G. S. Khosla, Secretary Evacuees Association Lucknow; Pandit Tej Narain, Sangh Sanchalak, Lucknow, Mr. Rajiva Lochan Agnihotri, R.S.S. leader of the Rewa State: Mr. Narain Biswanath Parte of Akola; Mr. Ram Shanker Singh of Mirzapur and Mr. Newal Kishore of Fatehpur.

The police have recovered as a result of searches of the offices of the Sangh heaps of incriminating material, including registers of the Sangh, black caps and uniforms, hundreds of lathis photographs of Mr. M.S. Golwalkar Dr. Hedgewar, the founder of the Sangh, and Mr. V. D. Savarkar, a few bank pass books and cheques.

MADRAS: According to reports received from the Districts over 50 persons have been arrested so far under the Maintenance of Public Safety Act following the declaration of R.S.S. as an unlawful organisation by the Government.

Among the arrested persons are two prominent advocates of Trichy and a prominent banker of Tuticorin.

Thirteen persons were arrested today at Bezwada, eleven at Nellore, eight at Cocoanada five at Salem, seven at Madura, five at Trichinopoly and two at Tuticorin, six persons who were taken to police station for interrogation were let off at Calicut.

It is learnt that the 13 persons arrested in the city of Madras last night including Mr. V. Rajagopalachari, advocate and Sangh Chalak, will be sent to Vellore for detention. There were no arrests in the city today.

TRICHY: It is understood that the office bearers of the local R.S.S. wrote to the District Magistrate Trichy saying that they have severed their connection with the organisation.

MASULIPATAM: The police searched the local office premises of the Rastriya Swayam Sevak Sangh and seized some records.

Seven office bearers of the R.S.S. were arrested and remanded to jail custody.

NAGPUR: Twelve principal members of the Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh have been arrested in Nagpur following the declaration of the Sangh as an un-lawful association.

The police raided a dozen places in the city and seized several documents connected with the Sangh activities.

Till Thursday evening the police arrested thirty persons connected with the incidents in the city on Sunday and Monday involving in arson, looting and other acts of incendiarism. The hunt for the suspects still continues.

Prompt despatch of a strong police force is said to have eased the situation in some places in the Nagpur district where the authorities apprehended some troubles. The government have applied provisions of the Goonda Act to four towns in the district including Nagpur Municipal limits empowering the police officials to round up all suspects and bad characters.

SURAT: The police searched some places in Bulsar following the ban on the R. S. S. but nothing incriminating was found, according to a report received here.

ALLAHABAD: With the declaration of the R.S.S. an unlawful body throughout the Indian Union a round-up of persons belonging to the Rashtriya Swayan Sevak Sangh began here yesterday.

Eight persons connected with the Rashtriya Swayan Sevak Sangh including the District Organiser, Mr. Rajendra Singh, have been arrested by the local police.

BHAGALPUR: Eleven persons connected with the R.S.S. including Mr. Charu Chandra Choudhry, District Organiser of the Sangh were arrested today.

Some arrests were made and searches carried out at Nath Nagar, a suburb of Bhagalpur.

Pandit Raghavacharya, General Secretary of the Bihar Hindi Sabha has summoned a meeting of its members on February 15 at Patna to consider the present situation.

DHANBAD: Six R.S.S. workers were arrested early this morning and remanded to jail custody.

BENARES: After preliminary interrogation by the police here, Devendra Kumar Wadse, an alleged associate of the gang which is reported to have plotted the assassination of top ranking national leaders has been sent to Lucknow under armed escort.

Devendra Kumar is reported to have surrendered himself to the District Magistrate of Mirzapur on Monday last.

He was brought here for interrogation.

Twenty-four active workers of the R. S. S. were arrested today. Searches were carried out at the residence of these persons but nothing incriminatory is reported to have been found. Some active workers of the organisation are believed to have gone underground.

ARMED RAID AT UMRI

Loss Over 21 Lakhs Of Rupees

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Feb. 5, (A.P.I.): Eight persons were killed and five others injured in a recent armed raid at Umri on the border of Hyderabad and the Central Provinces involving in a loss of over 21 lakhs of rupees from a local bank, according to a press note.

Giving an official account of the raid the press note says about 70 raiders including one horseman from outside armed with rifles revolvers, and machine-guns entered Umri on January 30 and "joined hands with local dacoits and carried out simultaneously raids on the state bank, the local Police station and the railway station of Umri."

The raiders killed cashier and an Arab guard in the bank and "destroyed Osmania currency notes of the value of Rs. 2,17,200 and some Indian currency notes.

SEVEN TEST-TUBE BABIES TO BE BORN IN AUSTRALIA

SYDNEY, Australia, (U.P.A.): Seven test-tube babies, Australia's first, will be born in Sydney by April gynecologists at the Crown Street Fertility Clinic have announced.

A spokesman for the Australian Roman Catholic Church said the Church opposed artificial insemination, regarding it as immoral.

Lebanon Ex-Deputy Arrested

BEYROUT, Feb. 5 (Reuter): A former North Lebanon Deputy, Khaled Abdul Kader, was arrested today after arms and alleged seditious pamphelts had been found in his house during investigations into a reported revolution plot involving Emir-Muhad Arslan, brother of the Syrian Minister of Defence.

The Emir himself still hiding in a mountain stronghold is expected to surrender at any moment.

Annuity To Elizabeth

LONDON Feb. 5 (Reuter): The House of Lords today passed the Government's bill to increase Princess Elizabeth's annuity from £15,000 to £40,000 a year on her marriage to the Duke of Edinburgh, who will receive £10,000 a year.

These sums will cover the expense of their public duties.

The bill had already passed through the Commons and now only awaits the King's formal assent.

Abdullah Accuses Pakistan At U.N.O.

Reiteration Of Aiding Raiders Reopens Old Wounds

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 5 (UPA).—India today revived the issue of who is to blame for the situation in Kashmir when Sheikh Mohammed Abdulla protested to the Security Council that its first move should be to send the Commission to the treubled state to determine whether India's allegation against Pakistan were true. His remarks came near the end of the session in which the Council members believed that they were approaching a solution to the difficult problem by postponing the question of responsibility for the crisis and concentrating first on ending the fighting and conducting an impartial plebiscite which would settle the whole dispute.

The general opinion of the Council has been that the question of who is responsible for the troubles is irrelevant—that the immediate issue at stake is restoring peace to Kashmir and permitting its people to decide for themselves whether they wish to join India or Pakistan.

Sheikh Abdulla's reiteration of the complaints which the Council thought had been disposed of by India and Pakistan's mutual agreement on a plebiscite seemed to have reopened the old wounds.

DR. TSIANG'S VIEWS

Reuter adds: Dr. Tsiang said both parties had stressed the urgency of the situation. "It is clear that the fighting should be stopped very soon. It seems to me that the Council might well recommend to Pakistan that its legal and moral influence should be thrown in the direction of pacification—that the tribesmen should be stopped in further fighting."

He added that this recommendation would not be enough and the Council should then appeal to the Government of India to withdraw their troops from Kashmir progressively.

After the fundamental principles had been settled in the Council, Dr Tsiang suggested that "large discretionary powers" should be left to the proposed Kashmir Commission.

STOP THE FIGHTING

Mr. P. J. Noel Baker (Britain) said, "It is my conviction that raids and incidents will go on until the question of Kashmir is settled. As long as fear dominates the mind of people in the Punjab and Kashmir, incidents will continue. I have the greatest sympathy with the viewpoint from which the Indian delegate started. I warned the Council that it should not fiddle while Kashmir burns. We must stop fighting and must stop it soon."

Senor Alfonso Lopez (Colombia) proposed the following memorandum as a basis for further discussion:

"Whereas India and Pakistan have brought to the attention of the Security Council the situation in Jammu and Kashmir state and other Indian states, which is likely to endanger peace and security; whereas members of United Nations have conferred on the Security Council primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security; the Security Council having considered the claims of India and Pakistan and their request to the Council to adopt appropriate measures for the Pacific settlement of the dispute and the restoration of friendly relations between the two countries finds: (a) that cessation of fighting is particularly urgent in Kashmir; "(b) In conformity with the fact that India and Pakistan have both agreed that the question of accession shall be determined by plebiscite. (c) That the plebiscite as a manner of determining the future of Kashmir is the most desirable and democratic, provided the peoples will be given free, fair and unfettered expression: "(d) That an interim administration which will command full confidence of the people of Kashmir is essential to the attainment of these aims and purposes; and "(e) That for its information and guidance the Security Council should be in a position to call for and receive from its representatives direct reports of conditions in Kashmir and other parts of India and Pakistan.;

SHEIKH ABDULLAH'S POINT

Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar said so many points had been raised by members of the Council that the Indian Delegation felt it necessary to deal with them before the Council proceeded to the next step. He would do that tomorrow and meanwhile he wanted the Council to hear Sheikh Abdullah, Prime Minister of the Kashmir Emergency Government.

This was the first time Sheikh Abdullah had spoken in Council. Sheikh Abdullah asked what was the point of dispute. It was not the sovereignty of the prince. It was not the allegation of maladministration of Kashmir.

The dispute between India and Pakistan was the fact that Kashmir acceded lawfully and constitutionally to India. The tribesmen then invaded Kashmir helped by the Pakistan Government.

Sheikh Abdullah said: "I could have understood the position of Pakistan if they had boldly maintained that they did support the tribesmen and the rebels inside the state because they felt that Kashmir belonged to Pakistan and not to India or because they felt that the accession of Kashmir to India was fraudulent.

"Then we might have discussed the validity of the accession. But that was not the Pakistan Delegate's position. He completely denied that any support was being given by his Government either to the tribesmen or to the rebels against constituted authority. How am I to convince the Council that that denial is absolutely untrue

"I have seen things with my own eyes and I have fought many battles on the borders of Jammu and Kashmir. I have seen with my own eyes the support given by Pakistan, not only in bases but in arms, in direction and in control of of tribesmen by Pakistan army personnel."

Sheikh Abdullah accused Pakistan of aiding raiders "who had come to our land, abducted thousands of girls and looted our property. All of a sudden Pakistan comes to the bar of the world as the champion of liberty of the people of Kashmir. That is very difficult for me to believe. The world has got rid of Hitler and Goebbels, but from what has happened, and is happening, in my country I am convinced that their souls have transmigrated to Pakistan."

Sheikh Abdullah told the Council that he "happens to be in Kashmir because the people of my country wish me to be there. I shall go if the people do not want me there. We want in Jammu and Kashmir that 4,000,000 people—Hindus, Sikhs and Moslems—should have the right to change their destiny, to control their administration as best they can. It is not a question of internal freedom."

He said that the question of Kashmir's accession to the Dominion of India was not one that was before the Security Council. "The only question before the Security Council is that India and Kashmir forces are ready to deal with tribesmen and to establish a democratic form of government inside the state. We do not want Pakistan to lend us assistance in suppressing internal revolt.

"We want, however to remain on the friendliest possible terms with our sister dominion, Pakistan.

"We want Pakistan to have no hand, directly or indirectly, in this turmoil in Kashmir. It is for the Security Council Commission to find out if she has any hand in it. If Pakistan has not then our case fails."

Mr. Noel Baker asked Sheikh Abdullah what were his proposals for stopping the fighting in Kashmir now.

Before Sheikh Abdullah replied the Security Council chairman, General McNaughton, remarked "there is not any compulsion" for Sheikh Abdullah to reply to any question.

Sheikh Abdullah said however, "As far as I can speak on behalf of India, India does not want that Pakistan should help India with her arms.

What we want from Pakistan is only this—that Pakistan should not supply bases to raiders across the borders of Jammu and Kashmir, that Pakistan should not supply ammunition, arms and direction and control of these tribesmen, and Pakistan should stop passage to these tribesmen through her territory. Pakistan should not supply arms and ammunition to people who are fighting within the state because all these things fall under international obligations.

"Pakistan should desist, and if Pakistan does desist I am quite sure the Indian army can drive out the tribesmen. We are sure that we are capable enough to solve our own internal dispute with the Maharajah of Kashmir."

The meeting adjourned until tomorrow.

Truman's Invitation To Stalin In 1946

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (UPA)—The White House disclosed officially today that in 1946 Truman had offered Stalin transportation aboard the United States battleship "Missouri" if the Russian Premier would come to the United States.

Press Secretary Charles Ross said that the invitation was extended in the summer of 1946 through Walter Smith, United States Ambassador to Moscow.

The President had asked Stalin to come to the United States aboard the nation's most famous battleship and address an audience at the University of Missouri in Columbia, Missouri. Stalin, however, sent back what the White House called a "polite declination."

SIMLA, Feb 5 (API): The Governor of the East Punjab has promulgated an ordinance to amend the Punjab Requisitioning of Immovable property (temporary powers) Act, 1947. It affords protection against any action taken under its provisions.

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TO EVERY MARRIED COUPLE!

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J.M.R'S
Soul Stirring SOCIAL HIT

SHAM SAVERA

Direction M. SADIQ
Starring: SWARNALATA, WASTI, SULOCHANA CHATTERJI, BAFIQ GAZNAVI
SONGS MADHOK
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
A 'DIAMOND' Release

3rd Week At IMPERIAL

S. FAZLI'S Popular Picture
MEHNDI
NARGIS : BEGUM PARA

15th FINAL WEEK!
FESTIVAL OF MUSIC
CAPITOL
Daily 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
Matinee Sunday 1 p.m.
PEARL Release

OPENING ON FRIDAY—13th FEB.
SHANKAR'S DREAM-CHILD
BECOMES A PULSATING REALITY!

SIMULTANEOUSLY OPENING AT —
—: 1 :—
EXCELSIOR
Plans for Reservation open at the Theatre
Show Timings: Daily 2-30, 6 and 9-30 p.m.
Sundays Matinee at 10 a.m.
* * *
—: 2 :—
NEW WEST-END
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 *4 to 6 p.m.
Show Timings: Daily 2-30, 6 and 9-30 p.m.
Sundays Matinee at 10 a.m.
* * *
—: 3 :—
HIND MATA
Talkies, Dadar
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 4 to 6 p.m.
Show Timings: Daily 3, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Sundays Matinee at 12 noon.
* * *
—: 4 :—
JAI-HIND
Talkies, Byculla
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 4 to 6 p.m.
Show Timings Daily 12 noon, 3-15, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
* * *
—: Also at :—
—: 5 :—
RIVOLI
Matunga (B.B.)
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 4 to 6 p.m.
Show Timings: Daily 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.

UDAY SHANKAR'S
KALPANA
STAGE & SCREEN PRESENTATIONS' PICTURE

*

Produced, Directed and Written by:
UDAY-SHANKAR
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Music:
VISHNUDASS SHIRALI
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19
OTHER THEATRES ALL OVER INDIA
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3rd BIG WEEK
— THRILLING STORY OF NETAJI SUBHASH BOSE AND INDIAN NATIONAL ARMY
ERRADAM
SUNRICH Production
Produced by S. G. JOBANPUTRA
KAMAL
Daily: 4, 6-30, and 9-30 p.m. Sunday at 1 p.m.

PRINCE TAJ DEFIES DEMONS! 5th WEEK!
AND HOW? SEE IT IN—— Producer-Director:—
RUSTOM MODI'S & CENTRAL STUDIOS' SWELLEST SHOW!
GUL-BAKAVLI
Starring:— Screen's melodious star — FIROZ DASTUR,
SANOBER, RABAB, MENAKA, and JAMSHEDJEE
Daily:— 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Sundays— Matinee at 1 p.m.
SUPER
(A WESTERN INDIA THEATRES LTD. RELEASE)

GOOD LUCK IN 1948
may be yours in a greater measure if you avail yourself of these expert Astrological Advices and Readings.
Answers to 5 questions on your future Rs. 2. ANNUAL DIRECTIONS FOR 1948 with Monthly and Weekly Forecasts and Moon Table guide Rs. 3. Child's full Horoscope Chart and Reading Rs. 5.
State exact time (if known) place and date of birth in full.
Prof. SEKHAR
The Great Mesmerist and Zamindar ELLORE. (W.G.Dt.)

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu : Posh Vad 13, 2004.
Muslim : Rabi-ul-Avval 26, 1367.
Parsi : Shehrever 7, 1317.
Hightide : 10-35, 23-44.
Lowtide : 05-38, 16-32.

Domestic Occurrence

ENGAGEMENT.

WAGLE :—Engagement is announced in Bombay of Manik, elder son of Mr. Vithal Dinanath Wagle to Miss Tara Nadkarni, daughter of late Mr. Krishnaji Dattatraya Nadkarni.

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY PSYCHOLOGISTS' CONFERENCE : First Session Vice-Chancellor P. V. Kane to inaugurate, Dr. A. S. Erulkar to preside, today (Saturday), at Wilson College, at 5 p.m.

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY : Weekly meeting will be held as usual on Tuesday, the 10th Feoruary, at Green's Hotel (First Floor), at 1-45 p.m. Mr. A. B. Vaidya, will speak on 'The Naval Defence of India".

INDIAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION : The meeting which was to be held on Monday, the 9th February, has been postponed on account of uncertain curfew position. The meeting will now take place on Saturday, the 14th February, at 3 p.m., at Haffkine Institute.

THE P. E. N. : P. E. N. public lecture arranged for Monday, 2nd February, for which notices went out to P. E. N. members and friends, has been cancelled on account of the tragic death of Mahatma Gandhi.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS : "Psychic Forces and Phenomena" is the subject of a public lecture to be delivered tomorrow (Sunday), at 6-15 p.m., at Jenangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

RASHTRABHASHA EXAMINATIONS The Bombay Provincial Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sabha has postponed the Rashtrabhasha Examinations (Prarambhic, Pravesh, Parichaya and Kovid) of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, which were to be held on 7th and 8th February, at the various centres in Bombay City and its Suburbs. The extended dates will be announced later through Prachar centres.

SANTACRUZ BRANCH HINDU SABHA DISSOLVED : The President of the Hindu Manasabha, Santacruz Branch, has expressed his heartfelt sorrow for the death of Mahatmaji and has declared the Hindu Mahasabha of Santacruz dissolved.

CO-OPERATIVE BOOK-SELLING : "Sahakari Prakashan," a co-operative society, the first and only of its kind in India, has been recently formed in Bombay with the objects of doing the business of printing, publishing, book-selling, etc. Its promoters include national workers, educationists, journalists, businessmen and others keenly interested in co-operation. The first activity of the society started with running a printing press. The book-selling department of the society has just been started. Book-lovers interested in co-operation are invited to visit the office of the society at Raja Bahadur Wadi, Hamam Street, Fort.

HINDI SAHITYA SAMMELAN : Due to Mahatma Gandhi's death, the second annual session of the Bombay Provincial Hindi Sahitya Sammelan, which was to be held on 8th February, 1948, has been postponed.

American Firm's Sympathy With India

Sir Chunilal B. Mehta has received a message from Messrs. Schwabach & Co., Cotton Brokers, New York, expressing their great sympathy at the loss of India's great leader, Mahatma Gandhi.

Progress Of Resettlement Of Refugees

The Regional Public Relations Office, Bombay, issued the following press note :—

Of 24,631 refugees registered during the month of December, 1947, at the Employment Exchanges and District Employment Offices of the Ministry of Labour in the Indian Union, 3,899, involving 15,697 dependents were placed in employment. The placement figures for this month are the highest recorded so far.

The total number of refugees registered with the Exchanges upto the end of December, 1947, was 64,224, of whom 10,566 involving 47,342 dependents, have been placed in employment.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Feb. 7, (Saturday).

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. R. N. Paradkar Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Azim Khan (Sitar) 8-45 Gulab Annaokar (Bhajan Mira) 9 0 R. N. Paradkar (Todi) 12-0 p.m. Composite programme (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Marathibhavgeets 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Listeners' Recorded Requests 4-20 B. H. Godboje (Vocal) 4-45 Ravi Shankar (Sitar) 5-15 Variety programme (G) for children 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Rambhau Ashtekar (Multani) 6-45 Amritlal Raval (Gujarati Geet Lalit) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Gulab Anaokar (Bhavgeet P. G. Gupte) 7-30 Replies to Listeners' Letters (M) 7-40 Rabab Par Ek Dhun By Shingul 7-45 "Filmi Gane" (Sheth-Sagalsha) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Recitation of Hindi poems from works of U. N. "Ashk" 8-45 For Uuniversities (E) by Principal S. Dandekar 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Kafi On Clarionet by L. K. Kunte 9-45 Susheela Tembe (Bageshri) 10-15 Ravi Shankar (Sitar) VARIATIONS.

41-44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. 'Gujarati Geetmala" 5-45 to 6-0 p.m. Thumri Aur Ghazal By Zawwar Husain 6-15 Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Com. News 8-0 Amritlal Raval (Gujarati Geet (Lalit) 8-15 Susheela Tembe (Thumri) 9-0 Susheela Tembe (Jaijaiwanti) 9-30 Dadra Sung by Zawwar Husain.

A. I. R. : The programmes of All-India Radio, Bombay for today (Saturday), will include the following special items.

7-30 p.m. Talk in Marathi on Gandhiji by B. V. Warerkar 7-45 Talk in Hindustani by K. D Sayaddin 9-45 Talk in Urdu by Josh Malihabadi 10-00 AIR Orchestra—A special composition entitled 'Yaad".

FOUND : A Diploma of the Institute of Cost and Works Accountants (London) in the name of Ranga Ramaswami Ayyar for the intermediate examination held in June 1947, has been received in the office of All-India Radio, Bombay. The owner may claim it from the Liaison Officer.

Karnataki Music In Baroda Radio

Ganaratna Smti Alamelu Mangal the well-known Karnataki Music artiste has been invited by Baroda Broadcasting station to broadcast Karnataki compositions, at 8-20 p.m., today (Saturday), 250 metres.

PUBLIC PRAYERS FOR MAHATMA

(Issued from the Congress House.)

To offer prayers and pay tributes to Mahatma Gandhi, Father of our Nation, the following Public Prayers will be held:

1. Today (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. at Motiwala Building, Reay Road, Mazagaon. Shri B. H. Sawant, Parliamentary Secretary will preside.

2. Tomorrow (Sunday) at 8-30 p.m. at Matarpakhadi Road, Mazagaon. Shri S. L. Silam, Gen. Secretary of the B.P.C.C. will preside.

CONDOLENCE MEETING: A meeting of the following representative unions will be held today (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House Bombay to mourn the loss of our revered leader Mahatma Gandhi under the presidentship of Mr. S. L. Silam, M.L.A. (Representative Unions): 1. Congress Gumasta Samitee. 2. Bombay Insurance Employees Association. 3. Indian Motion Picture Employees Union. 4. Bombay Municipal Licence Holders Union. 5. The Aerated Water Factory Workers Union. 6. The Rly.-Licence Hamal Union G.I. P. Rly. and Bombay Central Station, B.B.C.I. Rly. 7. Bombay Cooperative Bank Employees Union. 8. The Grant Rd. Vej. and Fruit Vyapari Sangh. 9. Bhatia General Hospital Workers Union.

BOMBAY SHROFFS (BANKERS) ASSOCIATION LTD.: Extraordinary general meeting of the members will meet today (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. in the hall of the Association to express its sense of profound sorrow at the sad and tragic demise of Mahatma Gandhi.

BENHAM HALL LANE CONDOLENCE MEETING: A condolence meeting of the residents of the Benham Hall Lane, will be held at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) today (Saturday) in Benham Hall Cross Lane, under the Presidentship of Mr. S. S. Kavlekar, to mourn the death of Mahatma Gandhi. Mr. Mama Varerkar will be one of the speakers.

COORG ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY: The members of the Coorg Association Bombay will meet at No. 176 Hindu Colony Dadar today (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. to pass a condolence resolution on the sad demise of Mahatma Gandhi.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Public meeting of the citizens will be held today (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the grounds of Gandhi Seva Mandir, Ghodbunder Road, Bandra, (opposite the Tank) to mourn the death of Mahatma Gandhi. Shri B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of the Government of Bombay and His Lordship Dr. Valerian Gracias Bishop of Bombay will address the meeting.

THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION: Condolence meeting in connection with the death of Mahatma Gandhi will be held today at 5 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty.

HINDUSTAN MAZDOOR SEVAK SANGH: A condolence meeting of associated unions of the Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh, Bombay, to mourn the sad demise of Mahatma Gandhi, will be held at People's Hall, Congress House, today (Saturday) at 6 p.m. sharp under the presidentship of Shri Prithviraj Kapoor.

DADAR SARVAJANIK VACHANALAYA: A meeting will be held tomorrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. at Dhuru Hall, Dadar to express their sorrow on the sad demise of Mahatmaji.

GOUD SARASWAT BRAHMAN COMMUNITY: Condolence meeting under the joint auspices of all Saraswat Institutions in Bombay and Suburbs at 4 p.m. (S.T.) today at the Saraswat Brahman Samaj, Saraswat Bank Bldg., Nikadawari Lane, Girgaon.

YOUTH PARLIAMENT: Condolence meeting under the auspices of the Youth Parliament at Blavatsky Lodge, Bombay, to mourn the loss of the Nation's Father today (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m.

WOMEN'S PROCESSION AND PRAYER MEETING: A silent procession of the Women of Bombay will start from Azad Maidan, Metro Cinema Corner tomorrow (Sun.) at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) The route of the procession will be Kalbadevi Road, Pydhownie, Bhendi Bazaar and Sandhurst Termination in a Prayer Meeting at Chowpatty at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Rani Maharaj Singh will preside.

ST. IGNATIUS' PARISH: Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise and Reconstruction, will preside over a public meeting convened by St. Ignatius' Parish to condole the passing away of Mahatma Gandhi at 6-30 p.m. in the Municipal School Compound, Mahadeo Rokde Street, near Carnac Bridge, tomorrow (Sunday).

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN: Under the joint auspices of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Forbes Gujarati Sabha, Gujarati Sahitya Parishad, Gujarati Sahitya Sansad, Gujarati Research Society, Gujarati Lekhak Milan, Bai Kabibai Charity Trust, Sheth Kanji Khetsey Trust, Sheth Hargovindas Anandji Desai Trust, Modh Vanik Mandal and others a public condolence meeting will be held tomorrow (Sunday) at 4-30 p.m. at Sunderbai Hall, Queen's Road, Bombay, 1.

ANJUMAN-I-KHWATEEN : A meeting of the members of the Anjuman-i-Khwateen to condole the death of Mahatma Gandhi will be held at 4 p.m., on Monday, at the residence of Mrs. Rubabbai Matcheswala, Saharu Castle, Mahomed Ali Road, Mrs. Sakina Badruddin Lukmani, will preside.

COLLECTIVE FINES IN CITY

A further collective fine of Rs. 1,255 has been levied on the inhabitants of 7 shops and 28 tenements from a group of six buildings from Old Agra Road, Kurla.

BAN ON ASSEMBLIES EXTENDED

The Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay, has extended for a further period of one month from February 7, 1948, his order prohibiting assemblies and processions in Greater Bombay.

"A" Ward Congress Candidates' Appeal

Shri V. B. Gandhi, Shri Nathalal Parik and Smt. Perin N. Nariman, Congress candidates at the ensuing Municipal election, have issued the following appeal to the voters of 'A' Ward, No. 3, Boribunder Constituency. The election takes place on 17th of February. "We appeal to all voters of "A" Ward No. 3 Boribunder constituency to vote for Congress and to distribute without fail the three votes, which each voter has, equally by giving one vote to each of the three Congress candidates."

BOMBAY SHROFFS' ASSURANCE TO GOVERNMENT

The Bombay Shroffs Association in the course of a Telegram to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, New Delhi, state:

"Bombay Shroffs (Bankers), Association Limited while regretting and deprecating attempts of interested parties to undermine the country's faith in your Government by untimely and harmful utterances at this critical juncture assures the Government which has Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru as Prime Minister and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel as Deputy Prime Minister of its unswerving faith loyalty and co-operation and feels convinced that the country has full confidence in their leadership."

CITY INSTITUTIONS' CONDOLENCES

The following institutions passed condolence resolutions expressing their sense of grief at the death of Mahatma Gandhi.

Bombay City Adult Education Committee, The Iran League of Bombay, Bai Kabibai Hindu High School, Fort, Mandvi Ward District Bhadut Sangh, Santacruz Taluk Congress Committee, Bombay Motor Merchants Association Ltd. Youngmen's 'Bovi' Association, The Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association, the Board of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company Ltd., The Members of the Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Trade, the Residents of Dukarwadi, Chira Bazar The Managing Committee of the Scientific Apparatus Traders Association, the Chairman and Trustees of the Port of Bombay, Staff and Students of the Byramjee Jejeebhoy Parsi Charitable Institutions, the All-India Plastics Manufacturers' Association, Bombay, The Indian Stock Exchange Ltd., Bombay and the Bombay Fruit and Vegetable Merchants' Association.

TRAVANCORE HOMAGE

TRIVANDRUM, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.): Homage was paid to Mahatma Gandhi by speakers drawn from all sections of the community at a public meeting held here this evening.

Mr. Pattam Thanu Pillai, President of the State Congress, broke down thrice in the course of his five-minute speech. He urged the gathering to remove the poison of violence from their hearts.

TRIBUTES FROM ARABIA: The merchants of Khoja Muslim Ishna Ashari Community of Muscat Arabia have communicated their feelings of deep mournings for the assassination of Mahatma Gandhiji in a wire to The Bombay Kharek Bazar and Mewa Merchants Association of Bombay.

LABOUR COURT'S CONDOLENCE

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. P. S. Bakhle, Judge, Labour Court, Bombay referring to the death of Gandhiji yesterday said: There was no activity in India where his influence and guidance had not come to play a prominent part. He was the greatest apostle of peace whether it be in politics or in Industry. He took a keen interest in the cause of working classes and sought to establish peace in Industry by introducing the system of conciliation and arbitration. The Ahmedabad Labour Association of which he was the founder and guide is a standing example of what a genuine Trade Union Organisation should be. It is our bounden duty therefore as persons interested in the cause of working classes and in the peace in Industry to pay our respectful tribute to our revered Leader who is unfortunately no longer amongst us.

Mr. B. Narayanswamy, Advocate High Court, associated himself with what was said by the Judge.

MR. G. D. TAPASE

Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Industries, Fisheries and Backward Classes, Bombay, left for Satara on Friday, February 6, and will return to Bombay on Monday, February 9.

Democratic Group of Indian Merchants' Chamber Thanks The Members

The following letter has been addressed by Democratic Group to the members of the Chamber.

Dear Friend,

The Democratic Group offer their heartfelt thanks to you for their Glorious achievement in getting 20 out of 21 members elected at the recent elections of the Managing Committee of the Chamber. We assure that they will prove worthy of the confidence reposed by you in them.

P. J. SHROFF.
DHIRAJLAL MAGANLAL.
Hon. Secretaries.

PALACE
Daily at 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
TODAY, TOMORROW & MONDAY
What were the hidden secrets inside the convent? What were the strange Desires that burned inside the hearts of those beautiful women
BLACK NARCISSUS
WITH
SABU
(Technicolor)
To-morrow morning at 10-30 a.m.
A Drama of Strange conflict
"THE SEVENTH VEIL"
Tues. 10th to Thurs. 12th
A Dramatic and Romantic
"LOVE STORY"
Stewart Granger

GLOWING WITH THE LIGHT OF LOVE—
RAJKAMAL'S Stirring Social

ANDHON KI DUNIYA
Producer V. SHANTARAM
Direction K. DATE
4th WEEK!
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30 Sun 1 p.m.
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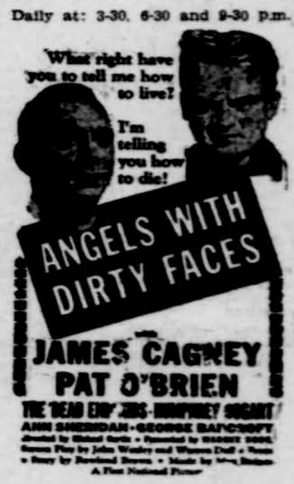
REGAL Air-Cooled and Comfortable
Daily at: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.



SUNDAY MORNING at 10:
'NIGHT and DAY'
in Technicolor
Cary Grant, Alexis Smith, Monty Wooley
(At Reduced Rates)
EXTRA! EXTRA!
Special Pictorial Tribute to Our Great
MAHATMAJI

NOW SHOWING!
CITY-LIGHT
—: MATUNGA (B.B.) :—
Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
PRAKASH PICTURE
"GHUNGAT"
Nirmala : Aroon : Umakant
Sunday Morn. 9 a.m.
SIVAKAVI (Tamil)

Lovers of SHANTI and EKATA come and see
PRITHVI RAJ'S
PATHAN
on SAT. 7th Feb. '48 at 9-30 a.m.
DEEWAR
on SUNDAY, 8th Feb '48 at 9-30 a.m. at the stage of
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Plans open

7TH CROWDED WEEK!
KRISHIN MOVIETONE'S Family Social
DOOSRI SHADI
Mumtaj Shanti, Ranjit Kumari, David, Gope, KUMAR & PRAMILA
Kapurchand Release
ROXY
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Mat. Sun. Holi. 12-45
Ad. Bkg. Open

YOU CAN'T EVER AFFORD TO MISS THIS EVER FRESH HIT!
EXCELSIOR
Daily 3 shows:— 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
MUSIC! LOVE & ROMANCE! Columbia's Classic Musical
"ONE NIGHT OF LOVE"
Directed by: VICTOR SCHERTZINGER
Starring: GRACE MOORE AND TULLIO CARMINATI

NOW SHOWING!
PLAZA
Dadar (B. B.)
Daily 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Matinee: Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.
RAJKAMAL PICTURE
SHAKUNTALA
JAYASHREE, CHANDRAMOHAN, SHANTAREEN

16th WEEK of success—
PRAKASH'S Great Mythological Hit

Bhakta DHRUVA
Director: SHANTI KUMAR
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30 6-30 and 9-30
Sun. & Holi. Matinee at 12-45 p.m.
Booking 9-30 to 12-30 and 3 to 6-30
An EVERGREEN Release

TODAY 3 SHOWS
THE
AT 3, 6-30, 9-30 p. m.
GREAT
Prof. MOITRA'S YOGIC FEAT
Prof. NARAYANRAO ON FLYING TRAPEZE
Prof. MALI'S MOTOR CYCLE JUMP
ROYAL
SANDOW ARANJO, CHINESE CALCULATION BY DOG
CIRCUS
CLOWNS:— K. DHOTRE, MADHAVRAO AND UDHAVRAO
Advance Booking 9 to 12 a.m.
Props:— Prof. S. G. Walawalkar and N. M. Walawalkar

"The Northern lights of Bombay"
AURORA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Romance .. more exotic than a tropic night! adventure .. more bold than a desert Sheik! a caravan of thrills .. told with lusty laughter!
"SLAVE GIRL"
in technicolor.
Starring:— YVONNE DE CARLO, GEORGE BRENT, ANDY DEVINE, ALBERT DEKKER
TOMORROW MORNING AT 10-30
A drama of love and suspense!
"GAS-LIGHT"
Ingrid Bergman, Charles Boyer
Also showing MAHATMAJI'S FUNERAL
NOW SHOWING!
HIND-MATA
.... PAREL ....
Daily 4, 6-45, and 9-30 p.m.
Matinee: Sat., Sun., 1 p.m.
FILMISTAN PICTURE
MAZDOOR
Nasirkhan, Indumati, Veera

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THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"We are Gandhiji's symbols. We are his soldiers, we are the carriers of his banners before an embattled world. Our banner is truth, our shield is non-violence, our sword is the sword of the spirit that conquers without blood. Shall we not obey the mandates of our father and carry his battle to triumph? Though his voice will not speak again, have we not a million million voices to bear his message to the world? And not only in this world of our contemporaries, but the world generation after generation."

—SAROJINI NAIDU.

The Bombay Chronicle

SUPPORT GOVERNMENT

It is today the duty of the whole country to support its Government wholeheartedly against the forces of evil conspiring against it. Three Socialist leaders accused the Government the other day of not having done "all that it could" to protect Gandhiji and said that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel was too old to attend to the various responsibihe had assumed. They also demanded that the Government "must formally resign in symbolic atonement of the evil deed" and that "in the reconstituted Government there should be no place for communalists and those who stood on the other side in the battle of freedom." At the Congress Party meeting the next day Sardar Patel explained the elaborate precautionary measures he had taken to protect Gandhiji, how even before the bomb incident the Birla House was entirely ringed by armed guards, how after the incident there was a police officer in almost every room, and how at the time of the assassination there were thirty plain clothes police officers who mingled in the prayer gathering of about 500 persons. The Sardar re-explained all these measures at the Central Assembly on Friday and we have no doubt that not only the Assembly but the public in general will also wholly repudiate the charge of neglect to protect Gandhiji.

As there is no doubt about the legislature and the public having full confidence in the Government, the question of its resignation does not arise, certainly not by way of "atonement". The Congress Party meeting is understood to have assured the Government of its fullest support. It is also said that both Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Patel have exploded the rumours that there were differences between them and stigmatised the authors of this whispering campaign as "dishonourable". Nor has there been any appreciable feeling in the country against the general principles on which the personnel of the Government is determined. Those principles are acceptance of the well-known policy and general programme, cooperation between all groups in the country accepting this policy so as to add to the Government's representative character and efficiency in carrying out the administration. So long as these fundamental principles and other obvious ones are followed, Congress does not mind to which political group or community a minister belongs. Indeed, in the present circumstances of the country the Government needs to be as broad-based or coalitionist as may be consistent with the policy of the majority party, the Congress. The present Government, therefore, will continue as a body. But it should be possible to strengthen it further if any fresh group is prepared to share responsibility with it and also accepts its policy and programme.

On Tuesday last Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, Socialist Party leader, in reply to a question stated: "We are prepared to take up any responsibility to deal with this crisis—any kind of responsibility whether in the Working Committee of the Congress or in the Government or anywhere else". The Socialist leaders have, however, reiterated their willingness to cooperate with the Government. The public will be glad if they accept responsibility in the Government. They can and should support Government even if they do not assume office. In any case the public will, we trust, give their fullest support to Government in its most arduous task of maintaining peace and consolidating the country's hard-won freedom.

On Persian Chess Board

An American spokesman at Lake Success scored a hit against Russia by waxing eloquent about the latter's "expansionist Imperialism". Meanwhile, the Soviet has sent identical notes of protest to U. S. and Persia against American military penetration in Iran, involving violation of the Soviet-Persian frontier, which have been rejected by both the countries. With major Powers ranged on opposite sides manoeuvring for positions, the future of the United Nations Organisation is far from promising. American diplomacy has lost face in the Middle East by estranging the Arabs by its pro-Zionist ventures. Since the British quitting India, Britain's stranglehold over Persia has become weak, as no Indian troops will be available to guard her oil interests, as was the case two years back. In the context of the new situation, there is a touch of humour in the Whitehall spokesman's assurance that "Indian public need not be agitated, as there was no apprehension of Russia exercising treaty right to advance troops into the Persian interior". This assurance is futile, because Russia will not act according to Whitehall time-table. At the same time, it is preposterous because Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has unequivocally defined India's foreign policy as one of furthering the cause of world peace and complete freedom from Power politics entanglement. India's stock in foreign chancellories has gone up because of this bold and straightforward stand. That is the main reason for Mr. Brailsford's suggestion that "Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru should act as host in New Delhi to the spokesmen of British and Soviet Governments to enable them to find a way of easing the tension between Britain and Soviet Russia". Free from the politics of oil India need have no jitters, as she can give and expect fair deal from all countries.

Frankly Speaking

Help The Police

Lawlessness is still rampant in several parts of the country. It will not be speedily controlled unless both the leaders and the public help the police. The leaders can help by boldly restraining those who seek to take the law into their own hands against men who are so mad as to indulge in anti-Gandhi demonstrations in public. The public can help by offering assistance to the police who in several cases, seem to be too weak or partial to do their duty effectively. The public can also help by giving the higher authorities prompt information against wrong doers in their neighbourhood or against the police who deliberately shirk their work. It should, however, be clearly understood that in their attempts to help in maintaining order the public should scrupulously act under the orders of the police officers-in-charge. To attempt to ignore or defy the police will only add to the lawlessness that is sought to be controlled.

Make It Non-Political

It is gratifying to learn that the leaders of the Hindu Mahasabha are considering fundamental modifications in its constitution so as to avoid the demonstrated dangers of communal politics. Dr. S. P. Mookherjee is understood to have expressed his view that, in the present conditions more than in the past, the Hindus who form an overwhelming majority in the country, can well afford to do without a separate political organisation to safeguard their interests. Accordingly, he is understood to have suggested the suspension by the Mahasabha of all its political programmes and concentration on social and religious work. This work is so enormous and yet so necessary that the Mahasabha will be doing a great service to the Hindu society and through it to the country by concentrating its many resources on this work of consolidation. Owing to rigorous caste barriers, particularly untouchability in the removal of which Mr. Savarkar and several other Mahasabha leaders have devoted much attention in the past, this huge community has been too divided and weakened to give its best to the country and to the world. Concentration in social work is not only a great thing in itself but has also its inevitable political significance. Care should, of course, be taken that this social work does not make the community communal in its work.

Fresh Political Party

Another proposal, discussed by the Mahasabha leaders was that the scope of work as well as its name should be so modified as to enable the people of all communities to join it with a view to developing itself as a new political party with a clear-cut programme of social and educational reconstruction of the country. This suggestion is reported to be based on the desirability of developing a sound opposition. Such a proposal need not be an alternative to the former. But it has the great advantage of being non-communal, though it is not wise to create an opposition party for the very sake of opposition We assume that the Mahasabha has some non-communal items in its programme. These items may well be the distinctive policy of the new political organisation to be formed. Whatever the final decisions of the Mahasabha, we trust it will not continue to function as a communal political body.

Towards Economic Democracy

(BY D. K. RANGNEKAR).

The economic malaise with which India is grappling at present has cast a gloom over the entire nation. A spirit of economic defeatism, a tone of despondency is evident even in the utterances of the Central Ministers. It was this spirit which Dr. Shyamprosad Mukherjee Minister for Industry and Supply alluded to when in his speech at the Industries Conference he remarked: "Let us not minimise the great danger of a feeling of frustration coming over the country". The titanic war that has entailed untold sufferings on the consumers, huge financial burdens on the common man nurtured in the people a passionate urge that these grievous sacrifices might yield a new life. In fact the people were tutored to view the afflictions of the war as an instrument of social and economic regeneration. Subsequent events in the economic field in the country, however, have disillusioned the people. As a result a wave of supineness and indifference, frustration and listlessness is sweeping over the masses.

Gravity Of The Situation

If realism is to be preferred to ballyhoo the apathy and despondency of the people are justified by the chaotic economic situation prevailing in the country to-day. Our country presents to-day an alarming paradox of rising prices and declining production. After August 1946 there has been steady fall in industrial production keeping idle considerable installed capacity. For example, while the peak production of cotton textiles in 1943-44 was 4871 million yards, the production estimated for 1947 is only 3800 million yards. The production of steel for 1947 inspite of an installed capacity of 1,246,000 tons per year, is estimated to be 875,000 tons as against an actual production of 11,600,000 tons in 1943. The estimated production of cement for 1947 is only 112,000 tons per month, while the monthly installed capacity is 173,000 tons. Similarly, the paper production for 1947 is estimated to be 86,000 tons though the annual capacity is 110,000 tons.

The progressive decline in production has resulted in the catastrophic phenomenon of rising prices. Thus the combined index number for semi-manufactured articles for the week ended 22nd November 1947 was 2522, while it stood at 2426 for the corresponding week in 1946. Similarly, the index number of wholesale prices of manufactured articles for November 1947 was 280.3 (average) while the general index of all wholesale prices stood at 299.6 in August 1947, as compared with 271.3 in the corresponding month of 1946. The situation would appear all the more distressing if we realise that during the year 1947 there has been a net fall in the volume of money in circulation. Whereas in 1946 there was a net addition of Rs. 37.62 crores to contribute to the rise in prices during that year, there has been a net fall in 1947 of about Rs. 19.36 crores.

Government Effort

This distressing symptom in India's economy has no doubt been recognised by the Government. The recent pronouncements of the Ministers and the Industries Conference held at New Delhi bear testimony to the desperate bid the National Government is making with the help of the industrialists to pull the country away from the brink of utter economic ruin. The concensus of the opinion at the Industries Conference ascribed the fall in production to labour unrest, shortage of raw materials and transport difficulties. Various decisions were arrived at the Conference covering all these "bottlenecks', in the full production of our industries. In the main, short term measures to step up production engaged the attention of the conference. Resolutions were passed setting targets of production to be achieved by fullest utilization of all forms of transport, imports and planned utilization of raw materials and rationalisation of all available facilities. Among the various decisions arrived at the conference, the signing of the Industrial Truce stands out as the most important, as the main cause of the decline in the industrial production, according to the industrialists, is the labour unrest. The Government has accepted the thesis of the industrialists and is banking on the Industrial Truce as the open sesame to industrial prosperity. The question naturally arises whether in the confused welter of happenings in the country the Industrial Truce will be effective in accelerating production.

Will The Industrial Truce Succeed?

The effectiveness of any industrial truce depends on the prevalent social and economic conditions. Are the conditions in our country favourable? I am afraid they are not. Our industrial economy is exclusively shaped by the calculus of profits. Profits, as proved by Ricardo, depend upon wages, rising as wages fall, and falling as wages rise. The capitalists in our country produce not merely for profits but for super-profits. This has its reaction on wages and even on the community. It is undeniable that our employers have always grudged even a slight increase in wages. A substantial portion of the increase in wages secured is due to the pressure of trade unionism. This involves a conflict between capital and labour which results in diminishing the amount of national wealth available for distribution. Labour to-day is conscious of its rights and is definitely reluctant to submit to social and economic maladjustments as though they were 'acts of God'. It is getting increasingly impatient of the recognised evils of our industrial system. In the face of all this it is singularly unfortunate that our capitalists should hug on, with fanatical zeal, to the discredited prejudices and obsolete conventions of early capitalism that to-day has made 'organised scarcity' an indelible feature of our economic system.

If the Industrial Truce is merely meant to prelude strikes and lockouts it is meaninglgless. An industrial truce as an instrument of augmenting production presupposes hard work and more sacrifice on the part of the producers of wealth—the industrial workers just as the workers in Great Britain are putting in to-day. But we must not lose sight of the fact that Great Britain under the Labour Government and India as at present are poles apart so far as material economic conditions are concerned. It is my firm belief that in the present context no amount of enthusiasm and spirit of sacrifice generated even by a national convulsion can be evoked in the task of accelerating production the benefit of which will largely go to increase the gains of the capitalists

Economic Democracy The Only Solution

It is truism that labour cannot be expected to put in more intensive work unless it has some sort of economic incentive. Without offering any economic incentive it is futile to appeal to the patriotic sentiments of the workers as our leaders have been doing at present. It is only economic democracy that can ensure the equitable distribution of wealth, giving labour its due share Under economic democracy labour thus would get just the type of incentive it needs to jolt it up for intensive effort. Economic democracy will not only eliminate the main cause of industrial unrest but will also enthuse the workers to put their heart and soul in their job. Thus there will be a salient and a radical change in their social and economic out-look. They will have a genuine interest in the production of wealth which incidentally will be their own. Then naturally there would be no cause to grudge any hard work for more production in a crisis like the present. On the contrary, the workers should be ever willing to sacrifice in a crisis like the present. On the contrary, the workers should be ever willing to sacrifice in a spirit of altruism for national interest which will be identical with their own interest unlike at present. In other words, economic democracy creates the right type of atmosphere for the most efficient combination the factors of production. The result is maximum production—just the thing we need today to tide over the crisis. In such an environment there will hardly be any reason for stoppage of work or for any go-slow tactics which are said to be the features of our present economic system. This apart economic democracy is the best antidote to the prevailing feeling of despondency.

The essence of economic democracy is the nationalisation of key industries and socialisation of others. What shape socialisation is to take in our country, whether we should have public corporations which are popular in the Western Europe or industrial cooperatives as in other progressive countries like Sweden, is for the State to decide. To my mind the organisation of industrial co-operatives appears to be an ideal and feasible proposition for our country. More so because co-operation of all forms is the nearest approach to social and economic justice.

Action Needed

Whatever form of socialisation we may ultimately adapt, the fact remains that there can be no defeatist approach to the industrial crisis that would be fruitless if even the prospect of an impending industrial catastrophe cannot goad us to modify our economic structure. It is obvious that the blasts of the economic blizzard created by the industrial crisis offers—an unique opportunity for us. Let us seize the opportunity with both our hands and lay the foundations for the realisation of our aspirations for common welfare guided by the over-riding considerations of national security.

Though our political freedom has not altered the basic elements of economic existence, it has unleashed a driving force which may accelerate the tendencies at work in our social and economic field. Let it be remembered that the present economic system, apart from stirring up serious discontent, has admittedly failed miserably to combine efficiently the factors of production. Perhaps the present industrial crisis is a standing indictment of the system which for all practical purposes has outlived itself. The only achievement that can be claimed in its favour is that it has bred serious class struggle between capital and labour that threatens to destroy our hard won political freedom. Let us not forget that the economic society is a living organism. We have evidently reached a stage in economic evolution that points in a fresh direction. Let the State show its capacity for bold action by seizing the present opportunity and doing the right thing even in the teeth of opposition from the protagonists of status quo.

There is not the least doubt that the present crisis will deepen and the prevailing feeling will go deep down into our life if things are allowed to drift. There can be no stronger argument in favour of economic democracy than the present emergency. The country needs such an economic system more today than ever before.

Saint Gandhi

Sir,—Some time after the arrival of Gandhiji in India, the people gave him the title of "Mahatma" or "The great-souled". Since the 15th of August even the Government of India have been calling him "Mahatma Gandhi".

However, since Gandhiji lived like a saint and died also like a Saint, it would be appropriate if henceforth we called him "Saint Gandhi" in English and "Sant Gandhi" in the Indian languages.—Yours, etc.

M. K. DESAI

Jalgaon.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Memorial To Gandhiji

Sir,—May we suggest to the Government of India to print the picture of Mahatma Gandhiji on currency notes, postal stamps and coins to perpetuate his memory? We are sure our suggestion will have universal approval.—Yours, etc.

S. K. CHELLIAH.
G. BABU RAO

146, Kingsway,
Secunderabad.

Mahatmaji's Mortal Remains

Sir,—In our grievous loss we have overlooked our duty towards Mahatmaji's lifelong companion Kasturba. She represents the noblest qualities of Indian womanhood and it is in the fitness of things that our homage to the two great souls can be best paid by laying a portion at least of Mahatmaji's mortal remains beside Kasturba's Samadhi at Aga Khan's Palace, Poona and thus convert the historical prison of the saint into an immortal sanctuary for posterity. —Yours etc.,

S. G. DIVATIA

Dhanraj,
Bombay.

Housing Ordinance

Sir,—In view of the new Housing Ordinance issued I appeal to the Government to clarify their attitude towards those unfortunate tenants against whom decrees of ejectment are outstanding. These decrees are obtained by landlords on the ground that the tenants premises were 'bona fide' required by them for their own personal use. In quite a large number of cases, these landlords are residing in their present premises for quite a number of years—in short they have a place of shelter from which they will move to displace their tenants who will thereafter have no place of shelter at all.

These tenants may have applied to the Government for giving them a suitable accommodation under the provisions of the Ordinance. However, if by the time the period allowed by the Court for the decree to take effect expires and if the Government has been unable to provide any accommodation for these tenants, what is to become of them? The Court will certainly not give any indefinite extension of time to them and looking to the present acute housing shortage, it is very doubtful if the Government will be successful in accommodating them in any short period.

A terrible uncertainty thereby hangs over the fate of these tenants whose home and hearth will almost certainly be broken up unless the Government rushes to their rescue. This the Government can easily do by ordering a general stay of decrees in all cases of ejectment, except those due to default in rent payment. Alternatively the Government could utilise their powers under the Ordinance by allowing these tenants to continue to occupy their present premises until they are provided with a suitable place of residence by the Government.

FAIRPLAY.

30th Dec. 1947.

Bank Pass-Books:

Sir,—Mr. O. R. Shah has rightly raised an important question which is of special interest to the entire mercantile community as well as bank-employees. In point of fact he drawing jockeys just prior to the race has the support by a considerable majority?

If it may be argued that no such system is in vogue anywhere else, why not we in India do this at the will of the punters and thus show to the world how real Racing is to be part of the ledger-keeper that the pass-books are long delayed. Overburdened as he, always is, the pass-books could not be completed in right earnest what is the remedy for this then? The substitution of pass-book method by monthly statements of account to be sent to the account-holders will go a great way to remedy this fundamental evil. Those who want them to be furnished every week may pay extra for that. Only Brokers or big limited companies would require this and the can well manage to pay. The management must see that these charges are paid extra to the ledger-keepers by proper distribution. It is high-time the bank's clerk Union takes up this matter.—Yours etc.

Kadi ANANT C. SHETH

Recent Bans And Govt. Of Bombay

Sir,— A sincere Congressman, these days is finding it rather difficult to defend the Government of Bombay when they ban in an invidious fashion some X'mas conferences and allow others to be held. One fails to understand the logic and the motives behind these prohibitory orders. The public is not very favourably impressed by the elaborate but unconvincing explanation offered in defence of the bans; on the contrary, one often hears the people saying that they are sadly disillusioned about their "popular" Government which, in actual practice is found to be not a whit better than the old bureaucratic British Government. The "delicate" communal situation in the city is paraded as a sound reason for imposing the bans, and yet the J. J. Hospital, though situated in a notoriously affected locality was allowed to be the venue of the Medical Conference presumably because it was inaugurated by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay. Then why did they ban the special conference of secondary teachers at Khar, a place farthest removed from the delicately affected parts of Bombay? Did the Government apprehend that communal peace of the place would have been irreparably marred by the presence of such an elightened and law-abiding fraternity as the secondary teachers? Though bristling with controversy, the Hindi Conferences at Marine Drive a place not far removed from the affected zones, was not interfered with for the simple reason that they were graced by such august personages as the President of the B.P.C.C and the Prime Ministers of Bombay and U. P. Is the Shivaji Park at Dadar a more affected locality than the J. J. Hospital side that the Seva Dal Rally, a pronouncedly non-communal function organised in the interest of communal peace, was banned at the eleventh hour to the great disappointment of thousands of Congress enthusiasts. The Students' Conference at the Kamgar Maidan was not only banned but dispersed with a display of force which when used by the British Government, used to be condemned in unmeasured terms by those very persons who sanctioned its use at the Kamgar Maidan.

A conviction is growing gradually among the people that the Government are obsessed with the red bogey and their professions of solicitude for public safety are a mere ruse and a pose. By such disregard of popular feeling they are alienating the sympathies and support of students, teachers and workers and by drawing so heavily on the reservoir of public goodwill the Government are laying themselves to the charge that they belong to the rich and function for the rich. The present Government is a popularly elected body responsible for their every act to the public that has installed them in power

As a Congressman it is not pleasant for me to write in this strain but I deem it my painful duty to apprise the Government of the fact that they are fast losing their hold on the public mind: a foretaste of it. I fear, the Government is destined to have at no distant date when the Municipal election result of Bombay will be known by the month of March In view of this widespread public discontent will the Government be good enough to come out boldly with a frank but satisfactory statement clarifying their position and thus strengthen the hands of such Congressmen as desire to be in a position to defend their Government? The enemies of this Government, both avowed and disguised—not the Socialists, mind—are fully exploiting the situation to their advantage and biding their time to overthrow this Government. Hence like the soothsayer who warned Caesar, we gently warn the Government to beware of the Ides of March—Yours etc.

PATKAR S. S.

Jan. 8.

Aligarh Muslim University

Sir,—Referring to your editorial "A Striking Message", your reference to the Aligarh Muslim University as a communal institution is incorrect. As an ex-student of this famous institution I can say that there is no communal bar there, and during my time there were a few Hindu students also, and as far as I know there have always been a few Hindu students who have taken advantage of this institution to enlighten themselves. It is also worth noting that this institution has produced a number of prominent Nationalist Muslims to mention a few, Sheikh Abdullah better known as "Sher-i-Kashmir", Mr. K. A. Abbas, Mr. Z. B. Kureishi, Editor "Sound" Magazine. I sincerely hope that Pundit Nehru's inspiring message to the students of Aligarh will act as an impetus towards Aligarh's greater contribution to Indian Nationalism.—Yours, etc.

GULAMALI HABIB.

Memorial Service

A large number of people hailing from all the five continents attended the memorial service at India House, which looked more like a temple or church than an official building. Flowers were kept below the portrait of the Mahatma and a lamp burnt bright on either side. Prayers were recited by Hindus, Parsees, Sikhs and Muslims according to their own custom. This was only appropriate, for Gandhiji paid homage to all religions.

If we were not insane, we would do exactly what Gandhiji did. Every religion has a message for mankind and why should we not benefit from all. I have never understood the present order of things in which we are allowed to call ourselves the members of a particular religion without qualifying for it. Even a night club does not throw its membership open to all and sundry.

What Happens Now?

What happens now— This is the question on everybody's lips. Fears are hinted at, if not openly expressed that Gandhiji's death would set off a new way of violence.

"The British kept the peace", says Alan Moorhead, in the "Observer" with police and prestige and Gandhi did it with love. Now within six months both police and love have vanished." Yet, the writer presumably recognises that a counter current will be starting up. "The Gandhi sects, the millions who worshipped this man in life and who now will want to venerate him in death in the only acceptable way—by obeying his creed of non-violence" All eyes are now set on India. Will Indians rise to the occasion. Will Indians follow in practice the teachings of one whom they loved. Indeed, even if a small section of the people of India follow the teachings of the Mahatma, they would not find it difficult to put this ancient country on her feet again.

We are on our trial. As High Commissioner Menon said at the memorial service, no Indian can escape responsibility for the death of Gandhiji. We allowed conditions to assume a shape in which the tragedy could be possible but we can undo it in some way by working for those great ideals for which the "Father of the Nation" worked. He worked for human brotherhood. He worked for harmony between the various people inhabiting the great country. He worked for the principle of forgive and forget. If he still lived as a writer says in the "People", "he would echo the divine prayer for the forgiveness of those who know not what they do." Let us purge our minds of the evil thoughts of revenge. Revenge cannot heal our wounds. Wounds would be healed by the establishment of harmony. Peace will not only please the Creator but actually make our life on this planet easy. Rangles will only make the task of repairing the great damage sustained during the past centuries difficult. Let us now solemnly resolve to work for communal harmony in India.

"Hindus Should Adopt Muslims"

Perhaps, it is not widely known in India that certain towns in Australia have adopted certain towns in Britain and send them gifts of food and other things. Why cannot we do something like this in India. Those Muslims, who have suffered during the recent tragedy, should be adopted by Hindus, and Hindus, who have suffered should be adopted by Muslims. Let a Hindu family be responsible for the protection of at least one Muslim family in India and defend it with its life. The feelings aroused in Hindu and Sikh refugees by their sufferings can easily be understood. But it is not revenge that will give them comfort, but charity and forgiveness. Gandhiji's death has plunged India into a black-out.

But he has shown us how to rekindle the light. If we light the lamps again, not only will we rehabilitate ourselves in the estimation of the world, but send a fresh message of hope and cheer to the weary world. During the war every Englishman became a Churchill. Let every Indian become a Gandhi today and preach and practise the virtues of tolerance and humanity. It is undoubtedly more difficult to be a Gandhi than a Churchill. But India needs not Churchills but Gandhis.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

This world is but an alley true
Of Good and Ill together seeing,
A constant war betwixt the two
He has ordained: 'Thou shalt not yield'.
Man's business sole to fight the fight,
A creature of free-will becomes
An heir to all his deeds done right,
The promised R'STAKHIZ when comes.
Thus unmolested do ye live,
Let Righteousness be your sweet lot;
Thus unaffected do ye work,
And leave not virtue's field unfought.

—Last Words of Lord Zoroaster.

Kashmir Plebiscite

Sir,—India, by insisting on a plebiscite under Sheikh Abdulla's Government raises the suspicion of world opinion that it wants to influence the result of the plebiscite. If it were really true, as the Indian leaders have been saying, that every Kashmiri is against joining Pakistan which has let the raiders loose on his fair land, there should be no hesitation in accepting a plebiscite under International auspices. India is already losing vast sums every day.

Let our leaders realise that it is in our interest to regard Pakistan as a settled fact. We have sufficient natural resources and man power within our present boundaries to build up a prosperous and enlightened society. Nothing will contribute more to the national safety of India than our success in building up a peaceful, progressive, and democratic society. And as to the leadership of Asia, let our leaders remember that the only leadership worth striving for is the moral leadership, and it can be achieved by concentrating on domestic matters and cleaning our country of all the material and moral dirt which has accumulated here through out centuries.—Yours etc.

D. S. MANKEKAR
Saraswat Co-operative
Buildings, Bombay.

ENGLAND'S TEARS FOR GANDHIJI

India House: A Temple

(From OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON:— We are still shaken by the news of Gandhiji's death Fleet Street covered the tragedy as though Gandhi was one of Britain's own son. It devoted several columns to the life of a man whom many described as the modern Christ. 'Prophet', 'saint', 'legend'—These are the terms that were widely used. India was assured that Gandhiji's death was not only a blow to her but blow to the world. Expressions of grief and horror came from all sections of London, from the King to the little people who had marvelled for years at the power of this frail man. In streets, in tea houses and even in pubs, the one topic of conversation was the Mahatma's death. Never has London mourned the death of a foreigner more intensely than that of Gandhi. Indeed, London was as almost as grieved as any town in India.

Police Sub-Inspector Killed In Patan

I. G. RUSHES TO SATARA DISTRICT

Godse's Brother Arrested In Poona: Savarkar Under Home Internment

POONA, Feb. 6. (A.P.I.): A police sub-inspector is reported to have been killed while on duty by rioters in disturbances at Patan in Satara district today.

Mr. N. M. Kamte, Inspector-General of Police, Bombay Province, tonight rushed to Satara to study personally the situation there.

LAW AND ORDER IN BHOR

The I. G. of the police on his way to Satara will first stop in Bhor State where the Bombay Government today took over the administration of Law and Order in view of the disturbances in the State. He will proceed to Belgaum district which has been the scene of some serious trouble during the past few days.

Ten R.S.S. workers have been arrested by the police in Poona district, it was learnt today.

GODSE'S YOUNGER BROTHER ARRESTED

POONA, Feb. 6. (U.P.I.): About fifty bad characters have been so far externed from the city as a precautionary measure and about thirty persons were arrested for arson in villages round about Poona.

The younger brother of Nathuram Godse has also been arrested.

It is gathered that an associate of Madanlal, the alleged person, who threw a bomb at Gandhiji's prayer meeting, was brought here and on the basis of information given by him the police arrested three persons and searched four premises from which it is stated some incriminating material was seized.

HOME INTERNMENT FOR SAVARKAR

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar who was arrested in connection with the ban on R.S.S. organisation in the early hours of Thursday morning and detained in the Arthur Road Prison, was taken to his residence tonight on medical advice.

Mr. Savarkar, it is learnt, will be detained in his house and will not be allowed to communicate with outsiders except with the permission of the authorities.

KALYAN ARRESTS

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN Feb. 6.

Five arrests of R.S.S. men were made at Dombivali and three persons at Shahapur. Mr. Raikar and Mr. Joshi (Engineer, Ambarnath Match Factory) of Ambarnath, Mr. Dandekar, an Industrialist of Bhiwandi were arrested. All the arrested R.S.S. workers have been detained in the Thana District Prison.

Dr. N. T. Whawal, President, Kalyan Hindu Mahasbha has tendered his resignation.

BOMBS IN GUNNY BAG

(From Our Correspondent)

BARSI, (By Mail).

Four steel bombs were found in a gunny bag in the B. L. Railway Mail that was running from Latur to Kurduwadi on 3rd instant.

SANGLI, Feb. 6. (A.P.I.): The Sangli police today searched the local office of the R.S.S. and houses of a number of persons belonging to the organisation.

BELGAUM, Feb. 6. (A. P. I.): Eight prominent R.S.S. volunteers have been arrested. The police also searched the houses of two R.S.S. men, who were arrested on February 1. The R.S.S. office at Shahapur near Belgaum has been sealed.

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 6, (A.P.I.): Six R.S.S. workers were arrested at Dholka in Ahmedabad District and brought to Sabarmati Jail this morning.

Among the six R.S.S. workers arrested today at Dholka, in Ahmedabad District, was Mr. Devendra Pranshankar Oza, a member of the Dholka Municipality

Eighteen R.S.S. workers were arrested in Ahmedabad City during the last two days and 13 places were searched.

KARWAR, Feb. 6. (A.P.I.): Twentey-five persons connected with the Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh have been rounded-up in different parts of Karwar District.

ASSOCIATIONS BANNED IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Feb. 6. (A.P.I.): The Governor of Madras, Sir Archibald Nye, today issued an order suspending all activities of nine more organisations in the Province, in addition to the Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh, which was outlawed by Government on Wednesday.

The organisations specified are:

1. Santisenas
2. Communist Volunteer Corps
3. Red Army Volunteer Organisation or Red Guards
4. Communist Jathas
5. Communist Red Cross Volunteer Organisation
6. Shibirams
7. Muslim National Guards
8. Muslim Balak Sangh and
9. Muslim Rashtriya Sevak Sangh.

The Government of Madras have ordered the release of Mr. V. Rajagopalachari, Sangh Chalak of the Rashtriya Swyam Sevak Sangh Madras, following an undertaking given by him that he will not henceforth associate with the Provincial R.S.S. in any manner He was arrested on Wednesday night and kept in police custody for interrogation

Two R.S.S. workers from the Central Provinces, Messrs Deshpande and Jogiekar, who were absconding since Wednesday night, surrendered to the police this morning.

A report from Chinglepet says that Mr. D. K. Varadachariar who recently presided over a function organised by the local R.S.S. Sangh was arrested by the police last evening and was taken to Vellore Jail.

MASULIPATAM, Feb. 6, (U.P.I.): The local police arrested last evening Mr. P. Venkata Seshagiri Rao and four others connected with the R.S.S. Sangh.

MADRAS PROVINCIAL HINDU SABHA ACTIVITIES SUSPENDED

MADURA, Feb. 6, (A.P.I.): Activities of the Hindu Mahasabha in the province have been suspended forthwith for a period of two months in view of the situation created by Mahatma Gandhi's assassination, announced the General Secretary of the Provincial Hindu Mahasabha, Mr. K. Sivanandy Thevar.

The General Secretary of the Madura City Hindu Mahasabha has decided to dissolve the organisation in the city.

CALICUT, Feb. 6, (A.P.I.): Messrs. Sankara Sastri and Dutta Dedolkar, two R.S.S captains from Nagpur who have been training local R.S.S. volunteers and organising R.S.S. Sanghas throughout Malabar District, were arrested today and taken to Cannanore Sub-Jail for detention. Ten R.S.S. workers arrested in Mangalore yesterday, were today taken to Vellore Jail.

YEOTMAL DISSOLVES MAHASABHA

YEOTMAL, Feb. 6, (A.P.I.): The Yeotmal Hindu Mahasabha at a special meeting held here today decided to dissolve all its branches in the district.

DEWAN BAHADUR ARRESTED

DHANBAD, Feb. 6 (API): Dewan Bahadur Waliram Taneja, a local colliery-owner and well-known Hindu Mahasabhite, was arrested here this morning in connection, it is stated, with a speech he had delivered at an RSS rally at Jharia last month. Mr. Taneja has been taken to Purulia.

Six RSS workers, arrested here yesterday have also been taken to Purulia.

SIMLA ARRESTS

SIMLA, Feb. 6 (API): Large-scale arrests of the office-bearers and workers of the RSS in Simla were made this morning. The houses of the arrested persons were also searched.

The arrested persons include Lala Chandulal, leader of the Simla RSS and Mr. Satya Prakash, headmaster of the D. A. V. High School.

40 ARRESTED IN LUCKNOW

LUCKNOW, Feb. 5 (API): The total number of arrests of members of the RSS and the Hindu Mahasabha in Lucknow has reached 40. Among those taken into custody are: Mr. G. S. Khosla, Secretary of the Evacuees Association, Lucknow, Pt. Tej Narain, RSS "Sangh Sanchalak", Lucknow, and Mr. Rajiva Lachan Agnihotri, RSS leader of Rewa State.

Mr. Mahendra Pratap Shastri, Principal of the D. A. V. College and Mr. Bhrigudutt Tewari, Municipal Commissioner, who were taken into custody today were later released on giving assurances to the District authorities that they had nothing to do with the activities of the RSS or the Hindu Mahasabha.

PRECAUTIONS IN E. PUNJAB

JULLUNDUR, Feb. 5 (API): Following the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi, armed police guards have been posted at the residences of the Premier and other Ministers of the East Punjab Government.

Restrictions are imposed on the entry of visitors to the Civil Secretariat and police guards are posted at all entrances.

204 ARRESTED

U.P.I. adds:

According to information at the Secretariat till 1 p.m. today about 204 members of the Rashtriya Swyam Sevak Sangh have been arrested all over the province.

SUSPEND R. S. S. GOVT. EMPLOYEES

LUCKNOW, Feb. 5 (API): The U.P. Government have issued instructions to the District authorities and to heads of various departments to take immediate disciplinary action against any Government servant who has been in any way associated with the activities of the RSS and to suspend him without delay, it is learnt.

The Criminal Investigation Department has been instructed to see that no Government servant has any association whatsoever with the Sangh and if any Government employeee is found to be contravening the directions of Government, severe disciplinary action including dismissal may be taken against him.

CAWNPORE: The local police today sealed the bungalow of a professor of a local college, which, it is alleged, housed the main office of the Cawnpore R.S.S.

BALLIA: Four more R.S.S. workers, including Dr. Ram Dayal Singh, were arrested by the police today.

WEST BENGAL ARRESTS

CALCUTTA, Feb. 6 (API): Ten more R.S.S. workers have been arrested by the police in different parts of West Bengal. This brings the total number of arrests made in the Province so far to 40. Two of the arrested persons belong to the Central Provinces.

HINDU RASHTRA DAL MEMBERS ARRESTED

INDORE, Feb. 6 (API): Prominent workers of the R.S.S. Sangh of the Indore State have been arrested here following the declaration of the Sangh an unlawful association by the State Government.

Scores of houses belonging to the members of the Hindu Rashtra Dal, an association organised by the alleged assailant of Mahatma Gandhi, N. V. Godse, were searched and all members of the Rashtra Dal were taken into custody. Some of the volunteers of the RSS and the Hindu Mahasabha are absconding.

Altogether 30 arrests have been made.

Sidelight On R. S. S. Activities

Secret Meetings Of Inner Circle

NEW DELHI: Some weeks ago an R.S.S. rally was held in Delhi attended by some 50,000 of whom about 20,000 came from out stations. At a secret meeting of the inner circle at the time attended by about 2,500 the Guru Mr. M. S. Golwalker was reported to have said that the Sangh "will not rest until it has achieved Akhand Hindustan and will finish any individual or Government that stands in the way writes the New Delhi correspondent of the "Leader".

R.S.S. is a secret society which does not believe in the ballot box. Its chief aim is to create hatred against Muslims and to organise public opinion and action to that end. It makes its appeal to the young by preaching 'revival of Hindu culture and consolidation of Hindus.'

HOW THEY WORK

Brains of the Sangh now that of dom has been achieved have begun to work on Fascist lines. R.S.S. insist on respect for Bhagwa Flag to the sxcluslon of all other flags. The National flag is trampled upon by R.S.S. men at the initiation of members of the secret inner fold. They are told: Just as a woman respects only one husbandfi so R.S.S. men must respect only one flag. The organisation's working and activities are kept secret during preliminary training of its members. Secrets are imparted to only those selected for military training. Workers in the inner circle are asked to collect fire-arms and ammunition but there is strict injunction against coming into open clash with authorities. Several Hindu magnates are connected with this organisation and finance the purchase of arms. Following the pattern of Muslim League and its National Guards a special attempt is made to get Government employees in subordinate services and in police and especially of Posts and Telegraphs Department into the Sangh. These men in various Government departments are canvassed for joining the Sangh. Documents and records of the Sangh lay emphasis on this aspect of work. Parades are held in temple grounds to avoid suspicion and to evade restrictions under section 144 Cr.P.C. The Sangh has succeeded in many places in gaining the support of local Congressmen. In other places attempts have been made to break up Congress meetings and beat up Congressmen. Printed circulars have been issued urging social and economic boycott of 'vidharmis' and Sangh officials are asked to work for the defeat of the Congress at the next election. Sangh officials send all important news and instructions through couriers who use railways, buses, jeeps and cycles.

SUICIDE SQUADS

The U. P. Governmene was reported recently to have prepared a catalogue of criminal activities of the Sangh. The catalogue has not been published probably because it was considered best to deal with the matter as a problem of law and order. There is hardly a district in the western zone of U.P. where Sangh workers have not committed some terrorist act or other. In one place 16 persons in military and police uniform raided a village and looted Rs. 60,000. Railway stations and trains receive the special attention of such gangs, the Sangh literature places emphasis on the greatness of Hinduism and the chivalry of Hindu heroes and thus hides its political objectives. Polls are taken to array Hindu and Sikh opinion against Muslims. Special attempts are made to recruit men from among refugees and there is considerable intensication of effort in East Punjab. All shikshaks, namely instructors of R.S.S. have been directed by the central office to learn military drill. Suicide squads are getting ready to 'kill or get killed.'

PRIVATE ARMY

R.S.S. is the nucleus of a private army which under cover of physical culture attracts men and infects them with the cry of Hinduism in danger as a counter to the League's slogan of Islam in danger.

How can this evil be arrested? Government can ban the organisation and thus reduce it to those who form its inner circle and bring them in outer circle.

No Government can tolerate a secret society whose leader tells his inner circle. I have the means whereby our opponents can be immediately silenced'—The "Leader."

R. S. S.-SEVA DAL CLASH AVERTED IN KARWAR

KARWAR, Feb. 4. (API): A special general meeting of the Karwar District Local Board resolved that as the land assessment in this district is already exhorbitantly high, it cannot accept the proposal to increase the local fund cess from two in the rupee to three annas. The meeting not only welcomed Government offer of its promised contribution of 15 per cent of the land revenue to the D. L. B. but demanded a reasonable share from the forest revenue.

DE VELERA LEADS

DUBLIN, Feb. 6, (Reuter): Prime Minister Eamon De Valera's Fianna Fail Party had increased its lead over Fine Cael, the opposition group, by winning 55 seats in the Dail (Parliament) when results were known today for 111 of the 146 seats contested in the general election on Wednesday.

"GANDHIJI'S PROPHETIC WORDS CAME TRUE"

(Continued from Page 1)

or at other times. The Superintendent of Police, New Delhi, approached Gandhiji's staff with this proposal but was told that Gandhiji would not agree to this. The D. I. G. also approached Gandhiji's staff perscnally but with the same result. Then he saw Gandhiji personally and represented to him that there was danger and he should be allowed the facilities asked for. Otherwise they (the Police) would be discredited if anything untoward happened. But Gandhiji would not agree. Gandhiji said that his life was in the hands of God and that if he had to die, no precautions would save him He would not agree to anybody being restricted from coming to the prayer meeting or anybody being allowed to come between his audience and himself.

PROPHETIC WORDS

Sardar Patel himself pleaded with him for allowing the police to do their duty in regard to his protection but without success. "To my profound regret and utter sorrow and to the irreparable loss of all of us, the nation and the world, the weak spot both I and the police had apprehended was deceitfully and successfully exploited by the assassin and Gandhiji's prophetic words that 'if he had to die no precautions could save him' came true".

Question: Are sufficient steps being taken to protect the lives of Ministers of Government against such attacks?

Answer: As far as possible and consistent with the wishes and inclinations of the Ministers concern, sufficient precautionary measures have been taken to protect their lives.

Pandit Balkrishna Sharma: Is it a fact that a Superintendent of Police was asked to be present at the time of the prayer meeting but that on the terrible day, the Superintendent was not there.

Sardar Patel: There were plenty of armed police. I will make enquiries whether the particular officer was present there or not.

UNDERGROUND MOVEMENT FEARED

Replying to further supplementaries, Sardar Patel said that it was inadvisable to disclose all the facts that were under investigation. He could, however, add that after taking the statement of the first offender who threw the bomb, an officer was sent to Bombay to contact the Bombay G.I.D. and as a result of the discussions, it was thought that some persons should be arrested. But then it was considered inadvisable to have the arrests made immediately, as others who were involved in the conspiracy might get a clue and try to go underground or run.

Both the Bombay police and the Delhi C.I.D., after consultation, came to the conclusion that the conspiracy should be further pursued and a little more time might be taken.

It was also true that the authorities were on the track of these people but they were not all in Bombay.

Lala Deshbandhu Gupta: Was it not possible for the Delhi C.I.D. to procure the photograph of the Assassin in Bombay, if it is correct that he was named by the earlier arrested person, and supply it to the people who were on watch in Birla House so that they could have identified the assassin?

TASK FOR DELHI POLICE

Sardar Patel: What the Delhi Police did in pursuance of the information received was to trace these people but all were not at one place and it was not possible to take photographs of people who were not in Bombay.

Answering Mr. Krishnaswamy Bharati, the Home Minister said it was not true that the Bombay police informed the Delhi Police beforehand that a man of desperate character had left Bombay in pursuance of the conspiracy.

Mr. Kamath: Are Government aware that as a sequel to the great tragedy that has overtaken us, certain groups and individuals are trying to foist the entire blame on the Home Minister and trying to show discord in Government ranks?

PERMISSION NECESSARY?

The question was disallowed.

Mr. Rohini Kumar Choudhury asked whether it was not customary in the case of the Governor-General or Governor for the police to take precautionary measures without asking for any permission.

Sardar Patel: "In the present case the person concerned was a different person and it was not possible for the police to do anything without consulting him."

Pandit Balkrishna Sharma suggested that in arranging for the protection of the Ministers, their wishes in the matter should not be taken into consideration.

Speaker: This is argument.

Sardar Patel said in answer to more supplementaries that it would not be in the public interest to go into greater details.

BREACH OF CONVENTIONS

Earlier, the Speaker, Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, invited the attention of the House and the press to an important breach of the conventions of the House, namely the publication of the question in the press yesterday. "I might just invite the Honourable Members' attention to the necessity and desirability of no question or motion finding publicity in the press before not only these are admitted but so far as questions are concerned, before they are answered in the House. It is but fair both to the House as also to Government that the question and answer should go to the public together".

NO RAIDS ON PAKISTAN BY INDIAN FORCES

(Continued from Page 1)

formation of such a National Government the legislature should consider that an all-party Government should be stabilised it is "possible that the coalition idea would be one worth considering. But what I wish to stress is that our scheme before the Council contemplates alternative methods of forming a Government before the plebiscite is taken, which should be satisfactory from all viewpoints."

Turning to the memorandum from the Colombia Delegation, Mr. Ayyangar said it tried to tackle all points of controversy and made proposals with all of which the Indian Delegation could not agree. Dealing with the memorandum point by point, Mr. Ayyangar said he could not agree with the suggestion that the future Government of Jammu and Kashmir should be determined by the plebiscite. "This is going beyond the province of the Security Council."

Mr. Ayyangar said the Colombian suggestion that "an interim administration which will command the full confidence and respect of the people of Jammu and Kashmir State is essential to the attainment of the aims and purposes of this resolution", was not acceptable in that form. If it were amended to read that "the early establishment of a Government reflecting the will of the people is essential to the attainment of the aims and purposes of the resolution", this would be acceptable.

The Colombian point "that for its information and guidance the Security Council should be in a position to call form and receive, from chosen representatives direct reports of conditions in Jammu and Kashmir, State and other parts of India or Pakistan" should be omitted because, Mr. Ayyangar said, it gave the Commission far too wide a jurisdiction.

COMPOSITION OF COMMISSION

On the composition of the commission, suggested by the Colombian delegates the Indian Delegation reserved its position. But on the Colombian suggestion that the Emergency Administration of Kashmir should be reorganised on the advice of the Commission, Mr. Ayyangar said he could not agree that the Commission had jurisdiction in this matter. He also could not agree on the principle of proportional representation for Muslim and non-Muslim groups, because this sort of communal division was what the authorities were trying to avoid in Kashmir.

The Colombian suggestion for the return of refugees were entirely acceptable and the further proposal that the plebiscite should be organised under the advice, and supervised by, the Security Council Commission", was also acceptable, provided that it was made quite clear that the Commission would have no executive functions.

Mr. Ayyangar concluded: 'My own feeling is that after yesterday's debate we have made some progress. If the direction of that progress is kept up it is possible by further discussion and debate, to arrive at conclusions which may perhaps prove acceptable to both parties."

ZAFRULLAH KHAN'S CHARGE

Sir Zafrullah Khan (Pakistan) said it was clear from the statement made yesterday by Sheikh Abdullah that he was putting forward a "desperate plea on his own behalf".

Sheikh Abdullah, by every possible means, intended to remain head of the Kashmir Government and was looking forward to being Prime Minister appointed by the Maharajah and, as he put it, no power on earth could or should displace him.

Sir Zafrullah described Sheikh Abdullah as a "handpicked instrument of the Maharajah", and declared "he has not been elected by the people, or by any sections of the people, to be the head of the Kashmir Administration".

Sir Zafrullah said he joined with M. Ayyangar in the hope that progress had been made in the discussions. "But his analysis of the memorandum presented by the Colombian Delegation indicates that the only features in it that he considers satisfactory are those that are in accord with the document that India submitted to the Secretary General on January 27. The whole question has got to be settled on the basis of considerations which have already been stressed by various members of the Council".

MCNAUGHTON'S SUGGESTION

The Council Chairman, General McNaughton, said agreement between India and Pakistan could only take place by mutual concessions. It is the wish of the Council that the Round Table talks between India and Pakistan should be resumed without delay.

The former Security Council President, M. Fernand Van Langenhove (Belgium) would preside at these resumed talks and General McNaughton would hold himself in readiness to be consulted.

General McNaughton said it is obvious, I think, that continuity in these discussions is of first importance and accordingly in the talks which I have had with both parties I have ventured to suggest that it would be great advantage to them and to the Council if we retained the good offices of M. Van Langenhove, who made such a valued contribution to these negotiations when he was President, now to act in capacity of rapporteur.

"I would also hope that as soon as we have been able to do this the rapporteur and I would once again get in touch with the representatives of India and Pakistan in an effort to advance the case by way of agreement between the two parties.

"If such agreement is not forthcoming the Council will then have to consider what further action will be necessary for the Council to take in regard to the case, and for this purpose I shall, as soon as it is practicable, submit a report to this Council on results of further negotiations.

"Meanwhile I would propose that we defer any further action on the two resolutions submitted by the representative of Belgium".

Mr P Noel Baker (Britain) said there was no doubt the course adopted by the Chairman was a wise one for the Council to pursue, and he expressed gratitude to the Chairman and to the delegations of India and Pakistan.

The Chairman then adjourned the meeting until Monday, "by which time I hope sufficient progress will have been made to make a proper report to the Council."

Indian Unity Will Follow In Wake Of Freedom

AUROBINDO GHOSH SAYS "THE LIGHT THAT LED US TO FREEDOM WILL BURN TILL IT CONQUERS"

PONDICHERRY, Feb. 6. (A.P.I.): Sri Aurobindo Ghosh, the philosopher-saint of Pondicherry, making a statement on the death of Mahatma Gandhi today expressed the hope that "the Power that brought us through so much struggle and suffering to freedom will achieve also, through whatever strife or trouble, the aim which so poignantly occupied the thoughts of the fallen leader at the time of his tragic ending".

"Even as it brought us freedom, it will bring us unity", Sri Aurobindo added.

Sri Aurobindo who was making the statement to the All-India radio said: "I would have preferred silence in the face of these circumstances that surround us. For any words we can find fall flat amid such happenings.

"This much, however, I will say that the light which led us to freedom, though not yet to unity, still burns and will burn on till it conquers. I believe firmly that a great and united future is the destiny of the nation and its peoples".

"A free and united India will be there", Sri Aurobindo emphasised, "and the mother will gather around her sons and weld them into a single national strength in the life of a great and united people".

"In order to cut him down to the dimensions of our experience, we of the west may soon be tempted to 'debunk' Gandhi's greatness, to restudy his weaknesses and 'black' him in the political history of these times.

"But let us start with the fact—Gandhi was not just a 'great man'—he was a universal saint, something the west had not produced for many generations".

Gandhi is described as the "greatest apostle of peace and brotherhood of man" on the "news pages" of the magazine.

Among 24 photographs illustrating his story is a half-page picture of the Mahatma sitting cross-legged at his spinning wheel and captioned "Mahatma Gandhi exemplifies the virtues of the simplicity that he preached".

TIME WILL REVEAL HIS GREATNESS

NEW YORK, February 6. (Reuter): Mahatma Gandhi's "final greatness will be voiced not through the nation he sought to create but in the aspiring hearts of all men in all nations and all times", declared the American magazine "Life" in its editorial today.

The magazine which devoted six full pages to Mahatma Gandhi said:

MEMORIAL SERVICE IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (Reuter) President Truman today accepted an invitation from the Indian Ambassador, Mr. Asaf Ali, to attend a memorial service for Mahatma Gandhi to be held here next Wednesday at 5 p.m (GMT).

The service which will be attended by most of Washington's diplomatic corps and many other prominent American citizens and friends of India will take place in the auditorium in the Department of Interior.

IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Feb. 5 (Reuter): Mr N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar Leader of the India Delegation to the Security Council on the Kashmir issue, Sir Zafrulla Khan, Pakistan Foreign Minister and Sheikh Abdulla, head of the Kashmir Interim Government, will attend a Gandhi memorial meeting to be held in New York on Saturday under the auspices of the India League of America. Sardar J. J Singh President of the India League will preside.

AKALIS MAY JOIN CONGRESS

JULLUNDER, Feb 6 (U.P.I.): A meeting of the Akali Party will be held at Amritsar, when, it is understood, the present situation in the country will be discussed. It is stated that the party in all probability will discuss the necessity or otherwise of giving up its political activities and also the feasibility of its joining the Congress 'en bloc' Sardar Baldev Singh, India's Defence Minister will participate in the deliberations.

CALL TO MAHARASHTRA TO ESCHEW VIOLENCE

POONA, Feb. 6. (A. P. I.): The Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, the Congress Workers and Peasants Party and the Nagarika Sanghatana Samity in statements issued today appeal to the people of Maharashtra to desist from acts of violence and to divert their energies to the implementing of the ideals placed before them by Mahatma Gandhi.

New Air Speed Record

MORETON (Gloucestershire), Feb. 6, (Reuter): Canadian-born Squadron Leader Bill Waterton established a new air speed record of 515.89 mile per hour. The record is subject to confirmation.

SIRDAR MOHAMMAD WANTS TO BE HEARD

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 6, (Reuter). Sirdar Mohammad Ibrahim Khan President of the Azad Kashmir Government, has asked to be heard by the Security Council in reply to the statement made yesterday by Sheikh Abdullah, Prime Minister of the Emergency Kashmir Government. In a letter to the President of the Security Council Sirdar Mohammad said the picture presented by Sheikh Abdullah was incorrect and misleading.

"He tried to make out that he was unanimously chosen leader of the people of Kashmir and thus implied that he had their confidence and fully represented them. This is utterly incorrect. Sheikh Abdullah's authority and representative character are repudiated by the large majority of the people of Kashmir".

Paul Robeson Shares Grief Of Indian People

PAUL ROBESON in a message to the Indian people on Gandhiji's assassination said:—"Can hardly believe the news of assassination of Gandhi. Know that I share the deep sorrow of all the Indian people." May the unity so dearly desired by the Mahatma be realised."

Raiders Storm Positions Around Naoshera

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6 (A.P.I.): "Raiders made a simultaneous attack on our positions around Naoshera this morning" says a Press Communique issued by the Defence Ministry tonight.

About a thousand raiders tried to storm our machine-gun posts in one sector but were forced to withdraw after suffering heavy casualties.

Three other pickets were attacked with mortars and machine guns. The total strength of the raiders in these attacks was roughly three battalions. All attacks were beaten off and our troops saw a large number of raiders running away after the action.

Heavy casualties have been inflicted on the raiders and some prisoners have been taken.

ARRESTS IN GWALIOR

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, Feb. 5.

Following the murder of Mahatma Gandhi several members of various local communal organisations have resigned from them. Some of them are said to have left Gwalior The local police have made arrests and house searches of a number of communal leaders of Lashkar, Gwalior and Morar.

It is to be recalled that communal fanaticism in Gwalior was also responsible for an attack on Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru's car during his visit to this place in the last summer, a bomb thrown at the session of the All-India States' People's Conference which Pt. Nehru was addressing, murder of Mr. Tej Narayan Mishra, a nationalist young man, and attacks on many local Congress workers.

GANDHIJI

In Memoriam

Bombay Chronicle Weekly

Sunday, Feb. 8

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Current Photoplays

Kamal

GLORIFYING NETAJI'S FORCES

Sunrich Pictures' EK KADAM, is a realistic production set against the background of war-torn Burma, and depicting the valour of the Indian National Army. While the note of patriotism has been obviously injected to pander to our recently awakened joy at freedom from bondage, it is so cleverly woven into the fabric of the photoplay, that it does not appear to be an incongruous element in the narration.

The film opens in a light and romantic vein, concerning itself with the courtship of an officer and a fair fellow passenger on a boat bound for Rangoon. The impact of Japan on Burma, causes the lovers to lose each other temporarily.

The youth now finds himself a guest in the home of Premji, a former V.C., who bears a grudge against the British, consequent on the loss of his son in the Amritsar tragedy. Premji spurns on the service man to join Netaji Bose's Army formed to deliver India from foreign subjugation. At first, the officer refuses to listen to his host, imagining him to be an enemy agent in the pay of the Japanese. The sudden appearance of his beloved in an I.N.A. uniform, changes the trend of his mind and at last he consents to follow Netaji's lead.

The exploits of the INA as introduced into the picture at this point, may seem far-fetched. Nevertheless, one must confess that they bring to the screen a break of contemporary realism.

Damayanti Sahani and Raj Kitchlu play the romantic leads, with Ansari, Gayatri and Farah in support. Ramnik Desai's direction is able enough.

*

Imperial

BEAUTY AND THE BEAST

A rather improbable theme makes the cinematic pill of SHAM SAVERA hard to swallow. Women do not usually wed a man merely because of a handsome face. However, the heroine of the present photoplay seems to value appearance above worth. The snag is that she marries an artist imagining that a creator of beauty must needs be himself well equipped with its trappings. What is her horror when the heretofore masked face of her husband is revealed in all its ugliness.

Of course worth must triumph on the screen. So our heroine does learn at the end to value sterling qualities more than physical attractiveness, which at best is evanescent.

Wasti and Swarnalata share stellar honours, with Rafiq Ghaznavi, Sulochana Chatterji, Pratima Devi and Badri Prasad in featured roles. Madhok's melodies serve as a lure for the masses. The direction is by Sadiq.

*

Super

QUEST FULFILLED

A pretty Persian legend forms the basis of Rustom Modi's GUL BAKAVLI. Presented in the form of an allegory, the story traces the adventure of a prince who sets out in quest of a miraculous flower which is in the keeping of the Fairy Queen, the citadel of whose heart is besieged by the romanticist. Love, then, is the miraculous flower that at length yields its juice.

After the fashion of Olivier's "Henry V", this is a "play within a play". Thus it opens as a drama being staged before an audience, and gradually merges with the background till it finally monopolises the entire screen.

Feroze Dastur, singing his own melodies, heads the cast composed of Menaka, Jamshedji and Udwadia.

*

Lamington

A BLIND WORLD

Rajkamal seems to have become a factory for turning out average films. ANDHON-KI-DUNIYA is one such. The title of course, is a metaphor applicable to several of the characters who persist in being blind to the virtues of those around them and in seeing only their faults. Thus a sacrosanct mother frowns on her husband's roving eyes and habits, and her daughter permits her lover's past to cloud their present.

Incidents that are trivial, have here been made into mountains from the proverbial mole-hills. Leela Chitnis and Munawar Sultana head the list of players which includes Manmohan and Mahipal, all of whom have worked under the baton of K. Date.

*

Plaza

KALIDASA GARBLED

Here is your chance to see again Shantaram's SHAKUNTALA, who, as she appears on the screen, is not the same resigned woman that Kalidasa made her, but a wronged feminist who carries aloft the banner of women's emancipation. Forgotten by her lover Dushyant, who has lost his memory under a curse, the valiant woman retires to a hill top to bring up her son in the midst of Nature. The scenes depicting wild animals living in harmony with human beings, while they may seem far-fetched to our modern eyes, are nevertheless telling.

Jayashree in the title role, rises to great heights in tragic moments, but over-acts to the point of being sugary in joyous scenes. Chandra Mohan is, of course, a misfit as Dushyant.

The temptation of Vishwamitra by the dancing girl, is rather crudely displayed and not in any way improved when the birth of Shakuntala is shown through a hackneyed nature symbolism.

With all its faults, this is yet a picture that no lover of screen classics should miss.

*

Central

THE SINGING SAINT

In her first Hindi picture, MEERA, Subbulakshmi the South Indian singer, has captivated audiences with the glory of her voice as she warbles the 'padas' and 'bhajans' of Meera.

The stress is naturally on the poetess saint's compositions, while the story of renunciation of this Queen of Mewar who was one of Krishna's most fervent devotees, takes a back-bench. Subbulakshmi's little daughter adds to the picture's appeal with her dance sequences.

Ellis R. Duncan has brought understanding to the direction of this devotional subject. This is all the more remarkable when one considers that he is a native of the U.S.A.

Udey Shankar in a dance scene from his "Kalpana", awaiting release.

"SARDI" Reviews Our Screen

KRISHNA RAO AND CHANDRABHAGA FASCINATE THEIR AUDIENCE

In the dreamy atmosphere of the drawing room of Mr. F. S. Mullah's home, lit in Oriental fashion with brass and clay lamps, and decorated in classical style with cocoanut palms and plantain leaves on Jan. 27, a delighted crowd of art lovers listened with rapt attention to a lecture on Indian classical dancing given by Krishna Rao of Bangalore, an associate of Ram Gopal. The lecture proved an effective appetiser to the dances which followed.

Some persons are good dancers and some good demonstrators; only rarely does one come across someone who combines both the qualities, as does Krishna Rao, who proved his agility and grace in his Natanam Adinar or Dance of Shiva and his Snake-Charmer number. In the Thillana, he was partnered by his wife Chandrabhaga who matched him in choreographic accomplishment.

Let us hope we have the chance to see more of this clever pair from the South of India. In the picture above, they are seen in a Shiva-Parvati pose.

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Minimum Wages Bill

INDUSTRY WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO THRIVE ON EXPLOITATION OF WORKERS

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6 (API): The Constituent Assembly (Legislative) today concluded general discussion on the Labour Minister's Bill to provide for fixing minimum wages in certain employment.

The Bill be taken up clause by clause tomorrow.

The Labour Minister, Mr. Jagjivan Ram, replying to the debate, said that by increasing the efficiency of the human element, his bill would help step up agricultural and industrial production.

Some of the features of the Bill are: The Provincial or the Central Government, as the case may be, after due inquiries, are empowered to fix minimum rates of wages or revise such wages in respect of Scheduled Employments.

SCHEDULED EMPLOYMENT

The present Schedule, among other occupations, include employment in woollen carpet making or shawl weaving establishment; rice mill, flour or dal mill, bidi making, oil mills, road and building constructions, tanneries and leather manufacture, public motor transport, lac and mica works. Farm labourers and employment in dairies, poultries, etc., are also included within the scope of the Bill.

Mr. Harihar Nath Sastri, supporting the Bill, said that such legislation was long overdue in India.

Mr. B. Dass said that the utopia which the Bill proposed to create for the workers was impracticable and would result in a rise in prices all over the country and the industry may not be able to survive these measures.

Diwan Chamanlal congratulated the Government in bringing forward this measure and expressed the hope that the Centre and the Provinces would work the measure in the manner in which it was conceived.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa associated himself with the tributes paid to the Government forbringing this measure.

Prof. N. G. Ranga considered the measure to be of far reaching importance to the welfare of millions of agricultural labourers. In fact, this was the first step towards social revolution in as much as it would seek to bring some seventy million agricultural workers all over the country within the provisions of this Bill.

Mr. K. Santhanam extended his general support to the Bill but was rather critical of the Bill on the ground that there was confusion of the ideas throughout.

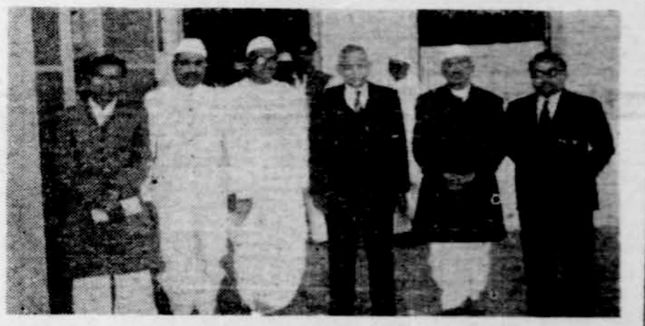
Messrs. Gokulbhai Bhat, Biswanath Das, Shibbanlal Saxena participated in the debate.

The Labour Minister, Mr. Jagjiwan Ram, replying to the debate said: he claimed it to be a revolutionary Bill. He would call it a revolutionary Bill not because it would do something which would contribute to the betterment of the lot of agricultural labourers but because it conceived a situation in which India might become self-sufficient in the matter of foodgrains.

Similarly one could argue for all the industries that were included in the schedule.

But apart from that, he had always taken the view that a minimum wage for a labourer should not depend upon the capacity of any employer to bear that burden. If a cultivator found that he could not bear that burden, it was better that he should not be engaged in agriculture.

The House agreed to the Labour Minister's motion that the Bill as reported by the Select Committee be taken into consideration and adjourned till tomorrow.



The new Indore Cabinet snapped after the swearing in ceremony on January 26. (L. to R.) Messrs. Manoharsingh Mehta, Mishreelai Gangwal, V. S. Khode, M. V. Bhide (Prime Minister) Vaijnath Mahodaya and K. V. Chitle.

FORWARD BLOC TO RAISE 10 LAKH VOLUNTEERS

PATNA, Feb. 5 (API): Mr. Sheela Bhadra Yajee, Secretary of the A.-I. Forward Bloc said here today that the All-India Forward Bloc would be raising a well-trained Azad Hind Dal Volunteer Corps of 10 lakhs "for the purpose of maintaining communal harmony and peace and to help the Government in fighting communalists thus fulfilling the unfinished task of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose".

Mr. Yajee said that the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi by the force of communal reaction was a serious sign of danger and national calamity. He demanded a radical change in the personnel of the present Central Government. Mr. Yajee also said that the Forward Bloc and other left parties would continue the struggle for the establishment of the Union of the Socialist Republics of India.

He appealed to the Nehru Government to reinstate all the 60,000 personnel of the Azad Hind Fauj in the present army.

INDIAN OVERSEAS AIRLINES LIMITED, BOMBAY

Special charter of the Company with passengers from East Africa and Aden is due to arrive at Santa Cruz Aerodrome at about 10 p.m. today.

EGYPTIAN TOWNS FREE FROM CHOLERA

BOMBAY, Feb. 6, (A.P.I.): A Press Note issued by the Royal Consulate-General of Egypt in Bombay says that the Ports of Alexandria, Port Said, Ismailia and their zones and the provinces of Upper Egypt have been declared free from cholera since January 21, 1948.

Textile Commissioner writes:—Applications for transport permits are being received from mills for movement of cloth in different directions. No such applications will be entertained unless the mills declare that they have paid the scheduled levy on the stocks that they held on the 20th of January 1948 or 31st of December 1947 whichever is greater.

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The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Tussle For Power Among Cyclists Again

BY J. C. MAITRA

It is really a matter of shame that the sporting field of India should be disfigured by struggles for supremacy every now and then — nor for advancement of sport, but for personal aggrandisement of certain individuals. In almost every branch of sport in this country, people with little knowledge in matters sporting—or the games which they intend to control or administer, have gate-crashed. There is one class among them whose only ambition is to show off. Otherwise they do not interfere with the general administration or promotion of the game. For the moment, I am prepared to ignore them as they are not a dangerous type.

WRANGLING OVER SWIMMING CONTROL

There is another class whose only object is to capture power and to make use of it to suit their own ends. To illustrate my points, I would refer to the long-standing disputes between the National Swimming Association of Calcutta and the Indian Swimming Federation. Some people in Calcutta managed to get their body affiliated to the International Swimming Federation some years ago. Although they did not represent anybody outside that city, they insisted on representing and controlling the whole of India in matters international setting aside the claims of the truly national body. These wrangles affected our aquatics for a long time. Fortunately that dispute has now been amicably settled. Let us hope we shall not hear any more about it in future.

IOA'S SURRENDER

Now the stage has been taken up by cycling administrators. Several years ago a body called the N.C.F.I. was brought into being in Bombay. Prof. G. D. Sondhi managed to secure international recognition for it. The result was that its two office-bearers, Swami Jagan Nath, President, and Janki Dass, Secretary, held the fort against all comers. Even the IOA could not dislodge them from their positions of vantage. Ultimately the IOA gave in—with the hope that their surrender would pave the way for systematic organisation of this sport in India. That only helped to strengthen the positions of the above named individuals without improving the administration in any way.

Now two other persons, Sorab H. Bhoot and Nariman Saugor seem to have entered the arena to dislodge the Punjab couple. They are said to have written letters to the ACI demanding the removal of Jagan Nath and Janki Dass from their list of representatives. This led the latter to denounce Bhoot and Saugor to the international body, who, in their turn have refused to interfere in the internal dispute. So here is another deadlock.

Australia Strongly Entrenched On First Day Of Test

336 Runs For 3: Bradman Retires Hurt At 57

India Bowlers Fail To Get Life Out Of Melbourne Pitch

(From Duleepsinhji, Reuter's Special Correspondent with the Indian Cricket Team)

MELBOURNE, Feb. 6. (Reuter): Australia are building up another big total in the fifth and final Test match against India here. Bradman, in his last Test match in Australia, retired with a torn back muscle after making 57. At the start of his innings, Bradman had given a sharp stumping chance while a snick through the slips as usual, went begging. Bradman soon settled down, however, and was looking for runs which came with some well-placed shots.

Brown, before scoring, survived a confident appeal for a catch at the wicket off Phadkar. Brown with solid steady batting and attractive strokes now and then made sure of his place in the Australian touring side for England next summer and he was unlucky to be run out when 99.

Running between the wickets had not been confident and was responsible for both Barnes and Brown losing their wickets. Harvey was lucky not to be run out when Gul Mahomed fumbled and failed to gather the ball first time.

The batting success of Harvey and Loxton may help them to secure places in the touring side.

INDIA FACING THANKLESS TASK

The Melbourne wicket was playing fast and did not live up to its reputation of first hour sensations. India's bowlers failed to get any life out of the pitch and Amarnath used his bowlers in only short spells, as none of them was able to worry the batsmen. Nayudu was the only bowler who occasionally did cause concern. With the rubber already decided, the main interest in the match was Bradman's last appearance and after his mishap, the game seemed to lose its test atmosphere.

Every match of the tour on good wickets has forcibly proved that India's attack, without a fast bowler, lacked hostility and no team can have any chance without a real pace man. Mankad was mastered by Bradman early on and never bowled so well afterwards. He now appears to have bowled himself to a standstill with no life in his deliveries. Nayudu, if given a chance to find his form, may give the much-neded sting to the attack. In the last hour, Australia as usual, pushed the score along rapidly to finish the first day in a strong position and with Bradman still to finish his innings India are facing a thankless task.

BRADMAN DRAWS CROWDS

The first definite announcement by Bradman that this would be his last first class match in Australia coupled with the presence of three aspirants for the final places in the Australian team to tour England this year, insured a big crowd for the fifth Test.

The weather was overcast and cool when play began on a firm fast wicket.

Bradman weakened the variety of his strong bowling side by making Ian Johnson twelfth man.

For the fourth time during this series Bradman won the toss and automatically decided to bat.

As a mark of respect to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi both teams lined up on the ground and stood for a minute in silence and the crowd also all arose to their feet in sympathy.

Barnes with Brown as his partner took the strike off Phadkar, who was aided by a fresh breeze. Phadkar began with two slips and a leg slip but posted a man in the gully for Brown when Barnes took a single to deep third man off the first ball.

A confident appeal for a leg side catch behind the wicket off the third ball Brown received was not upheld by Umpire Cooper.

Phadkar, moving the ball in the air, beat Brown with the pace of an offside delivery with his eighth ball. At the other end Amarnath, bowling into a breeze and with rather heavy atmosphere, had conditions to suit his methods.

Barnes square-cut his second ball for two, but later played an uppishly defensive stroke off Phadkar which sent the ball just clear of Nayudu at short fine leg.

Amarnath only bowled one over before he put on Rangachari, whose first over cost him eight runs, including a glance to the boundary by Barnes.

Brown hooked a head high delivery from Phadkar for three and at thirty, which came in under half an hour, Amarnath replaced Phadkar, whose three overs cost twelve runs.

Barnes late cut the second ball for four and Rangachari's two overs cost 15 when he was replaced by Hazare. The frequent changes had little effect for Barnes reached 32 out of 42 in thirty-five minutes.

The first flaw of Barne's innings came when he was 32 and the total forty-six. He nearly chopped Hazare on to his stumps. Brown, who was playing a sedate and safe innings, lifted Hazare to an open space at long on for three.

BARNES OUT

At 48 Mankad replaced Hazare and the first wicket fell without addition to the score.

The attack to date had presented few anxious moments to the Australian pair but Brown cover drove the first ball and called. Barnes responded and made a great effort but could not beat Adhikari's magnificent throw at bail height into Sen's gloves. Brown batted 44 minutes for his 33.

Bradman brought up the 50 in 48 minutes when he pushed Mankad away for a single. A cover drive to the boundary was Brown's best stroke of the morning. Mankad kept the runs down for Brown's four was the only scoring stroke off him except the single until Bradman from his back foot forced him to long on for two.

The first hour produced 66 runs and then Bradman pulled Mankad square for four.

Rangachari with the breeze, replaced Amarnath at 77 and Bradman square cut him for two and then one while Brown glanced him for a single.

At 83 Sarwate came on for Mankad whose five splendid overs cost him 15 runs.

Ten minutes before lunch with the total at 85 Nayudu replaced Rangachari and Bradman, stepping back, pulled his first ball for four.

Each batsman took a single during the remainder of the over which was of good length.

Amarnath tried seven bowlers before lunch. Sarwate bowled the first maiden of the day to Brown. Twice Nayudu flighting the ball well caused Bradman to change his edge of bat to forward short leg.

The total stood at 96 for one at lunch, Brown being not out 28 and Bradman not out 35.

AFTER LUNCH

Amarnath and Nayudu opened the attack after the interval when the light was dimmer and a few spots of rain fell.

Brown took a single and Bradman swept Nayudu for three to send up the hundred in 92 minutes. Nayudu's first over had cost him nine runs and the bowler then requisitioned sawdust. He bowled only one more over before being replaced by Hazare at 114.

Brown was batting confidently but he still did not take a chance. He coverdrove Hazare for two and then ondrove the same bowler for a single. Both batsmen were now in their forties and the sun appeared as the rain cloud drifted past.

Despite the accuracy of both Amarnath and Hazare runs came steadily and Bradman straight-drove Hazare for four. Mankad replaced Amarnath at 126 and Bradman ondrove the third ball for a single to reach his 50 in 73 minutes.

When playing back to offdrive Mankad for a single Bradman strained his side and was obviously in pain. Brown then offdrove Mankad for a single he reached his fifty after two hours of graceful and chanceless batting.

Between overs Amarnath suggested that Bradman should retire, but the Australian captain stayed on up to the end of Hazare's over when he left the field with his hand pressed to his side. The score was 140 and Bradman had contributed 57 in 85 minutes.

Miller who took Bradman's place began offdriving Mankad.

Bradman's injury was diagnosed as a torn muscle under his ribs and Amarnath agreed that he should resume his innings when fit.

Miller ondrove Mankad for two to send up the 150 in two and a half hours. Nayudu then came on for Hazare and after a spell of slow scoring Brown pulled Mankad square for four.

The crowd were getting impatient at this stage of the lack of aggression by Brown and Miller.

Nayudu spun well and bowled with surprising confidence considering his lack of first class match experience during this tour but the new ball was due and at 165 Phadkar replaced him after a spell of two overs. Phadkar bowled one over with the old ball before taking the new one at 170.

When 74 and the total was 171 Brown gave his first chance. In glancing Phadkar he got under the ball which passed over Mankad's right shoulder at leg slip. Miller then straight drove Phadkar for four.

BRILLIANT CATCH

Amarnath bowled at the other end but Phadkar broke the partnership at 182 when it had added 42 in 45 minutes. Sen held a brilliant catch from a fast rising off delivery and Miller was out for fourteen.

Neil Harvey began well by placing an ondrive for three off Phadkar and then placed Amarnath to square-leg for two. Brown reached his eighties with a beautifully timed cover drive for four off Phadkar followed by a pull for four with the next ball. The two hundred went up in 188 minutes.

Rangachari replaced Amarnath and Brown pulled his first ball to the boundary. In attempts to repeat the stroke he hit the ball uppishly towards mid on when 93 but Amarnath was unable to reach the catch.

The total stood at 206 for two, Brown not out 94 and Harvey not out 7 when tea was taken.

Young Harvey facing the ordeal of the English tour selection was a shade unhappy when facing Amarnath and Rangachari after the tea interval but following a single by Brown he late-cut Rangachari for four and placed another drive for a single off Amarnath.

Brown turned Rangachari for a single to reach 99. He was not destined to reach his century, for responding to Harvey's call for a single from an offdrive failed to beat Mankad's brilliant return to Sen who had the bails off with a foot to spare.

Brown's 99 took 206 minutes and he hit eight fours.

Mankad replaced Amarnath with the breeze, as Loxton playing in his first Test match entered. He opened with an on-push for a single off Rangachari.

When four, Loxton mishit Mankad, but Hazare was too wide at deep-first-slip to reach the catch.

Nayudu came on for Rangachari at 229, and Neil Harvey pulled the second ball for four and in the next over late-cut Mankad for three.

HARVEY AGGRESSIVE

Harvey was now confident and aggressive. He hooked Nayudu for two to reach 30 while Loxton offdrove Nayudu for four, the ball travelling through Amarnath's hands and sending up the 250 in 243 minutes.

Nayudu bowled three overs during the spell before Rangachari replaced him at 254.

Harvey's next scoring stroke was a brilliant late-cut for three, off Mankad.

Loxton reached his 20's with a splendidly-placed on-short for three, off Rangachari.

Mankad was still accurate after his 20th over but Harvey was now aggressive, and he late-cut him for two and pulled him for four in that over.

The partnership added 50 in 45 minutes.

Harvey mishit Rangachari high through the slips to reach his 50 in 80 minutes.

Loxton put a ball from Mankad through a gap in the gully, to bring up 300 in 259 minutes, and Harvey followed, by off driving Sarwate for three. This troublesome partnership was proving disastrous to India and the batsmen were gaining confidence, as the score mounted. When Amarnath replaced Mankad the rate of scoring was reduced temporarily.

The pair added 100 in 77 minutes. The Indian bowling was now not very hostile, but the fieldsmen maintained an exceedingly high standard, with Mankad excelling.

Loxton reached his forties with sweeping an over-pitched ball from Sarwate which went to the boundary.

Adhikari, the eighth bowler tried, replaced Amarnath five minutes before the close, with the total at 330.

When stumps were drawn the, total stood at 336 for three, Harvey being not out 78, and Loxton not out 48.

The pair had added 117 in an hour and a half, on a good easy-paced wicket.

Today's attendance was 22,748 and receipts £2,113.

AUSTRALIA (First Innings)

Barnes run out	33
Brown run out	99
Bradman retired hurt	57
Miller c Sen b Phadkar	14
Neil Harvey not out	78
Loxton not out	48
Extras	7
Total (for 3 wickets)	336

Fall of Wickets: 1 for 48, 2 for 182, 3 for 219.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Phadkar	7	0	42	1
Amarnath	18	1	49	0
Rangachari	10	0	61	0
Hazare	8	0	27	0
Mankad	22	4	67	0
Sarwate	9	1	25	0
Nayudu	9	0	54	0
Adhikari	1	0	4	0

Tiff In World T.T. Championships

LONDON, Feb. 5 (Reuter).—A leading Hungarian player, F. Sido, was concerned in a dispute before his game with the American champion, Richard Miles, in an important match in the Swaythling Cup Table Tennis contest during the World Championship today at Wembley.

Sido had won the toss and gave the service to Miles who accepted it and then, under the rules, rightly claimed the choice of ends. Sido however refused to go to the other end of the table. The team captains, interpreters and officials conferred and, after much discussion and gesticulation, Sido decided to serve first.

Miles beat him 21-17 in eight minutes and United States beat Hungary 5-2.

England, who head group 'A' with three wins, seem certain to meet the United States for the championship of that group.

In the Women's Corbillion Cup competition, England who today beat strong rivals in Austria, should clash with Czechoslovakia in the final.

M. C. C. Lead Trinidad: Stollmeyer Injured

PORT OF SPAIN, TRINIDAD, Feb. 5 (Reuter).—The M.C.C. tourists gained a first innings lead over Trinidad of 120 runs on the second day of their return four-day match here today, thanks to some good bowling by Harold Butler and Kenneth Cranston. When stumps were drawn, Trinidad had just been dismissed for 185 in reply to the Tourists' first innings total of 305.

Butler, Nottinghamshire fast bowler, was making only his second appearance of the tour as he broke down in the opening match against Barbados. He did not bowl after tea owing to a slightly sore leg. In view of the M.C.C. injured list, G. O. Allen, the Captain thought it better to rest Butler for next week's Second Test.

Jeffery Stollmeyer, who was due to captain the West Indies in the second Test, was carried off in today's match with a pulled thigh tendon and is a doubtful starter.

WINTER OLYMPICS: SWISS SWEEP THE DAY

ST. MORITZ, Feb. 5 (Reuter).—It was Switzerland's day today in the fifth Olympic games. Not only did the host country win the special men's Slalom event through Edi Reinhalter, who scored one of the most dramatic victories of the games over James Couttet of France, but Swiss born Ning Bibbir competing for Italy, won the skeleton event on the cresta run.

Edi Reinhalter, with a remarkable second run of 62.2 seconds down the stiff Slalom course aggregated 2 minutes 10.3 seconds for two runs to beat James Couttet of France, who yesterday won the Slalom event in the Alpine combination, by exactly half a second.

One of the most unexpected victories of the Olympiad was gained by the Swiss-born Italian, Ning Bibbir, in the skeleton event completed down the cresta run today. All the experts expected that the prize would lie between Jack Heaton of America and John Crammond of Britain, who led the field at the end of the first three runs, but Bibbir, who lives just over the Italian border, a few miles from Saint Moritz, rode magnificently to snatch an entirely unexpected victory with an aggregate of five minutes 23.2 for the six runs.

CHESS MOVE TAKES 110 DAYS BY MAIL

SYDNEY, Australia (UPA): Koshnitsky has been playing chess by airmail with a friend in Holland. Slow even for chess, moves are made in from six to ten days. But there's been a long delay recently. The Netherlander forgot to send his last move by airmail, it took 110 days to reach Koshnitsky.

M.C.C.'S REQUEST TO YORKSHIRE CRICKET CLUB

LONDON, Feb. 6, (Reuter): The M.C.C. have asked the Yorkshire County Cricket Club to re-consider their decision that Len Hutton should not go to the West Indies to re-inforce the touring team which have been hard hit by injuries. Yorkshire have promised a reply in time for the M.C.C. meeting on Monday.

WAGE STABILISATION QUESTION IN BRITAIN

T. U. C. Asks Attlee To Clarify Statement

LONDON, Feb. 5, (Reuter): The Economic Committee of the Trades Union Congress today decided to ask Premier Clement Attlee to clarify the Government's statement yesterday on wage stabilisation but added that it was in general agreement with this policy.

Meanwhile the position of the estimated 4,000,000 workers whose wage claims are either already under negotiation or pending remains uncertain.

The Government's statement was expected to influence arbitration tribunals and other wage fixing bodies.

It was thought that one of the main arguments in wage claims in the past—that the workers concerned had fallen behind other groups—would no longer be given weight in view of the Government's statement that wage claims must be considered on national merits only. No provision was made in the statement, however, for evidence to be given to arbitration tribunals to enable them to judge whether an increase was in the national interest or not.

BILLIARDS & SNOOKER FINALS

CALCUTTA, Feb. 6, (A.P.I.): The final of the All-India Amateur Billiards Championship will be played between V. R. Freer of Madura and P. K. Deb of Calcutta, both former All-India Champions, on the 13th and 14th February in Calcutta.

The final of the All-India Snooker Championship will be played on the 11th Feb. This match (best of seven frames) will be between Captain Sadler, the present Champion, and Wilson Jones of Poona, the Western India Snooker Champion.

Both Championships are being held under the auspices of the Billiards Association of India.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS.

BOMBAY, Feb. 6.

The Governor of Bombay received Mr. J. S. S. Maleiu and Mr. G. G. Robertson.

Rani Maharaj Singh received Mr. F. S. Taleyarkhan, Dr., Mrs. and the Misses Kumarappa.

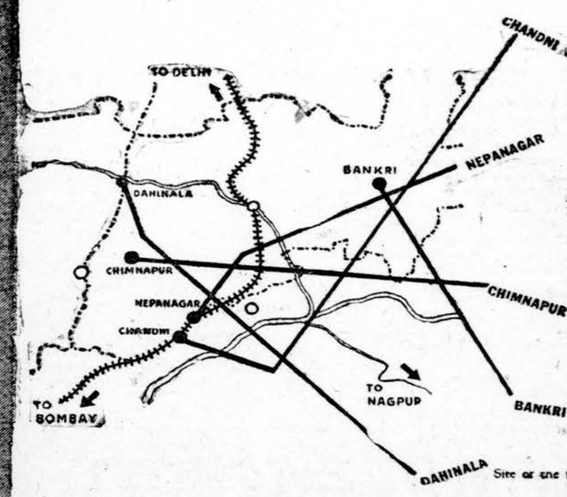
His Excellency administered to the Hon. Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla the oath of allegiance and of office as permanent Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court.

NEPA NEWS No. 3

INDIA'S FIRST NEWSPRINT TOWNS

The names shown on this map are known today to a mere handful of people. They are names of villages in a vast undeveloped forest area of 3,75,000 acres in the heart of Central Provinces. BUT—in less than two years, they will be of international interest. For they are the names of India's first NEWSPRINT TOWNS. Today—jungle villages of 50 inhabitants or less, housed in mud huts. Tomorrow—up-to-date towns devoted to a national industry of paramount importance. Housed, fed and employed under the most modern conditions, up to 30,000 men and women will live in those towns.

Chandni, Nepanagar, Chimnapur, Bankri—these are India's new towns. NOW being planned.



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Reorientation Of Hindu Mahasabha Policy?

Dr. S. P. Mookherjee On Alternatives Before Organisation: Issue To Be Discussed At Delhi Meeting

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6. (A.P.I.): A meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha will be held at New Delhi on the 14th and 15th February next. The meeting will consider, among other things, the present situation arising out of the tragic murder of Mahatma Gandhi and also the report of the Reorientation Committee.

SABHA LEADERS HAVE REPUDIATED THIS CRIME

Dr. Shyamaprasad Mookherjee, former President of the Hindu Mahasabha and a Minister in the present Government in a statement today on Mahatma Gandhi's death and the future of the Hindu Mahasabha declared that prominent leaders of the Hindu Mahasabha had publicly repudiated this crime and had stated that the Mahasabha had never believed in such methods of terrorism.

TWO ALTERNATIVES

Referring to the position of the Hindu Mahasabha today, Dr. Mookherjee said that two alternatives faced it. The first was that it could break away from its political activities confining itself to cultural activities or to abandon its communal composition, reorient its policy and to throw its door open to all citizens, irrespective of religion.

Dr. Mookherjee had discussed this question with Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, President of the Hindu Mahasabha and other leaders who were in general agreement with him.

TEXT OF STATEMENT

Following is the text of the statement:—

"The last one week has been one of universal grief and mourning. That the greatest Indian who was also the greatest Hindu of the age was done to death by a Hindu is a tragedy unparalleled in history. The alleged assailant was a member of the Hindu Mahasabha and this has been a matter of shame and humiliation to everyone connected with that organisation. Not until the trial of the persons arrested on suspicion takes place can the public arrive at a correct conclusion. Prominent leaders of the Hindu Mahasabha have publicly repudiated this crime and have stated that the Mahasabha has never believed in such methods of terrorism. This, if unchecked, will destroy the foundation of the society and will render the functioning of any free and democratic Government impossible in India.

FUTURE OF MAHASABHA

"I have pondered very deeply for the last few days over the future of the Hindu Mahasabha. I have also had the opportunity of consulting several well-known leaders of the organisation. When the foreigners ruled over the country and played one community against another and a policy of appeasement led to serious onslaughts on the Hindu cause and that of nationalism, the Hindu Mahasabha had a definite role to play in the political field in India. Since the attainment of India's free status on 15th August 1947, the situation has radically changed. Indeed the Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha at my suggestion had appointed a sub-committee about two months ago to consider how the policy of the Mahasaba should be reoriented in the light of the new changes.

L. B. BHOPATKAR'S STATEMENT

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6 (A.P.I.): Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, President, All-India Hindu Mahasabha in the course of a statement to the press says:—"I am taking steps to convene emergent meetings of the Working Committee and the re-orientation committee at New Delhi on 14th and 15th February Meanwhile, I request all Hindu Sabhas throughout the country to communicate their opinion to the General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, New Delhi on the proposal made by Dr. Mookherjee in order to enable the Working Committee to reach a satisfactory decision.

"Let me repeat once again that the Hindu Mahasabha as an organisation ever stood for entirely peaceful and constitutional methods for the attainment of its objectives. It had had nothing to do with the tragic event of Mahatmaji's death. I therefore, appeal to all Hindu Sabhas and their workers in all the provinces not to become panicky but to remain calm and peaceful.

During the last few days a large number of innocent Hindu Mahasabhaites have been attacked and their property plundered and burnt at the instigation of interested persons. This sort of violence was an insult to the memory of Mahatmaji, with whom non-violence was his very life-breath. It must be rigorously checked both by the Government and the public at large.

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NEGATION OF GANDHIJI'S IDEALS

Kher Deplores Attacks On Mahasabha Members

BOMBAY, Friday.

"We owe it today to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi to conduct ourselves in the face of his death in a manner which would testify our understanding and appreciation of the great principles of truth and love for which he lived and laid down his life", said Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, broadcasting to the people of Bombay from the All-India Radio, Bombay centre, tonight.

He said, "Instead we are confronted with a widespread spirit of retaliation in the name of him who pitted his soul and body against the very conception of private revenge and its various manifestations in the country in the recent months. I am getting news from the States as also from the mofussil of a general vendetta being carried on against members of the Hindu Mahasabha and the Brahmin community. Gandhiji strove to wean the people away from all tendencies towards vicarious punishment of innocent and peaceful persons belonging to a community of which some individual members had been guilty of wrong-doing or crime. The Government in this Province has endeavoured to mould its policy and administration on his pattern.

It is a matter of shame and sorrow that there are found in our midst persons who are ready to mar the solemnity of this occasion by giving rein to low passions and by exploiting the situation for private ends".

Mr. Kher assured the people that they may rest assured that everything will be, and is being done to bring to book all those who are answerable for this most heinous crime against the nation and all those who encouraged it however high their position in life. And appeal to them that they should on no account allow private vengeance to take the place of public justice and thus act contrary to the advice of Mahatma Gandhi.

Mahasabha, Rightest Of Right Wing

NEW YORK, Feb. 5 (Reuter): Mr. J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America referred in a letter to the "New York Times" today to an American news agency dispatch under a New Delhi dateline of January 31, which appeared in that newspaper on February one, saying the assassination of Mr. Gandhi was believed to be a "deep laid plan extreme leftwingers to overthrow the old guard of the Congress Party now in power" Mr. Singh wrote:— That is wholly incorrect. The slayer of Mahatma Gandhi has been identified as a member of the Hindu Mahasabha.

"This organisation is not a "left-wing" organisation, but is the rightest of the rightwing in India.

"The Hindu Mahasabha is considered a reactionary and ultra orthodox Hindu society which aims at Hindu Fascist rule in India.

"The only leftwing organisations in India are the very popular Socialist Party and the not so very popular Communist Party.

"It is wellknown fact that both the Socialist Party and the Communist Party want a secular State and not a Hindu State, as does the Hindu Mahasabha.

"These leftwing parties have been in complete agreement with Mahatma Gandhi that India cannot progress without Hindu-Moslem unity".

NO QUARTER TO COMMUNAL ORGANISATIONS, SAYS BAKSHI

JAMMU, Feb. 6 (A.P.I.): Mr. Ghulam Mohammed Bakshi, acting Head of Administration, Kashmir and Jammu Government, in a statement today reaffirmed the determination of his Government to give no quarter to communal organisations in the State.

Mr. Bakshi said: "In pursuance of the Jammu and Kashmir Government's declared policy, we are taking stern measures to meet all menaces and maintain the integrity, peace and security within the borders of the State.

"We shall fight internal disturbers of peace with the same courage and determination as we are doing foreign aggression on our soil."

SAVARKAR CLARIFIES MAHASABHA ATTITUDE

BOMBAY, Feb. 6, (A.P.I.): In a statement issued on Feb. 4, day previous to his arrest, Mr. V. D. Savarkar, former President of the Hindu Mahasabha said:—

"The statement of the President and the joint statement of some members of the Working Committee at Delhi have done well in expressing authoritatively the feeling and in clearing the position of Hindu Mahasabha as a democratic and public organisation as regards the gruesome assassination of Mahatma Gandhi. I too as one of the Vice-Presidents of the Mahasabha subscribe to their feelings and condemn unequivocally such fratricidal crime whether they are perpetrated by individual frenzy or mob fury. Let every patriotic citizen set to his heart the stern warning which history utters that a successful national revolution and a newly born National State can have no worse enemy than a fratricidal civil war, especially so when it is encompassed from outside by alien hostility".

"Exponent Of True Democracy"

Progressive Group's Tribute To Mahatma

BOMBAY, Friday.

A crowded meeting held under the auspices of the Progressive Group at Greens this evening, referred to Mahatma Gandhi as the architect of India's freedom who could stand comparison with any world figure of all time.

Mr. G. V. Kitson Deputy High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in India observed that Gandhiji was a man who, in moral stature, could claim comparison with any outstanding world personality of all time. In fighting for Indian independence, he found himself in unceasing opposition to the British rule. It was however the characteristic of this remarkable man that though oppose to British rule, he never bore to that country any hatred or hostility. His own country saw in the Mahatma a sincere patriot, a man inspired by the highest ideals and love for his fellow countrymen. He was not like many leaders of recent history, swayed by motives of personal gain or political power. He was the exponent of true democracy and wanted the power of the people to be wielded by the people and for the people.

In recent years, continued Mr. Kitson, Britain had come to regard Gandhiji as a great influence for peace in a world which was driven by ideological rivalries and which badly needed the healing influence which Gandhiji was able to inspire. In India his efforts had been mainly directed to the achievement of Hindu-Muslim unity. He saw clearly that partition must remain what it was intended to be namely, a territorial and administrative partition, and that on either side of the border, minorities must be able to live in peace and on a basis of equality and freedom from persecution.

Moving the condolence resolution, Sir Homi Modi said that to Mahatma Gandhi all mankind was one, and all religion his own. All sections of the people looked up to him as the man who taught them self-respect and who fought ceaselessly for their country's freedom. The earlier pioneers of the freedom movement had aroused the intelligentsia. Gandhiji carried the freedom movement in the heart of rural India. The result was that there was a tremendous political awakening among the masses who carried the movement to its logical conclusion and achieved independence.

In many ways, continued Sir Homi, the Mahatma was a remarkable combination of the mystic and the man of affairs, and this was in fact the key to his outstanding achievements.

Sir Homi further cited a couple of instances of the "sense of humour" that characterised the Mahatma, and said that his death has left a great void, and India was proud that it had given to the world a man who by his thought and deed had moulded a generation of men and women.

The American, the Chinese and the French Consuls also associated themselves with the tributes paid to Gandhiji.

"Mahatma Gandhi had the look of the prophet in his penetrating observation", said Mr. Homi Talyarkhan who presided.

(Continued from Col. 7)

ginning to make for a joint effort.

"REALISED BLUNDER"

"One can imagine the reasons why these Socialist leaders are in such an indecent hurry to get back into the picture. When an opportunity came, they themselves spurned it in the hope that a much better opportunity would come later on. Alas, that dream was never realised.

The Socialist leaders staged a political stunt in boycotting the Constituent Assembly in 1946. They then though, foolishly so, that the Constituent Assembly was going to be a mere play-thing. Unexpectedly for them the Constituent Assembly not only did not prove to be a play-thing but it did become the sovereign body that it was conceived to be and later on it also became the first Dominion Parliament of a Free India. The Socialists have now painfully realised that they did a capital blunder in keeping themselves aloof from the nation's constitution-making body. They have also realised that the constitution of a democratic Indian Republic will be made and passed and that they would have no hand in all these things.

FRUSTRATION & INFERIORITY COMPLEX

"It is their frustration and an inferiority complex that make them say things which they know cannot be palatable to the rank and file just now. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel today is at the top of his popularity. In him the country has found an administrator who is unmatched both for courage and statesmanship. It is a childish attempt to try to run him down by pointing to his old age.

If the Socialists want to beat a retreat after all their tall talk, they are free to do so. Congress is a democratic organisation. It can still welcome back the truant sons. But for God's sake let them not signal their re-entry by the method of abuse. These methods will never succeed".

Women's Support To Nehru Cabinet

BOMBAY, Feb. 6 (API): A women's meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee this afternoon expressed complete faith in the Nehru Cabinet and criticised the statement of the leaders of the Socialist Party demanding the Government's "symbolic resignation"

National Fund For Mahatma Memorial

(Continued from Page 1)

removing causes of friction, by ensuring to all minorities equal rights of citizenship and by organising fraternisation among members of all communities. More than any outward demonstration is required a change in the mental attitude of the people at large. It should be clearly understood and realised that the only way to establish peace and goodwill is to show it in spite of provocation and in spite of even justifiable resentment against actions of others.

BAN PRIVATE ARMIES

The Working Committee ask the Government to take note of forces of hatred and violence acting in the open or in the dark to disrupt the roots of social life and take action to counteract them. It is also necessary that confidence should be created in the people that the State is ready and prepared to preserve and protect all its citizens irrespective of caste and creed, and to meet all emergencies all private armies or like formations should be forbidden and organisations based on religion for political ends discouraged.

SET HOUSE IN ORDER

To become an effective instrument for carrying out the heavy and responsible duty which devolves upon the Congress it should set its own house in order and the committee call upon Congressmen to purify the organisation even at the risk of shrinkage of the extent of its membership. It should be remembered that during his last days Gandhiji was distressed by the fall in the standard of conduct of Congressmen, which he expressed in unambiguous language at the time of his last fast. It is up to every worker of the Congress to exercise introspection and help the great organisation which has been built up during the course of years at tremendous sacrifice and to recover and re-establish the standard which Gandhiji had set before it obsession of power should make Congressmen sober and humble; they should realise their responsibility and turn themselves into fit servants of the people.

NATIONAL MEMORIAL FUND

The following is the text of the second resolution:

"Mahatma Gandhi's imperishable teachings and achievements are enshrined in the hearts of his countrymen and of the world. Succeeding generations will look up to them and find inspiration from them. No more fitting memorial can be raised to his memory which can never fade away. Nevertheless there is a duty cast upon all his countrymen, as well as others, to help in every way in the furtherence of his high ideals by practical work in the sphere of constructive activities, which were so near to his heart and for which he laboured unceasingly. That constructive work aimed at bettering the condition of the people of India as a whole, and more particularly the scores of millions who live in India's villages, morally, culturally and in the social and economic sphere.

The Working Committee are, therefore, of opinion that a National Memorial Fund be started with the object of carrying on these constructive activities on an all-India basis. This Fund may also be used to collect, preserve and publish his writings and teachings in various languages, and to maintain a museum where articles connected with Gandhiji may be preserved. The main purpose of the Fund will, however, be to further the manifold constructive activities in which Gandhiji was interested and such other activities of a like nature which give concrete shape to his ideas.

Give Ten Days' Income

The Committee appeal to the people of India to contribute to this National Memorial Fund and suggest that each individual should give at least ten days' income to it.

The method of utilising this Fund will be decided subsequently by a representative meeting of those interested in it, who will also choose Trustees and a Managing Committee. The major part of the Fund will as a rule be kept apart for use in the Province or State where it is collected, and donors may earmark their contributions for specific items in the Constructive Programme. Details as to these use and management of the Fund will be decided by the Managing Committee subsequently.

Meanwhile the Working Committee authorises the President of the Congress to take all preliminary steps including the appointment of a Provisional Committee in order to launch this fund. The President will also appoint a Provisional Secretary of the Fund and will indicate the banks which will receive contributions.

SEVA DAL'S FULL SUPPORT

SIMLA, Feb. 6 (UPI): The Congress Seva Dal has held out full support to the Government in dealing with communal organisations.

A resolution was passed at a meeting of the Congress Seva Dal yesterday condemning the assailant and expressing deep sorrow on the death of Gandhiji.

Calcutta Industrialists Alarmed

CALCUTTA, Feb. 6, (API): A meeting of industrialists and businessmen in Calcutta today expressed grave concern at the report of the Economic Programme Sub-Committee of the All-India Congress Committee and stated that it had caused a serious setback to the restoration of confidence among industrialists and investors, which was being slowly and steadily created by the reassuring statements of the Prime Minister, the Deputy Prime Minister and the Finance Minister of the Government of India.

The meeting which was presided over by Sir Badridas Goenka, believed that the unsettling effect of the report on the money market would not only arrest the growth and development of future industries but would deter expansion of the existing concerns by drying up the flow of capital into industries and thus adversely production.

DON'T DRAG IN BAPU'S NAME IN CONTROVERSIES

S. K. Patil Says If Socialists Want To Beat Retreat They Are Welcome To Do So

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6 (API): Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and a member of the Congress Working Committee, commenting on Mr. Jai Prakash Narain's statement said here today:—

"I have been very carefully studying the Press interviews and statements which are being repeatedly made by Mr. Jai Prakash Narain and other leaders of the Socialist Party. It is a thousand pities that these statements which besides being provocative are manifestly in bad taste should have been made at a time when the country is still deeply in mourning and the prevalent public feeling is one of closest loyalty to the present National Government.

"The Socialist leaders have more than once harped on a story which in the interest of truth ought to be contradicted. As an example of 'Socialist offer' of national service, these leaders have stated that the name of Acharya Narendra Deo was proposed for Congress Presidentship by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru and Gandhiji, but it was turned down. I wish Bapu's name had not been drawn into the controversy especially when he is no more with us. I can say with the knowledge of the facts at my command that Bapu's name has been very wrongly drawn in this affair. Bapu never proposed the name of Acharya Narendra Deo as has been alleged by the Socialist leaders in their statements. When this question came before the Working Committee it was Monday—the day of silence for Bapu.

When some of the members asked for Bapu's advice he wrote on a slip of paper that 'Acharya Narendra Deo was as dear to him as Jai Prakash Narain'. There was no question of any proposal about it.

When it was pointed out to Bapu that a small and insignificant minority which functioned as an opposition party had no right to impose its President on a national organisation, Bapu seemed to agree with that view.

In any case it is entirely void of truth to say that Bapu was a party to the proposal of a Socialist Party name for the Congress Presidentship.

"One wonders why all of a sudden these Socialist Party leaders are making public declarations of their offer of co-operation. Are they afraid that they will be left out if they miss the bus this time? If they are really anxious to play their part constructively in helping the national leaders, surely nobody prevents them from doing so, for that purpose they need not abuse the Congress leadership or a part of it. Surely that would be a bad be-

(Continued in Col. 4)

ASTROLOGER AND TANTRIC WITH MIRACULOUS POWER

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City Markets

SHARE BAZAR REMAINS CLOSED

BOMBAY, February 6.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was officially open today but no business was reported. Normal trading will begin from Monday.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, February 6.

The local Cotton market was again firm today on active buying and absence of offerings. The recent liquidation improved the technical position of the market and prices are moving up.

At the opening March delivery was quoted at Rs. 525 and advanced at Rs. 530 on active buying support.

Thereafter there was steady buying which resulted in further improvement in price, and March was quoted at Rs. 534. At this level scattered realising appeared and the market steadied at Rs. 533. Quotations at 2-15 p.m. were as under:

I. C. C. March	533	0	0
I. C. C. May	537	0	0
I. C. C July	546	0	0
I. C. C. September	551	0	0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES
BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

March Highest 525 1/2 Lowest 512 Closing 524 1/2.
May Highest 530 1/2 Lowest 521 1/2 Closing 529 3/4.
July Highest 539 1/2 Lowest 530 1/2 Closing 539.
Sept. Highest 545 1/2 Lowest 537 Closing 545.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian cotton March contract is 1326 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, February 6.

The Produce market was officially open today but members were not inclined to do any business.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, February 6.

There was restricted business in Ready Silver and Gold for which there is irregular demand. Silver arrivals are above daily offtake but the stocks are firmly held by professional operators. Gold demand remains moderately active. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 163 while Ready Gold business was reported at Rs. 106 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 68/12.

GOLD SUBSIDIES

International Monetary Fund Statement

The International Monetary Fund has made public the policy statement on gold subsidies, which has been communicated to all members of the International Monetary Fund.

The text of the statement is as follows:—

"The International Monetary Fund has a responsibility to see that the gold policies of its members do not undermine or threaten to undermine exchange stability. Consequently every member which proposes to introduce new measures to subsidize the production of gold is under obligation to consult with the Fund on the specific measures to be introduced.

Under Article IV, Section 2 of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund members are prohibited from buying gold at a price above parity plus the prescribed margin. In the view of the Fund, a subsidy in the form of a uniform payment per ounce for all or part of the gold produced would constitute an increase in price which would not be permissible if the total price paid by the member for gold were thereby to become in excess of parity plus the prescribed margin. Subsidies involving payments in another form may also, depending upon their nature, constitute an increase in price.

Under Article IV, Section 4(a) each member of the Fund, undertakes to collaborate with the Fund to promote exchange stability, to maintain orderly exchange arrangements with other members, and to avoid competitive exchange alterations." Subsidies on gold production regardless of their form are inconsistent with Article IV, Section 4(a) if they undermine or threaten to undermine exchange stability. This would be the case, for example, if subsidies were to cast widespread doubt on the uniformity of the monetary value of gold in all member countries.

Subsidies which do not directly affect exchange stability may, nevertheless, contribute directly or indirectly to monetary instability in other countries and hence be of concern to the Fund.

A determination by the Fund that a proposed subsidy is not inconsistent with the foregoing principles will depend upon the circumstances in each case. Moreover, the Fund may find that subsidies which are justified at any one time may, because of changing conditions and changing effects, later prove to be inconsistent with the foregoing principles. In order to carry out its objectives, the Fund will continue to study, and to review with its members, their gold policies and any proposed changes, to determine if they are consonant with the provisions of the Fund Agreement and conducive to a sound international policy regarding gold."

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Feb. 6.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 7/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 9/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rates T T Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 6400
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D Fcs. 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Do 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43
London Alexandria Dia 97 1/4-3/4
London Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl. 40
London Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr. 19.32-36
London Hongkong 1/3 1/16
London Iran Rl. 128-130
London Java Fl 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es 99 80-100,20
London Manila Pes. 8.07-12
London Montreal Dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London New York Dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London Oslo Kr. 19.98 20.02
London Paris Fcs. 863.40-864.60
London Prague K 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50
London Switzerland Fcs 17.34-36
London Syria 880-5
London Discts 3 Months 9/16 p.c.
London Discts 6 Months 5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c Bank of England Rate 2 p.c
Money:—Call 1/2 p c 3 months 3/4 p c 6 months 1 p c 12 months 1-1/2 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.

Canada's Gold Production Subsidy

The International Monetary Fund has released the following statement on the Canadian Government's proposed gold production subsidy:

"The Canadian Government has consulted with the Fund regarding its proposed gold production subsidy and has today made an announcement on this subject. The Fund has examined the present Canadian proposal in the light of its own general statement of policy published today. The Fund has determined that in the present circumstances the proposed Canadian action is not inconsistent with the policy stated by the Fund."

NEW YORK SILVER
NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

U. S. Price of foreign silver 74-5/8 cents.

LONDON BULLION
LONDON, Feb. 5.

Silver Spot	45 d.
Silver Forward	44-3/4 d.
Gold	£8/12/3

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS.

The following is the statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 30th January:

	Rs.
Demand Liabilities:	
(a) In India	664,24,97,000
(b) In Pakistan	89,55,60,000
Time Liabilities:	
(a) In India	315,86,71,000
(b) In Pakistan	21,88,79,000
Cash:	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes.	
(a) In India	32,86,06,000
(b) In Pakistan	3,64,01,000
(ii) Rupee Coin:	
(a) In India	4,02,63,000
(b) In Pakistan	5,92,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin:	
(a) In India	65,89,000
(b) In Pakistan	5,82,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	103,73,84,000
Advances:	
(a) In India	415,93,63,000
(b) In Pakistan	40,20,21,000
Bills Discounted:	
(a) In India	17,50,42,000
(b) In Pakistan	81,67,000

INDORE SHARE MARKET.
(From Our Correspondent)
INDORE CITY, Feb. 6.

Today's Closing quotations:—
Indore Malwa 627.
Hukamchand 647.
Bhandari Mill 683.
Vinod Mill 432.
Kalyanmal 352.
Kalyanmal Preference 121.
Rajkumar 155.
Indore Bank 85.

International Monetary Fund

Mr. M. H. Parsons has been appointed as Director of Operations of the International Monetary Fund.

Mr. Parsons, who has been the Alternate British Executive Director of the Fund for the past year, has for 19 years been connected with the Bank of England, during the years 1938 to 1943 as Private Secretary to Montagu Norman, the former Governor, and more recently as Assistant Chief Cashier.

As Director of Operations, Mr. Parsons will have charge of the Department handling all transactions for the Fund. Mr. Parsons replaces Mr. J. L. Fisher, who recently resigned for reasons of health.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET.
MADRAS, Feb. 6.

Apart from political uncertainties of the country the overnight slump in Wall Street, induced a bearish feeling on the Madras Stock Exchange today and substantial falls were recorded in Banks and Textiles. Indian Banks lost seven points at 290. Buckinghams were 345 and Maduras 45/8. The market closed very quiet.

Following are today's quotations:—

SUGAR AND BREWERIES: Deccan 23/4; Do. 56/1B, Mysore 58/4; Travancore 16; New 11.

PLANTINGS: Cochin Malabar 4, Chembras 11,2; Devashola 17/6; Highland Produce 30/4; Kalpettash 26; Malankara 49; Midland 8/2; Nilgiri Teas 10/4; Pullangodes 1/10; Thirumbadi 2/15/6; Valkundam 8/7.

TEXTILES: Bangalore Woollen 272/8; Buckingham 345; Cambodias 11/12; Coimbatore C. M. 126/8; Do. Pioneer 109; Lakshmi 100; Madura 45/8; Mettur 305; Pankajas 100; Radhakrishna 162; Ranga Vilas 65/8; sitaram Spg. 133/8; Trichinopoly 13/8 Vasanta 112/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cements 85; Do 7/8; India Cements 7/8; Read India Cements 15/10; Ind. St. Rollings 10/8; Metur Chem. 10/10; Mysore Chem. Fert. 13/2; Paper 16; Spencer 12.—(A. P. I.).

WORTH STREET TRADING QUIET

NEW YORK, Feb. 5. (UPA): Trading remained quiet on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today as producers and sellers directed more attention towards Wall Street. The sharp drop in the general commodity price level and the decline in securities created a general cautious attitude. New navy inquiries were received for 1,200,000 yards of pajama check material for May delivery.

LONDON WHEAT
LONDON, Feb. 5.

Australian wheat (bulk) fob 187/6 Mar/Apl/qted.

CHICAGO WHEAT
CHICAGO, Feb. 5.

March	2.75
May	2.66-3/8
July	2.37-7/8
September	2.33-3/8

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, Feb. 6.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange today showed further downward tendency due to selling pressure and only a limited business passed.

Following are today's final transactions up to 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent Loan 1986 100,3; three per cent Loan 1963/65 101/8 SL; four per cent Loan 1960/70 113-6.

BANKS: Reserve Bank 112; United Commercial 70.

COTTONS: Benares Cotton 8/2, Cawnpore Textile 11; New Victoria Ordy. 4/6; Victoria Pref. 6/4.

COALS: Burrakur 26/2; Central India 9/4.

JUTES: Barnagore 264; Caledonian 562; Cheviot 340; Howrah 85; Manknarrah 555; National 34/4; Presidency 7/5. Nuddea 92/8; Reliance 83/8.

ENGINEERINGS: Iron 33/3; Jessop and Co. 21/12; Kumardhubi Eng 10/10; Marshall 6/7; Steel Corpn. 28/11; Textile Machinery 10; Burma Corpn. 3/8; Copper 2/12; Tavoy Tin 1/8; Assam Bengal Cement Ordy. 10 CT; Sone Valley 9/8; Bathgate and Co. 3/8; Calcutta Electric 26/13; B. I. C. 3/3; F and C. Osler 10/15. Indian Cables 36/6; Indian National Airways Ordy. 11/8; Jardine Henderson 171; Martin Burn 17/15; National Tobacco 36/12; B. B. Petrol 2/12; Star Paper 8/3; Titaghur Paper 40/8; India Genl. Navtn. 129; Steamship 12,15.

SUGARS: Raza 15/1; Ryam 33/4 SL.

TEAS: Gangaram 348; Nagri Farm 40/12 Ex. Div.; Sapoi 26/10.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

American Telephone and Telegraph	150-1/4
Amerex Holding Co.	25-1/4
Anaconda Copper mining	33
Chase National Bank	34-1/4
Sinclair Oil Co.	15-3/4
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	45-1/2
General Electric Co.	33-5/8
General Motors	54
Ingersoll Rand ex/div	124
International Nickel	27
National City Bank of New York	38-3/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	18-1/4
Socony Vaccum Corporation	15-3/8
Texas Corporation	44-1/2
Union Carbon and Carbide	94-3/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	33-1/4
U S. Steel Corporation Common	71-1/2
Western Union Telegraph	19-3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
LONDON, Feb. 5.

Consols 2-1/2 p.c.	£79-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1961	£106-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1952 and after	£103-5/8
Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90	£113-5/16
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	£113-3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£11-3/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (Lond. Reg.)	£117-1/2
National Bank of India	£34-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock exchange are officially placed at 10673.

Further Drop In New York Cotton Prices On Nervous Liquidation

WALL STREET EASY ON WEAKNESS OF MAJOR COMMODITIES

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

Easier tendencies ruled under the leadership of near months influenced by heavy nervous liquidation subsequently uncovering stoplosses owing to lack of support. Continued fear of substantial March tenders, accumulation of lowgrades and delays in the Marshall plan constituted the chief disturbing factors. Fears of further currency devaluations abroad and the renewed weakness of grains imparted additional restraint to speculative activity. Prices later rallied on trade buying and covering possibly based on technical considerations. Further declines occurred on another flurry of general nervous selling uncovering some stop losses. The market later rallied on increased mill buying and covering disclosing a scarcity of contracts with the improved technical condition cited as the main stimulant. Price reacted modestly in final dealings under some hedge offerings. The session closed steady Sales are estimated at 450,000 bales.

WALL STREET

Extended yesterday's decline over a fairly broadfront covering, two dollars in moderately active dealings to bring the industrial average to the lowest level since the end of May 1947 and about 5-1/2 points above that year's low market. Accumulation of selling orders with the continued decline in commodities limited support to purchases on setbacks. Oils were occasionally subjected to pressure in reflecting the House Committee's demand for immediate federal investigations into fuel oil prices. The averages were industrials 168.86 and rails 49.13. The pressure abated a bit, with buyers disinclined to renew active operations owing to lack of signs that nervous liquidation was completed. Prices fluctuated around the day's low levels with rallying attempts frustrated by the continued weakness of major commodities. Some quarter opine that a technical adjustment may be in the offing while others say that sentiment is confused due to the prevailing domestic and foreign uncertainties. The administration action to control inflation, particularly restricting bank credit, is cited as the chief disturbing factor. Some selected issues managed to shade the earlier low levels by fractions, elsewhere recuperative powers were lacking. Leading oils were among the late stiffeners, notably Standard New Jersey after the announcement that no financing was necessary in 1948. The session closed easy.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Chicago grains all deliveries sold down to the permissable limit for the second successive day under an avalanche of selling orders largely representing carryover of sales from yesterday disclosed complete lack of buying interest. Continued unsettled conditions in outside markets, freer offerings of cash grains together with favourable crop reports both from home and abroad all tended to undermine confidence. Another administration request to Congress today for authority to allocate grain to distillers until October 31st also held buyers in reserve.

NEW YORK COTTON
NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

March	33.48—32
March Highest	33.70—10
March Lowest	33.20—60
May	33.66—14
July	33.07—31
October	31.00—28
December	30.80—35
March	30.62—39
May	30.50—36
July	30.05—36
Middling Spot	34.35—44

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

March	33.38—17
May	33.54—10
July	33.02—23
October	31.10—18
December	30.86—14
Middling Spot	33.45—10

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS & EXPORTS

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Feb. 6.

S.S. CLAN MACKINNON

From Glasgow:—109 kgs printing ink, 200 bags light carbonate of magesia, 140 bags dog spikes, 40 bags nails, 788 pces sanor ware, 25 pces sanitary ware, 40 pces C. I. cooking stoves, 29 bales wrpg paper, 39 cases paper, 10,000 loose fire brick, 70 drums fine coaltar, 495 bdls galved tubing, 120 bags boiler lagging, 290 bdls steel bars, 255 bags steel kk rose head nails, 185 E. wave lavatories, 80 bags steel nails, 1755 bdls square steel bars, 118 bags nuts, 110 bags bolts and nuts.

From Liverpool:—240 coils thick bobbles, 27 cases bolts and nuts, 29 cases net making machine, 61 drums caustic soda, 213 cases paint, 61 coils bright m.s. ware, 70 bags wire nails, 200 drums distemper 600 cases paper lined fluorspar, 140 pcs tube well complete, 400 cases olanges, 206 drums bleaching powder, 200 drums sodium nitrate, 235 cases gripe water, 45 cases sofa-springs, 225 cases sulpadia zinc tablets, 125 cases dry storage batteries, 351 cases hydrogen peroxide, 43 cases printers ink, 40 cases sound reproducing equpt, 37 cases cotton yarns, 45 cases black carriage bolts and nuts, 348 bdls steel bolts and nuts, 39 cases empty glass bottles, 118 cases san E. ware, 42 cases plate glass, 86 cases window glass, 100 lose new seamless steel cylinder carbonic, 200 lose empty steel cylinders, 155 pkgs synthetic resins, 699 cases stationary batteries, 900 drums lubricating oil, 1675 drums caustic soda, 34 cases expellers and parts, 80 corboys hydrogen, peroxide, 50 drums formaldhyde, 31 cases textile mechy, 119 drums aniline dyes, 50 drums caustic soda, 100 bdls reedrips, 210 bags tragon, 42 cases pickes, 40 cases front forks, 55 cases hindaxle brackets, 60 cases compensatory centres, 322 cases less and quz stores, 89 cases batteries dry 46 cases batteries dry lamp, 55 cases rifles, 1107 galved tubes, 160 bdls boller tubes.

S.S. JOHILLA

From St. John:—
150 cases Quaker Oats, 1233 crates containing Jams, 601 boxes auto parts 92 cases protected alluminium foil, 2000 bags asbestos fibre, 118 cases liquid drugs, 112 cases unexposed roll film; 85 cases phosphoridithin, 5367 cases birch wood: 1120 carboys acetic acid, 250 carboys acetic acid glacial, 2282 bdls birth-mapple squares.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S.S. PACHUMBA

To Aden:—
9 cases looking mirrors and 10 cases vaseline pomade—S. Kamruddin.
7 bdls chrome cow leather (vegetable tanned)—Jeena and Co.
To London:—
Bristals: 20 cases—B.P. Hayley Ltd.

S.S. BRITISH AVIATOR

To Abadan—
500 pkgs. tents—The Elgin Mills Co. Ltd.
From Anglo Iranian Oil Co. (India) Ltd: 13 kegs Kapok, 15 kegs Goa brooms, 180 drms. paint, 59 barrels castor oil, 18 bales Iron tents.

S.S. CITY OF HONGKONG

To Liverpool:—
100 bales cotton waste—E. T. Robbertson and Sons, 136 barrel groundnut oil—The Rajkumar Oil Mill.

S.S. KATHA

To Manchester:—
50 bales cotton waste—Jafferbhai Kanji and Co.

S.S. STEEL SEAFARER

To New York:—
14 bales drp salted goatskin—India Goat Skin Corp. Ltd. 343 bags drug un—B. Ramsingh, 130 bags drugs un—S. Laebtmanshingh. 21 bales dry salted goatskin—A. Rahim and Sons.

S.S. HAVILDAR

To Colombo:—
37 bags cummin seed, 25 bgs. coriander seed—M. A. Pillai.

S.S. TRANQUEBAR

To Port Sweetenham:—
21 cases hair oil—National Trading Co.

S.S. RIDEAN PARK

To Sydney:—
17 cases cigarettes—Golden Tobacco Co.

S.S. JALAYAMUNA

To Colombo:—
100 jottas glass bottles—India Overseas Traders, 139 bags longdall, 100 bags coriander, 50 bags coriander and 21 bags cummin seed—M. K. S. Nathan.

s. s. ALAVI

To Maritious:—
55 bags prowns dry, 5 bales Kapok—M. A. Mullick and Co.
From M. U. Chandbhoy 385 odls. dry unsalted bomblas, 13 cases ager battis, 290 bdls. dry fish, 45 kegs cummin seed, 30 bags turmeric.
From A. K. Noormahmed 225 odls. dry fish, 5 bags cummin seed.
Cotton piecegood 100 bales—C. Jeevanjee and Co., 8 bales—A. Goolamhusain, 7 bales—F. E. Adamsi.

s. s. Marin FLIER

To New York:—
300 bales raw cotton—M. Motilal & Co., 100 bales cotton waste—C. Jairam and Co., 1280 pkgs. myrakallums—R. Bachubhai.

s. s. JALAKRISHNA

To Portsaid:—
54 drums castor oil—The Hind Trading Co.
To Antwerp:—
22 bales cotton waste—A. B. Intertax.
To Rotterdam:—
50 bales cotton waste—A. B. Inter tax.

s. s. ALAMAK

To Rotterdam:—
900 bales raw cotton—Tribhuwandas and Co., cotton waste 170 bales—C. Jairam and Co., 100 bales Chunilal and Co., 60 bags fennugreek seed and 10 bags sena seed. All India Supply Co., Ltd.
To Copenhagen:—
55 bales cotton waste—E. T. Robertson and Sons.
To Gothamburg:—
Cotton waste 22 bales—E. T. Robbertson and Co., 52 bales—M. Narotamdas and Co.

s. s. ANNENKERK

To Melbourne:—
25 bales cotton piecegood—Geo and R. Dewhurt (overseas) Ltd., 150 bales cotton waste—M. Narottamdas and Co.
To Sydney:—
19 bales cotton piecegood—Geo and R. Dewhurat (overseas) Co., 50 bales cotton waste—M. Narottamdas and Co., 575 drums castor oil—Louis Dreyfus and Co., Ltd.

s. s. BARJORA

To Busrah:—
700 bags tamrind—R. Meghji.
To Kuwait:—
8 cases window glass—Suleman Ali Ahmed.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"S.S. FLYING CLOUD" arrived from New York with 7,026 tons of general cargo on February 5. (Shaw Wallace).

"NEWBERRY VICTORY" arrived from New York with 4,373 tons of general cargo on February 5. (Shaw Wallace).

"WILLIAM WILKINS" arrived from Galveston 9,155 tons of cargo on February 5. (Volkart).

"M. V. SIRDHANA" from Antwerp with 6,345 tons of cargo on February 6. (M. M.)

"JAY HIND" from Cochin with 1,400 tons of cargo (New Dholera) "Barjora" from Calcutta with 295 passengers. (M. M.)

DEPARTURES

"MOINA MICHAEL" 7,198 tons, sailed for Adlaide, February 5.

"MARINE SNAPPER" left for New York City on February 4 with 2,500 tons of general cargo.

"STRATHMORE" left Tilbury via Port Said with 1,146 passengers on February 5.

BELIEVE SPIRAL OF RISING PRICES ENDED

NEW YORK, Feb. 5. (UPA): The belief that the spiral of rising prices for foods has ended was expressed by some market observers today as commodities plunged lower again in the futures market of the United States and Canada and already the effects of the decline are being felt in the wholesale markets. At Chicago, good grades of Western dressed beef fell 4-1/2 cents per pound and hams were off as much as 10-1/2 cents per pound. Chops and roasts were down four cents.

Experts predicted that retail prices would soon reflect these declines.

Prices of basic commodities—items that go into the major foods of America—dropped off to the full permissible limit of fluctuation on exchanges. Wheat lost 10 cents per bushel and maize and soybeans eight cents each. Oats were off six cents and lard two cents.

Cotton fell and declines were noted in coffee, sugar, eggs, cocoa, rubber and cottonseed with mill grains down.

The "New York Journal of Commerce," commenting on the decline, attributes it in part to the likelihood of a substantial improvement in the world food situation this year. The U.S. wheat crop is expected to run far ahead of earlier estimates. South America and Australia are also expected to produce good crops. With major cereals underselling, other commodities have also joined the decline.

Many millions of dollars have been lost in these declines. Speculators have taken a licking since the Government turned its guns on them in their recent investigations. They have been getting out of the market. Farmers are also taking losses. Many of them held grains and other commodities over from last year to put profits in 1948 incometax report. They are presently selling in a declining market and speeding the decline by their offerings.

CHANGE NAME OF DELHI INTO 'GANDHI NAGAR'

Bihar Harijan Leader's Suggestion

PATNA, Feb. 5 (API).—Mr. Nagendra Narayan Sinha, Secretary, Bihar Harijan Sevak Sangh, has suggested to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian National Congress to put up a resolution before the coming meeting of the Congress Working Committee to change the name of Delhi into "Gandhi Nagar" to perpetuate the sacred memory of Mahatma Gandhi, the father of the nation.

'Sink At Sight Order For Greek Navy

ATHENS, Feb. 6. (Reuter): The Greek Navy has been ordered to sink at sight any submarine in Greek waters, press reports here said today.

The reports added that ships carrying military equipment to Greece would said in convoy escorted by destroyers or Corvettes Greek air force planes have been ordered to carry out anti-submarine reconnaissance near the Greek coast, the reports said.

Photography By Candle-Light

New Era In Television

By H. Merkert

Is it really only 20 years since the Scottish minister's son, John Logie Baird, working in his attic laboratory in Soho, London, proved the first to be successful in transmitting pictures? Is it really only 10 years since the most modern television station in the world was opened at Alexandra Palace, London?

By 1939 the technical experts at Alexandra Palace had succeeded in overcoming the new art's worst teething troubles, to provide the first public television service. It was again resumed in 1946, after the end of World War II, and the British station was still (or more than that in view of the progress made in allied scientific spheres during World War II) the finest in the world from both technical and artistic angles, as overseas experts, not without a tinge of envy, had once again to admit. The London television service, although its range is still limited, gives an excellent demonstration to the many overseas experts and specialists who come to Britain to study British television transmitters and receivers.

COLOUR PICTURES.

Technical progress to-day is so rapid that a new development may be outdated before it is adapted commercially. Notwithstanding, recent advances by British workers, not yet in general use, seem likely to improve television services, in Britain or elsewhere.

It was towards the end of World War II, when flying bombs were falling around his laboratory in South London, that John L. Baird made his latest discovery—television in natural colours and stereoscopic television. This system, which Baird called "Telechrome", is entirely "electronic"—that is, it does not incorporate any rotating parts or optical colour lenses, but the colour picture transmitted direct on to the projection surface of the receiver's cathode tubes. These tubes differ from those of the black/white receiver in that they operate with two, or even three, cathode rays, instead of only one, and that the projection surface, arranged in the centre of the tubes, is transparent so that the green, blue and orange-red rays directed on to it intermix and form the coloured picture.

The stereo-television camera, on the other hand, transmits two pictures, each seen by one of the camera "eyes", to the receiver where one appears red and the other blue-green. With the aid of a blue-green and red pair of spectacles, the viewer is able to separate these two pictures so that only one is seen by each eye resulting in a plastic vision effect. Unfortunately, Baird did not live to see the practical application of this, his latest, discovery, for he died in the summer of 1946 aged 58.

IN CINEMAS.

One of Baird's discoveries is also responsible for the proposed introduction in six of London's cinemas of the "Telecinema" system—that is the transmission of television pictures on to large projection surfaces, in which Britain's film industrialist, Mr. J. Arthur Rank, is very interested.

Many technical difficulties in this sphere were solved during the years of World War II, a by-product, as it were, of the war industry. For instance, the splinter-proof transparent plastic material, used in British aircraft in place of glass, can be produced in a special form known as "Transpex", which combines glass' well-known optical qualities with ease of working which glass lacks. In the "telecinema" projector, the televised picture of the cathode tubes is reflected in a Transpex-convex mirror which throws it on to the screen by way of a Transpex-"Corrector" the latter eliminating all distortion.

Another improvement and reduction in the costs of television was brought about in the laboratories of Messrs. Pye at Cambridge, where a team of young technicians put into practice the revolutionary idea of blending the picture and sound transmission into a single wave-length.

FINER DEFINITION.

Hitherto the transmission of the picture had been effected in such a way that over 400 picture "lines" were scanned 25 times a second by the electron beam in the transmitter, and reassembled in the receiver. As soon as a line is scanned, the electron beam returns—like the eye of a reader reading line for line. The beam takes 90-millionths of a second to scan the lines, and 10-millionths of a second to return before scanning the next line. This 10-millionths of a second is "time lost".

The Cambridge technicians, however, put them to good effect and used them to transmit the sound hitherto transmitted on a second wave-length by a second transmitter. They succeeded in incorporating no less than 10,125 such sound snapshots per second in the picture transmission—enough to reconstruct a faithful sound picture of everything the microphone may absorb in the transmitter. However, they were still not satisfied.

They estimate that one day the definition of the televised picture will be increased from 400 to about 1,000 picture "lines", so that they will be able to incorporate 25,000 sound snapshots a second, and if the definition is carried to a still finer degree, they may perhaps have time for two sound waves, transmitted by two loud-speakers in the receiver giving as a result, a plastic sound effect.

REVOLUTIONARY CAMERA.

No less sensational is the recent invention of technicians belonging to a Middlesex firm which has entirely revolutionised television photography. It was first tried out recently at Princess Elizabeth's wedding—the first of these cameras having been produced in time by working for many nights at high speed pressure. Those who witnessed the event at home by television were agreeably surprised at the clearness of the pictures on a dull winter's day, and with the minimum internal lighting.

MUTT AND JEFF— By BUD FISHER

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted educated Lady to marry bachelor 35. Good personality getting 300 per month. Apply: Box No. 8080 "Bombay Chronicle".

For Landlord Saraswat Registered Accountant Bachelor 30 and rich widower merchant 45, Ladies 25 to 45 Widows Nurses, Teachers, Refugees preferred. Box No. 8082, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a capable hand to work as an Advertising Canvasser for a leading Nationalist Daily. Apply with full particulars as regards experience and salary expected to Box No. 2020 "Bombay Chronicle".

The applications are invited for the post of principal in the Gurukul Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya. The applicants must be experienced Ayurvedic physicians, well-versed in the Akaragranthas such as Charaka and Sushurta and able to teach these granthas by modern comperative method through the medium of Hindi; and, having capacity for management. They must be well-acquainted with the Allopathic system too. The starting salary will be between Rs. 100/- and Rs. 150/- according to quaiifications, exclusive of dearness allowance. The Aryasamajists will be preferred. Apply sharp with testimonials to the Acharya, Gurukula Vishwavidyalaya, Hardwar, P. O. Gurukula, Kangri District, Saharanpur. 7199

SOCIAL

Pen, personal friends introduced for social contact, arts hobbies business. India, abroad Prospectus free. Aesthetic Society Post Box 5531, Bombay. (7391)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A New Batch—Davar's College of Commerce.—Join immediately New Classes started for Specialised Courses in Company Secretaries, Banking, Accountancy and General Commerce, etc. Tuition personal in lecture classes or through post to up-country students. Call or write for Prospectus. 51, Esplanade Road. 8083

Matriculation Examination Probable Questions. Write for free booklet, Mathai's Publications, Bombay 7. 8081

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore 107

ASTROLOGY

Free Test Reading! Your forecast for 1948, base upon modern Scientific Astrology and my new, unique methods, often amazingly accurate. Send your date of birth and, if you like also As. 6 in stamps (each for Anna 1½ or ¾ only). Uranus (B.A., LL.B.), Scientific Astrologer, 1, Clare Road, Bombay 8. 8068

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans arranged on very easy terms. Apply stating your requirements to Mr G. S Monga, Post Box No. 119 Baroda (7937)

DEBT-RECOVERY

For Recovery of your Claims and Decrees from Madras, Coimbatore, and Southern India side, write to Post Box 526, Bombay. Telephone 22848. 8067

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stocks American Electric Gramophones from Rs. 180/ Flourescent tubes and reflectors Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts C.T.S cables all sizes good discounts for quantities Apply Box No 3985 "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

Special Item costing over Rs. 10,000 Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on 1st. March, 1948, at 12 O'Clock noon.

Tender No. SP/F/Genl/46/Sc. 5 for the supply of 780 Nos. Water Alcove complete (Aluminium) to Drawing Nos. SC5-Alt. 1 required for 130 Nos. all steel third class B. G. Coaches.

(i) Tender form can be purchased from the Controller of Stores, E. I. Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta at Rs. 5/- per copy on payment to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firm outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order.

(ii) Drawing No. SC. 5 may be seen in the office of the Controller of Stores, E. I. Rly., Calcutta.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by Tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER.

7247.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

ADDITIONAL MOTIONS to the following effect of which notices have been received will be placed before the ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING OF THE CORPORATION called for MONDAY, the 9th FEBRUARY, 1948, at 3 P.M. (Bombay Time):—

128-129. From Mr. Nathalal D. Parikh—For (128) strictly enforcing the Bye-Law requiring owners of premises to provide dustbins in their premises, etc.; and (129) taking immediate action to improve the insanitary conditions of certain streets in Ward No. 3, Bori Bunder.

130. From Mr. M. N. Talpade—Regarding the delay caused in circulating to the Corporation an item relating to the appointment of Hydraulic Engineer.

131. From Mr. R. A. Gole—For obtaining Counsel's opinion regarding a proposition for postponement moved by the Chairman of the Standing Committee with reference to Budget Estimates for 1948-49.

132. From Mr. Dahyabhai V. Patel—For requesting Government to convene at an early date a conference to discuss the question of extension of the Municipal limits of the City of Bombay, etc.

133-135. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—For (133) expressing the Corporation's regret at certain statements made by the Chairman of the Standing Committee in his Budget speech; (134) improving the insanitary condition, etc., of Mahimkar Chawl in Kandewadi; (135) continuing the privileges earned by the ex-employees of the Tramway Company, i.e., Free Pass, etc., during their life-time.

136. From Mr. Nathalal D. Parikh—For re-naming Marine Drive after Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose.

137. From Mr. B. N. Rathod—For re-employing sweepers and other menial staff of the Conservancy Branch after they are superannuated.

138-139. From Mr. R. A. Gole—For (138) requesting Government to issue orders for postponing the ensuing Municipal General Elections; and (139) obtaining a report from the Commissioner regarding his investigation in the matter of charging the water supplied to a property at Marine Drive.

140. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—For conveying to Government the support of the City of Bombay in their determination to root out the spirit of hatred and violence in the country, etc.

141. From Dr Homi F Pavri—For requiring the lighting contractors to provide illumination of proper standard of the gas lights in different parts of the City.

By Order of
His Worship the Mayor,
B. V MODY,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 6th February, 1948.

7245

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO. LTD.

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 70916 in respect of two Ordinary Shares Nos. 553972 to 553973 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Bai Daibai Harjivan Jethabhai has been LOST, MISLAID or DESTROYED.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Post Box No. 192, Bombay No. 1, within one month from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate share certificate will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated 6th day of Feb. 1948.
(Sd.) Bai DAIBAI HARJIVAN JETHABHAI.

7252

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE

EXECUTIVE OFFICER

APPLICATIONS stating age and qualifications are invited for the post of Executive Officer of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute. The Officer will be in administrative charge of the Co-operative School at Bombay and will have to supervise the working of regional co-operative schools and co-operative classes in the Province. Salary of the post is 300-20-600 with travelling allowance admissible to Class I Officers of the Government of Bombay.

QUALIFICATIONS :—Graduate with a good honours or second class degree. Graduates in economics, commerce or agriculture and with experience of co-operative movement will be preferred. Higher starting salary may be given to suitable candidate. The post is open to persons in the service of co-operative institutions or the Co-operative Department.

Applications should be addressed to the HON. SECRETARY, 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay, and should reach him on or before the 21st February, 1948.

7250

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of Waste (Hard and Soft) from the India United Mills, Ltd., No. 2 and 3 Mills and No. 4 Mill, and will be accepted upto 4 P.M (S.T.) on TUESDAY, the 10th February, 1948, at their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

7219

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 6

APPLICATIONS INVITED for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States or of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Simla. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipts or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 6th March 1948. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

(1) ONE TEMPORARY POST OF ACCOUNTANT MEMBER, INCOME-TAX APPELLATE TRIBUNAL, MINISTRY OF LAW. Women ineligible. AGE—Preferably above 30 on 1.1.1948. PAY: Rs. 1,800-100-2,000. QUALIFICATIONS: At least six years practice as a Registered Accountant (vide Section 5A (3) Income Tax Act 1922). Some experience of Income-Tax Law and practice desirable. Other things being equal preference will be given to a candidate belonging to Scheduled Caste.

(2) ONE PERMANENT POST OF ASSISTANT DIRECTOR IN THE CENTRAL WATERWAYS, IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION COMMISSION, UNDER THE MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES & POWER, NEW DELHI. Women ineligible. AGE: Preferably between 25 and 40 years, relaxable in special cases and in the case of Government servants. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. Higher initial pay may be granted as a special case to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS. (a) A first class Honours Degree in Mathematics or Statistics. (b) Training in the application of statistical methods at a recognised Institute or University. (c) Experience of statistical research work preferably in an Irrigation or Agricultural Department for a period of not less than 5 years.

(3) ONE POST OF SENIOR SCIENTIFIC OFFICER, TECHNICAL DEVELOPMENT ESTABLISHMENT, LABORATORY STORES, KANPUR. The post is temporary but is likely to be made permanent. Women eligible. No age limits. Pay: Rs. 600-40-1,000-1,000-1,050-1,050-1,100-1,100-1,150. QUALIFICATIONS: Post-graduate research degree, preferably a Doctorate degree in Entomology of a recognised University. At least five years practical experience after academic training in Economic Entomology or applied Entomology and a sound knowledge of insect pests affecting organic materials (timber, woollen and cotton textiles etc.). Preference will be given to a candidate with experience in work on the biological assay of insecticides. Experience in the organisation of field trials will be considered an additional qualification.

(4) ONE POST OF JUNIOR SCIENTIFIC OFFICER, TECHNICAL DEVELOPMENT ESTABLISHMENT, LABORATORY, STORES, KANPUR. The post is temporary but is likely to be made permanent. Women eligible. No age limits. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. QUALIFICATIONS: M. Sc., First Class, or an equivalent degree in Entomology of a recognised University. At least three years research experience after academic training in Economic Entomology or applied Entomology. Knowledge of insect pests affecting organic materials (timber, woollen and cotton textiles) and experience in work on biological assay of insecticides and in organisation of field trials will be considered additional qualifications.

(5) ONE TEMPORARY POST OF LABOUR OFFICER FOR THE OFFICE OF THE HIGH COMMISSIONER OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA IN BURMA. Women ineligible. PAY: Rs. 750-50-1,000 PLUS various allowances. Higher initial pay to deserving candidates. AGE: Preferably between 25 and 40 years. QUALIFICATIONS ESSENTIAL (a) Degree preferably in Social Science or in an economic subject. (b) Recognized training course in Social work or a sound background or Indian labour conditions in Burma. (c) Knowledge of Tamil and Telugu. DESIRABLE (d) Experience of labour welfare. (e) Capacity to handle labour matters with sympathy, understanding and tact. Candidates who had applied in response to the previous advertisement need not apply again.

(6) ONE PERMANENT POST OF FOREST ENTOMOLOGIST, FOREST RESEARCH INSTITUTE, DEHRA DUN. Women eligible. AGE: Preferably below 40 years, relaxable for experienced candidates. PAY: Rs. 600-40-1,000-1,000-1,050-1,050-1,100-1,100-1,150, subject to revision in the light of the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 1,000/- may be granted in special cases. For an officer on deputation from a Province or State the pay will be his grade pay in the Province or State concerned plus the usual allowances. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (i) Degree in Natural Science with Zoology as a major subject at a recognised University and diploma in Forestry; OR Degree in Natural Science with Zoology as a major subject with at least 5 years post-graduate research of high merit in Entomology, and which should preferably include 1 year or more in Europe or America. (ii) Five years experience in the control of forest and timber insect pests DESIRABLE: Ability to read French and German.

(7) ONE POST OF AGRICULTURAL ENGINEER IN THE INDIAN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE, NEW DELHI. The post is temporary for one year, but is likely to be made permanent. Women eligible. AGE: Preferably below 45 years, relaxable for highly qualified candidates and for persons in Government service. PAY: Rs. 1,000-50-1,400 plus a special pay of Rs. 150/- p.m. QUALIFICATIONS: (a) Degree or Diploma in Mechanical or Agricultural Engineering; or an equivalent qualification. (b) At least seven years association with a first class workshop. (c) Evidence of ability to design or to carry out modifications in agricultural or other mechanical implements, machinery and methods.

(8) ONE TEMPORARY POST OF ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT OF DEVELOPMENT, INDIAN ORDNANCE SERVICE. Women eligible. No age limits. PAY: For direct recruits, Indians: Rs. 600-25-725 non-Indians: 600-50-800 plus £25 S.O.P. and thereafter Rs. 850-50-1,050 plus £30 S.O.P. For persons in continuous government employ since 28th September 1931—Rs. 600-50-800. QUALIFICATIONS. (i) A good general education and a degree in Metallurgy or its equivalent. (2) Ten years comprehensive experience of general metallurgical process (both ferrous and non-ferrous), at least five years of which should comprise full responsibility for metallurgical process control in an Engineering or Armaments works of repute. (3) Additional experience in administration and control of labour together with at least two years in two or more of the following is desired: (a) Metallurgy as applied to armament design, manufacture and research on failures (b) Industrial X-Ray Metallography including application of X-Ray diffraction (c) Modern Methods of metallurgical analysis, including spectrographic, polarographic and micro-chemical methods. (d) Metallography (e) Physical testing of metals including magnetic and acoustical methods of examination in bulk. (f) Metallurgical inspection of materials and components in bulk quantities (g) Metrology (h) Engineering design vis-a-vis metallurgical failure (i) Modern metallurgical research laboratory (j) Knowledge of methods of manufacture and functioning generally of infantry and artillery weapons, equipments aid unfilled ammunition including fuzes (k) Metallurgy of steel making process. (l) Metallurgy as applied to rolling, forging and extrusion of metals (m) foundry metallurgy (n) Heat-treatment steels.

(9) ONE TEMPORARY AT PRESENT, BUT LIKELY TO BECOME PERMANENT JUNIOR RESEARCH OFFICER, COMPOSITE WOOD AND WOOD PRESERVATION BRANCH, FOREST RESEARCH INSTITUTE, DEHRA DUN. AGE: Preferably between 24-30 years (Upper limit 35 years for Government servants). PAY: Rs. 275-25-500-E. B.-30-650-E. B.-30-800. QUALIFICATIONS. ESSENTIAL: (i) M.Sc., degree in Chemistry, applied physics or Chemical Engineering OR A.I.I.S. A.R. I.C., A. Inst. P.A.M.I. Chem. E. (ii) At least 2 years research experience. DESIRABLE: (i) Any industrial experience particularly on plywood adhesive, or plastics or experience in heat transmission or wireless technology. (ii) Knowledge of scientific German.

7237

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of following 11 K.V. Oil Circuit Breakers at P.W.D. Electricity Branch, (East Punjab) Stores, Verka, (Amritsar) East Punjab Railway.

1.	11 K.V.	O.C.Bs.	CT Ratio	75/5	3 Nos.
2.	11 K.V.	O.C.B.	CT Ratio	50/5	12 Nos.
3.	11 K.V.	O.C.B.	CT Ratio	30/5	18 Nos.
4.	11 K.V.	O.C.B.	CT Ratio	15/5	18 Nos.

Oil Circuit Breakers conforming to B.S.S. 116/37 & 162/34 will be accepted. Detailed specifications of the O.C.Bs. offered should accompany the tenders.

Tenders for supplies ex-stock in India will be given preference. The tenders clearly specifying the delivery period should reach the Executive Engineer, Stores Division, East Punjab, P.W.D. Electricity Branch, No. 2 Kudh Road, Jullundur City, on or before 15-3-48.

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER,
for Chief Engineer,
East Punjab P.W.D. Electricity Br.
"Punjanta" 23/1.

(7205)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

NOTICE

INTIMATION having been received of the loss of Policy No. 19506 issued to Mr. Ranchhoddas Savjibhai Davoda (decd.) a duplicate policy will be issued to the assured unless objection is lodged with the INDUSTRIAL AND PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD., at its head office in Industrial Assurance Building, Fort, BOMBAY, within thirty days of this notice.

K. C. DESAI,
General Manager.

Place opp. Churchgate Station.
Date 6-2-1948.

8079

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for five vacancies of Clerks. Candidates must be able to type well and have good Office experience. Pay will be Rs. 75-5-140 E.B.-6-200 with the usual dearness allowance, honours graduates and graduates will be started at Rs. 95 and Rs. 85 respectively.

Qualified candidates with Bombay Domicile should send applications to the undersigned by 15th of February, 1948, giving particulars of date of birth, educational qualifications, previous typing and Office experience.

Director,
Haffkine Institute,
Parel, Bombay 12.

(7241)

NOTICE

The S. N. D. THACKERSEY INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY, Bombay, has decided to celebrate the 91st Birth-Day of Dr. D. K. KARVE, B. A., D. LITT., on the 18th of April, 1948. The public are already aware of the pioneer and splendid work done by him in the cause of women's education. A Public Meeting is to be held on that date in which a resolution to erect a memorial for him is to be passed. A fund has to be raised for that purpose. In the meanwhile, it is open to all friends and admirers of Dr. Karve to promise their contribution to the fund by informing the undersigned, so that a fairly large sum may be announced at the Meeting. It is hoped that there will be a good response from the public. Subscriptions may be either promised or sent to

The SECRETARY,
Memorial Committee,
C/o The S. N. D. Thackersey Indian Women's University,
1, Carnegy Road, Queen's Road, Fort, Bombay No. 1.

(7236)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

AN AUCTION for the sale of Rights for cultivating Municipal land and growing and cutting grass from Municipal land in charge of the Drainage Section, will be held at 2 p.m. (Bombay Time) on TUESDAY, the 24th February, 1948, in the Office of the Assistant Engineer, Drainage at 121, Babula Tank Road, Opposite J. J. Hospital, Bombay 9.

Particulars of lands, etc. can be had from the Office of the above mentioned Officer.

(Sd.) B. B. PATKAR,
Dy. City Engineer.

Municipal Office,
Fort, Bombay.

(7242)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for two posts of Head Masters of Fisheries Schools in the Surat District. Candidates knowing Gujarati need only apply. Posts are temporary but likely to be made permanent.

QUALIFICATIONS: B.Sc., in Zoology. Pay Scale:—Rs. 70-5-130-E. B-6-160-8-200 plus Rs. 35/- dearness allowance. Applications giving all particulars to reach the Director of Fisheries, Old Custom House Yard, Bombay, not later than 15th February, 1948.

(7243)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

(Portuguese India)

BUILDINGS DEPARTMENT TENDERS

THE DIRECTOR of Public Works Department invites sealed tenders for the execution of the following works:—

IN GOA:—(1) One building for Radio Trasmitting Station, (2) One building for Power House and Workshop, (3) One building for Radio Receiving Station, (4) One Water Tank, (5) One Well, (6) One Pump House Estimated cost Rs. 413815:00:00

IN DAMAO:—(1) Building works for the installation of the Damao Radio Station in an existing building (2) One Water Tank Estimated cost Rs. 27892-11-09.

IN DIU:—(1) One building for the Radio Station, (2) One garage, (3) One Water Tank Estimated cost Rs. 99310-13-09.

The closing date for these tenders is the 2nd of March, 1948.

Tenders for works at Damao and Diu will be received by the P.W.D. Offices in those Districts. Those regarding the works in Goa will be received in the P.W.D. Head Office in Pangim.

All tenders should be accompanied by a temporary deposit receipt corresponding to 2½% of the estimated cost of the works as specified in the terms of the tenders.

The projects, estimates, specifications, contract conditions and all other details and terms of tenders may be seen in the P.W.D. Offices in Goa, Damao and Diu and also in the Portuguese Consulate General at 19A Cuffe Parade, Colaba, Bombay on all Office days.

Goa, 28th January, 1948.

AUGUSTO GOMES FROES JUNIOR,
Director Public Works Department.

7254

PUBLIC NOTICES

PAPER MILL FOR SALE

ANDHRA PAPER MILLS, RAJAHMUNDRY

Offers in writing are invited by the undersigned on or before 12 noon on MONDAY, 1st March, 1948, for the purchase of the entire Land, Buildings, Plant, Machinery, Tools, Rolling Stock, Stores, Raw Materials, etc. of the above Mills as a Going Concern.

Total Area 46.14 Acres. Buildings Comprise Mills, Godowns, Offices, Guest Bungalow and Staff Quarters. Machinery and Plant in good order and condition. Maximum capacity of Mills about ten tons per day.

Intending purchasers may inspect the Mills by appointment with the resident representative at the Mills in Rajahmundry on week days from 28th January to 27th February, 1948.

The acceptance of the highest offer is subject to confirmation by the High Court, Madras.

Offers must be accompanied by earnest money of Rs. 10,000/- in cash or by Bank Draft.

THE OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR,
The Andhra Paper Mills Co., Ltd. (In Liqn.),
P. B. No. 335, Mount Road, Madras, 2.

21st January, 1948. (7152)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES

Office of the Director of Supplies Phoenix Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE

DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY, invites Tender No. BOM/M/1262 to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on 14-2-'48 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his Office at Rs. 2/- (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender No. full name and address of the remitter) for:—

Description	Quantity
Dehydrated Tar as per sealed sample No. I.S. 1410 and as per I.S.D. specification No. G Misc.	50 Tons

Applicants not already on approved list of this Department or the late Department of Supply, must give their Bankers' reference on application for Tender forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firms already black-listed.

7253

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V. T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 11 a.m. on 16th February, 1948 for the supply of white jowar and Rice at the Railway Grainshops at Bhusaval, Igatpuri, Nasik Road, Kalyan, Thana, Karjat, Lonavla, Sholapur, Ahmednagar. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the office of the Assistant Controller Grainshops, G.I.P Railway, Bhusaval or Poona. A sum of Rs. 500/- in cash should be deposited with the Chief Cashier, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay or with any G.I.P. Railway Station Masters in each case and the money receipts obtained from the Chief Cashier or Station Master should be enclosed with the tender. Tenders received without earnest money deposit will be rejected. Successful tenderers will have to deposit with the Railway Administration in cash a sum equal to 10% of the total value of supplies subject to a maximum of Rs. 10,000/- as Security for the due fulfilment of the contract. This amount should be paid within three days after acceptance of the tender is announced. MODE OF PAYMENT: 90% payment will be arranged on submission of the Railway Receipts or other similar documents despatches or delivery of the Commodities.

7244

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 11 a.m. on 16th February, 1948 for the supply of Bakery Products (Bread, Buns, Nonkatais, cakes) chuda and sev, to the Railway Canteens at Wadi Bander, Currey Road (Gipstore Lane), Bombay V.T. and Kalyan. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above Office.

A sum of Rs 100/- in cash should be deposited with the Chief Cashier, or with any of the Station Masters in each case, and the money receipt obtained from the Chief Cashier or the Station Master, should be enclosed with the tender. Tender received without the earnest money will be rejected.

7251

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

NOTICE

TENDERS are hereby reinvited from the approved C.P.W.D. contractors for the work "Erection of steel hangars—S. H. Construction of latrines and sceptic tanks etc. to hangars (2 units) at Santa Cruz Aerodrome" at an estimated cost of Rs. 34,150/-.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned upto 12 noon on 11-2-48 and opened on the same day at 12-30 p.m.

Tender forms can be purchased during the office hours from the office of the undersigned on a payment of Rs. 2/4/- upto 10-2-48.

Tender containing any additional condition shall not be considered.

I. S. CHOPRA,
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Aviation Divn. No. I,
Commerce House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

7248

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of various used articles from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 1 Mill, No. 4 Mill, No. 5 Mill and Dye Works, and will be received up to 14-2-48 at the Registered Office, E.D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender forms can be had from this Office.

7218

WANTED

A HEALTH VISITOR AND MIDWIFE on Rs. 75-5-100 P. M. for work at Pandharpur Railway Dispensary. Apply with copies of testimonials stating age, and past experience to the President Staff Benefit Fund, Barsi Light Railway Co. Ltd., Kurduwadi.

Former A. N. S. Nursing Cadets may also apply.

7226

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

Special Item Costing over Rs. 10,000/- Class I Contract

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on 1st March, 1948 before noon.

(i) Frame Aluminium to Drg. No. FA-255/2 Fig B-780 Nos.
(ii) Plate Guide RH (Aluminium) to Drg. No. FA-255/2 Fig D-780 Nos.
(iii) Plate Guide LH (Aluminium) to Drg. No. 255/2 Fig. C-780 Nos.
(iv) Strip Frame Side top and bottom (Aluminium) to Drg. No. FA. 255/2 Fig. J & H-5200 Rft.

Tender No. SP/F/Genl/46/FA. 255/2 BCDJH may be purchased from the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta at Rs. 5/- per copy on payment to the Treasurer, E. I. Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Drg. No. FA. 255/2 may be seen in the office of the Controller of Stores.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside Dy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER.

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